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Smashing Blow Delivered Against Germany

65 Nazi Planes Shot Down as R.A.F. Bombers Shatter Industrial Areas

London, Aug. 12.

THE Royal Air Force delivered a smashing blow against German industrial and military bases before dawn yesterday, and later shot down at least 65 German planes over the British Isles in beating off the most powerful German air assault since the outbreak of the European War.

The Air Ministry last night confirmed that at least sixty German planes had been accounted for, adding that known British losses were 24 planes.

These losses were the greatest of any day since aerial warfare began raging over the British Isles. An estimated ninety planes fell as some 400 German dive bombers and fighters swarmed over the English coast like swarms of great birds.

The Germans succeeded in driving through the British balloon barrages and anti-aircraft defences to unload hundreds of bombs on strategic British bases throughout the day.

Portland, Weymouth Raided

The German attacks, centred on the Portland and Weymouth naval bases, were launched after British "nighthawk" squadrons delivered powerful blows against German bases in Hamburg, Wilhelmshaven and Cologne before dawn.

The Air Ministry said that although 24 British planes were missing from the giant battles over Portland and Weymouth, some of the pilots were believed to be safe.

A number of British civilian casualties was suffered in the German raids. Only one person was known to have been killed, however, the Ministry of Home Security announced.

Two British warships were said to have suffered minor damage in the German attack on Portland, but all other warships based there escaped damage, the Air Ministry said.

Bombs which landed ashore, however, damaged some naval buildings, including a hospital, the announcement said.

A number of houses were also said to have been damaged. Some buildings were damaged beyond repair, the announcement indicated.

British internal communications were also damaged and an oil tank was set afire, the Air Ministry announcement said, but the oil tank fire was quickly brought under control.

Mass Raids on Germany

Waves of British heavy bombers roared deep into Germany early yesterday, dropping hundreds of bombs on important military objectives.

The Air Ministry announced that R.A.F. bombers had attacked the German naval base at Wilhelmshaven and German positions at Cologne with heavy bombs. Other squadrons bombed the already "partly ruined" port at Hamburg. A huge explosives factory at Cologne was the main objective bombed in that city, the announcement said. The giant power station at Hamburg also was reported to have been bombed.

The British "Nighthawk" squadrons of night raiders were said to have struck one of their most powerful blows of the war against German industrial and military bases before dawn yesterday.

Whole Country "Blanketed"

Late Saturday, the Air Ministry announced, the R.A.F. practically "blanketed" Germany and German-held territory in one of the most extensive attacks yet aimed against the Nazis.

British planes were said to have raided German oil supplies, a chemical works and a blast furnace at Frankfort and oil supplies at Hamburg. The wharves at Duisberg were bombed and supply depots at Hamm and Soest also were attacked, the announcement said.

The German-occupied English channel island of Guernsey was said to have been "peppered" with high explosive bombs for the second time in 24 hours.

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Fighter Stations Keep Keen Watch

Britain Said Forewarned Of Raids Soon After Nazis Take Off

London, Aug. 12.

Reuter's air correspondent with the Fighter Command spent an exciting morning at the headquarters of a fighter group in southern England defending Channel ports and shipping from yesterday's German air attack, which was then at its height.

Reports and orders, which kept the telephone at the elbow of the Air Vice-Marshal commanding the group buzzing every few minutes, indicated that Spitfires and Hurricanes far away over the coast were engaged in furious battles.

Yesterday's tally of R.A.F. success mounted rapidly. Up to lunch time it was confirmed that German losses in four separate attacks on shipping, ranging from above the Thames Estuary to beyond the Solent, amounted to 18, while 32 other German aircraft were known to have been damaged, and many of these believed destroyed.

So keen is the watch kept by the R.A.F., Navy and army that often nowadays Britain is forewarned of the approach of big formations of German aircraft soon after they leave their forward bases along the European coastline.

"I don't think we are likely to be caught out often nowadays," claimed the Air Vice-Marshal modestly. There was early proof of this assertion yesterday. The first two attacks of the day were followed by another far away down the Channel. Two squadrons of Spitfires were there to meet 100 or so raiders, and others soon joined in.

The R.A.F. is not to be drawn to defend with the full weight of its fighter aircraft one section of the coast, but should Herr Hitler order out bigger and bigger formations in a bid to gain air supremacy, British fighters will be ready to take them on.

British fighters are as slick on the job as fire-fighters, blazing away in a danger zone with a stream of bullets as thick as the flow from a hose-pipe within three or four minutes of an alarm. Successful interception can be lost on only two minutes' delay.

In one of the earliest engagements of the day, seven German 'planes—five fighters and two bombers—were shot down into the sea by British fighters.

These seven machines were part of a formation of about 50 German raiders comprising bombers, escorted by fighters, which tried to cross the coast at a great height. They encountered a strong force of R.A.F. fighters, which put them to flight after riddling many with bullets. Those shot down fell into the sea several miles from shore.

Heavy damage is reported to have been done to houses during a German raid on a southwest coast town, many dwellings in a half-mile square in a thickly populated area being reduced to ruins. A brewery was destroyed by a direct hit, and the windows of a chapel were blown in during a service while children, sheltering behind a wall, were singing hymns.—Reuter.

Nazis Lose Plane Every 35 Minutes

London, Aug. 12.

Including yesterday's destruction of German planes, the total losses suffered by the Germans in four days amounted to 171 craft, it was officially announced. Thus, the Germans lost one plane every 35 minutes.

Since June 18, 387 German planes were destroyed in attacks on Britain, it was officially stated.—United Press.

French Civil Authorities Take Over Railways

Vichy, Aug. 12.

Requisitioned by the military authorities upon the outbreak of the war, all French railways are to be handed over to the civil administration today, according to a Government decree.

The Ministry of Communications will henceforth control the operation of the railways.—Havas.

Heat, Thirst And Disease Torture Italian Forces In Africa

Aeroplane Engines, Breeches of Machine Guns and Rifles Clogged By Microscopic Sand Particles

Rome, Aug. 12.

The Italian forces in Africa, which are today attacking British Somaliland, Kenya, and the Egyptian Sudan, are waging war more against nature than against the British.

According to military dispatches received here from all sectors of north and east Africa, other enemies of Italian soldiers are heat, lack of water, sand, altitude and disease.

Besides taxing bodily endurance, the African theatre of war also increases the mechanical difficulties of modern warfare. Microscopic particles of wind-blown sand clog all motors, including aeroplane engines, as well as the breeches of machine guns and rifles, while in many places the sand is too soft for tank treads to get a grip, even if the tank crews are able to endure the terrific heat which makes the inside like an oven.

In British Somaliland, it is the time of the year when the heat is so intense it kills flies and 120 degrees fahrenheit in the shade is commonplace.

During the Ethiopian campaign, the first ship load of American mules landed at Massawa during the midday heat, toppled over like nine pins from the sun's rays, and dozens died of sun stroke. The Italians subsequently used Sicilian mules, which were better accustomed to the hot sun.

This is the kind of climate in which the Italians are at present pushing their way into Somaliland. Absolutely essential equipment includes sun helmets and desert boots sturdy enough to protect the feet and legs from burning rocks, dust and scratchy thorn bushes and yet sufficiently light not to exhaust the men while marching and fighting under the blazing sun.—United Press.

Italian Posts In Libya Hit By Raiders

Military Camps, Motor Transports Damaged

Cairo, Aug. 12.

British activity on the African front yesterday was confined to a heavy Royal Air Force attack on Italian military camps and motor transport concentrations in the Sabra Salea area, in Libya, and on Italian aerodromes in Eritrea, although patrolling and reconnaissance of Italian activities in the Western Desert continued.

A communique says that contact on main positions in Somaliland had not yet been established, and that the situation at Burao and to the east was normal.

British ground troops yesterday carried out a reconnaissance to Dobel, 30 miles south of Moyale, which was found to be strongly held by the Italians.

Somaliland Position

An official statement on recent developments in British Somaliland issued by General Headquarters states: "It is not our object to defend every inch of soil in Somaliland, but rather to make the enemy use up his precious supplies of food, petrol and ammunition, which he cannot replenish in what is strategically a wasteful enterprise.

"Any immediate successes the enemy may have in the occupation of parts of the Protectorate will be offset by the necessity of providing food for the population, which is entirely dependent upon Aden for many essential supplies. Our goal is not the gaining of territory but the destruction of the enemy's forces.

"The more the Italians dissipate their forces and their means, and the more they lengthen their communications and complicate their administrative difficulties, the better it is for us."

All Bombers Return

On the subject of yesterday's raids, a Royal Air Force communique says that all British bombers returned from the attack on Italian military camps in Libya.

It continues: "The wreckage of an S-79 washed ashore near Qasaba (Mersa Matruh) is believed to be the aircraft which was intercepted and damaged by our fighters on August 4.

"In Eritrea, Barentru aerodrome and aircraft dispersed on the ground were bombed and machinegunned.

"A formation of S-79's raided R.A.F. landing grounds in the Sudan without causing damage or casualties to R.A.F. personnel.

A.A. Batteries Silenced

"In a raid on Karrim Pass (Somaliland) bombs fell among anti-aircraft positions, some of which were silenced. Our aircraft returned safely.

"Enemy troops and concentrations and an important waterhole near Dubato were attacked, and twice bombs were seen to fall on a motor transport column.

"Three S-79's raided Aden, causing slight material damage. Two natives were killed."—Reuter.

Raids on Gibraltar Ineffective

London, Aug. 12.

Reports appearing in some foreign newspapers exaggerate the effect of recent air raids on Gibraltar, a War Office communique states.

The truth is that damage has been negligible and casualties slight, the communique adds. Gibraltar is prepared for any events and crises and has ample resources of all kinds to meet them, the statement concludes.—Reuter.

Air Blitzkrieg Said Now Under Way

Character Of Nazi Raids Show Recent Change

London, Aug. 11.

The German air attacks of the past few days having assumed an ever-increasing momentum, many military observers here contend that the Reich's "Air Blitzkrieg" has actually started.

Apparently, the German air force no longer confines itself to isolated attacks against single cities or ships, for enemy planes now undertake concerted offensives directed against all vital points on the South coast of England.

Yesterday, German pursuit planes violently attacked balloon barrages which prevent any attacks by dive-bombers.

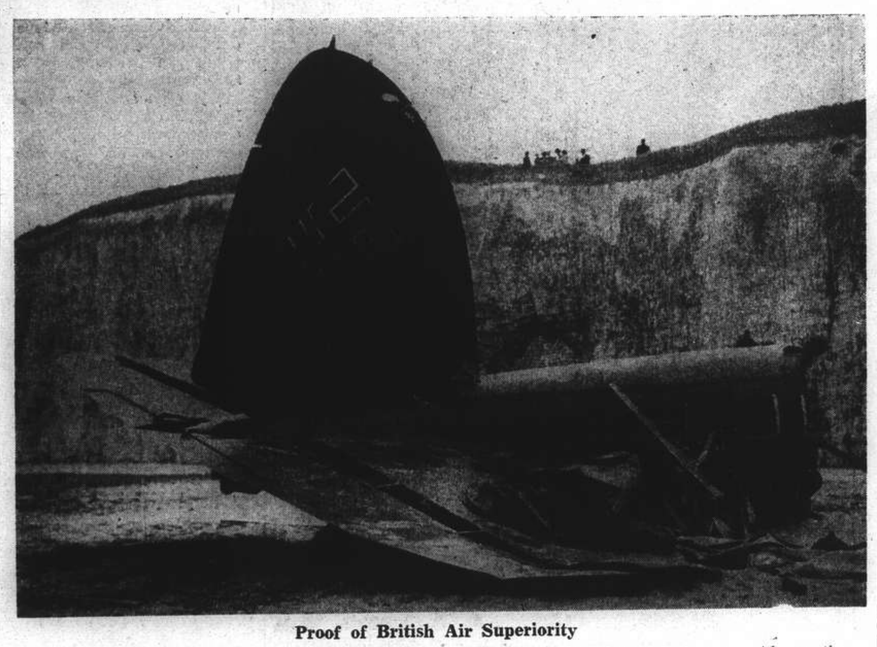
Observers here wonder whether the German air attacks will not prove a prelude to landing attempts on the coast of England, as might be inferred from the extensive preparations carried out by the German authorities on the other side of the Channel.—Havas.

American Blood Donors To Aid British Wounded

Washington, Aug. 12.

The American Red Cross announces that it is organizing volunteer donors to give blood for transfusion to British wounded.

The British Red Cross has asked for 300 litres of blood plasma a week, which will be flown to Britain by trans-Atlantic Clippers if conditions warrant.—Reuters.



Proof of British Air Superiority

The picture shows one of seven German bombers which were shot down during a raid on the East coast of England. This machine fell into the sea and was washed ashore later. Air fighting has been intensified recently and more and more German machines are being brought down by the R.A.F., whose superiority is clearly established over the best the Nazis can produce. British losses in damaging raids on Germany and German-occupied territory are small.

Japanese Said Tightening Grip on Indo-China

Confidence in Ability to Obtain Dominance Over French Colony Asserted in Uncensored Report

Manila, Aug. 12.

RETURNING from Hanoi to uncensored Manila today, I can now reveal that the Japanese Mission in Indo-China is confident of obtaining economic as well as nominal military dominance over the French colony without force, writes Richard C. Wilson, United Press Staff Correspondent.

Although Japan's Canton Army had given signs that it was desirous of invading Indo-China in order to penetrate southwestern China in a drive to Chungking, there are indications that Tokyo is uncertain of Washington's attitude.

Hence, an immediate access to Indo-China's rich tin, coal, rice, wolfram and tung oil stocks would be far more attractive than a new military adventure.

Members of the Mission have revealed that the Japanese requests to Indo-China include permission to transport troops and supplies from Haiphong to Kunming, authority to erect a radio transmitter in Hanoi to enable the Mission to keep direct contact with Tokyo and Canton, the expulsion of Chinese residing in Indo-China for less than a decade, reduction in taxes and tariffs to enable Japanese merchants to establish firms in Indo-China.

Although Indo-China "invited" Japan six weeks ago to send inspectors to verify that the French had closed the Haiphong-Kunming railway to supplies for China, Japan sent a mission which continued to grow and now exceeds 100, not counting the squadron of Japanese destroyers in Haiphong harbour.

Hanoi Airport Used

After the closing of the railway, the next French concession permitted Japanese planes to have unrestricted use of the Hanoi airport. The result is that Japanese military planes arrive and depart daily, apparently reconnoitring from Hainan and Canton.

Also, acting under Japanese pressure, Indo-China refused to permit the re-export of thousands of gallons of American gasoline destined for Chungking but stored at Haiphong at the time the railway was closed.

An increasing variety of Japanese requests has stirred up the French and caused Vice-Admiral Jean Decoux, Governor-General of Indo-China, to adopt a stiffer attitude and begin referring the numerous requests to the French Government at Vichy.

Haiphong Now Deserted

Haiphong, which two months ago was a bustling port filled with American salesmen, trucks, tires, gasoline and sundry products as well as docks overflowing with supplies bound for Chungking, now is virtually deserted. The only goods seen are an estimated US$8,000,000 worth of trucks, gaso-

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Bulgar-Rumanian Kings May Meet

Fate of Dobruja Expected To Be Settled During Conference Shortly

London, Aug. 11.

The fate of the Rumanian province of Dobruja, claimed by Bulgaria, will probably be settled at a meeting which is expected to take place near Craiova shortly between King Carol of Rumania and King Boris of Bulgaria.

The Rumanian monarch left Bucharest last night for an unknown destination. It is understood that he desires to meet King Boris personally and discuss the question of Dobruja province, which is at present the subject of negotiations between the Rumanian and Bulgarian Governments.—Havas.

Canine Night Life Banned by Italy

Rome, Aug. 12.

Canine night life was banned in connection with the general blackout regulations, by a decree issued by the War Ministry here yesterday.

The decree, which is the first to affect the dog population of Italy since Il Duce threw his forces into the European conflict two months ago, stipulates that all dogs must be kept inside houses or yards after sunset and not be allowed out again until the blackout ends at dawn.

Violation of the law will result in fines for the owner and possible drowning for the dog.

An exception is made for the hunting season, however, when dogs may be taken out.—United Press.

19 Foreigners Held In Manchoukuo

Tokyo, Aug. 12.

Nineteen foreigners have been arrested in Manchoukuo since July on a charge of engaging in "malicious propaganda against Japan," according to semi-official Japanese sources.

The arrests are being continued, the same sources state, adding that the majority of the foreigners received broadcasts from New York or Moscow on short-wave radios, the contents of which were anti-Japanese. The nationalities of the arrested persons were not revealed.—Reuter.

Japan Interested In U.S. Opinion

Declining Trade Between Two Countries Expected To Become Worse

Tokyo, Aug. 11.

Public opinion in the United States being considered here as the barometre of relations between America and Japan, keen interest is being evinced by leading circles here in the view held by the American press that the statement of foreign policy just published by the Konoye Government leaves little room for improvement in Japanese-American economic relations, the "Japan Chronicle" said today.

Trade between Japan and the United States has been declining steadily, particularly since the ban placed by Washington on the export of machine tools, scrap iron and petroleum. Orders for goods for the Christmas markets received in Japan from America show a marked decrease this year as compared with an average twelve month period. This is causing concern in exchange circles.

Silk exports, the most important item in Japan's trade with the United States, have been very poor so far this year. They never exceeded 20,000 bales a month except in July when they reached 21,000 bales. Compared with the corresponding month last year, even July exports showed a drop of one-third.

The declining trade between the two countries is expected to become more conspicuous in view of the present international situation. Japan will become less dependent on America and it is therefore considered necessary that the industrial and trade systems in Japan be adjusted without delay.—Havas.

Mr. Hoover Asks Aid For Occupied Areas

New York, Aug. 12.

Mr. Herbert Hoover, former President, issued an appeal last night for "realistic and prompt action to prevent wholesale starvation, death and disease" in Holland, Belgium, Norway and Poland.

His appeal followed a conference in Colorado Springs with Mr. Wendell Willkie, Republican presidential nominee.

Commenting on German interpretation of Mr. Hoover's move, the Herald-Tribune says, "Food is war material. It would be folly if this country, while lending aid to the British with one hand, should on the other take part in agitation to break down what the British regard as their greatest weapon and greatest hope of survival."—Reuter.

No Request Received

London, Aug. 12.

With reference to a New York report that Mr. Herbert Hoover, former President of the United States, issued an appeal for action to facilitate supplies of food to German-occupied territory, where 18,000,000 people are said to be facing starvation, well-informed quarters in London state no such request has been received.—Reuter.

Germans Consuming Danish Goods

London, Aug. 12.

A million Germans in Jutland are consuming all Danish goods, with the result that the Danes are starving, says a correspondent of the "Stockholm Aftonbladet" in Denmark.—Reuter.

Charleston Completely Isolated As Hurricane Sweeps U.S. Coast

Six Deaths Already Reported, Frightful Damage Said Caused; Tides Inundate Georgia, South Carolina

Savannah, Ga., Aug. 12.

ONLY short wave radio connected Charleston, South Carolina, with the outside world last night and several small communities were isolated as a result of a tropical hurricane which caused frightful damage and six reported deaths.

The hurricane swept over 100 miles of coast between here and Charleston, ruining scores of houses and leaving hundreds homeless. Six persons were reported drowned in Charleston, but this report was not confirmed officially.

The storm reached its height by mid-afternoon yesterday when peak velocities were near the 100-mile-an-hour mark. The hurricane blew itself out inland, but early today tremendous tides inundated Georgia and South Carolina cities and towns.

Waterfrout Littered

A Charleston amateur radio operator, Mr. C. Z. Zeigler, reported that part of the waterfront was flooded and streets were littered with debris, but otherwise the difficulties were minor.

Widespread looting was reported in flooded sections of the city, where military police assumed patrolling duties.

There was some anxiety as to the extent of damage suffered by Beufort, S.C., and also the naval radio station at Paris Island, S.C., from which nothing was heard since early afternoon when roads were flooded, blocking entrance to these two points. Telephone communication with them was disrupted.

The storm smashed windows, uprooted trees, wrecked automobiles and scattered signs and shingles.

Mr. Zeigler reported that only the phone between the police department and the flooded powerhouse, where his apparatus was lodged, was working.

When the storm cut the power, he loaded his transmitter into his automobile and raced to the power house, finishing the journey with 500 pounds of equipment in a wheelbarrow because his car was blocked, he said.

He set up an emergency generator and sent messages asking for and directing help from the outside.—United Press.

U.S.-Japan Relations Believed Altering

Important Developments in Far East Expected as Result of Reply to Protest on Gasoline Embargo Against Japan and International Settlement

Washington, Aug. 12.

IMPORTANT developments in Japanese-American relations, centring on the reply of the United States to the Japanese protest against the embargo on aviation gasoline, and the International Settlement in Shanghai, were anticipated by competent Far Eastern observers here today.

Some informed circles believed that the United States, while hoping to forestall a crisis, was ready for a strong stand against any Japanese advances against other sovereignties such as the Netherlands East Indies and French Indo-China.

They speculated that the United States might have summarized and emphasized this attitude in the reply to the Japanese protest.—United Press

Tokyo, Aug. 12.

"The aftermath of the withdrawal of the British garrisons from China will be left to a conference of the commanders of the foreign troops in China to decide," commented the Foreign Office spokesman in Tokyo.

He stated that it has been customary for the commanders of the foreign garrison troops in China to meet in conference and decide matters relating to patrol duties. In solving the question as to what was to be done with the British-patrolled areas, following the withdrawal of the British garrison of troops from Shanghai, Peking and Tientsin, the spokesman said that two facts must be considered: first, Japan was assuming responsibility for the maintenance of peace and order in those places; second, the position prevailing in China was now greatly altered and there was no more necessity for maintaining a foreign garrison of troops for the maintenance of peace and order.

Asked whether there was any indication of Italy and France following Britain's example, the spokesman replied: "So far there has been none."

Referring to the notes sent by the Japanese Government to the belligerent European powers on September 8 last year and on June 10 this year, advising them to take effective and proper steps to eliminate causes for an outbreak of unforeseen incidents between their troops stationed in China, an American correspondent asked whether the Japanese Government was contemplating sending a further note to the European belligerents. The spokesman replied in the negative.

"Great East Asiatic Sphere"

"It is safe to assume that the South Sea region will be included in the projected great East Asiatic sphere," the Foreign Office spokesman declared when recalling the statement made on June 9 by the then Foreign Minister, Mr. Hashiro Arita. "We Japanese deem it our mission to stabilize all areas adjacent to Japan," declared the spokesman.

Turning to the press interview given by the Foreign Minister Mr. Yosuke Matsuoka, on Saturday, on which the correspondents sought elucidation, the spokesman said that Mr. Matsuoka stressed the necessity for the concentrating of efforts in the establishment of a great East Asiatic sphere for common prosperity as well as the disposal of the 'China affair.'

The terminology—common prosperity and coexistence—had a broad meaning, including many aspects political, economic and cultural.

Asked whether there was a fixed boundary to the projected great East Asiatic sphere, the spokesman said that he could not give a definite geographic boundary, nor could he enumerate all the areas which were to be included in the proposed sphere.

The spokesman replied in the affirmative when he was asked whether the Diet speech by the ex-Foreign Minister, Mr. Arita, stating that Japan felt only an economic concern in the South Sea region, still stood.—Reuter.

Japanese Comments On British Action

Approval Voiced By Press At Gesture of Confidence In "Japanese Protection"

Tokyo, Aug. 12.

Official announcement by the British Government of their intention to withdraw the British garrisons from Peiping, Tientsin and Shanghai, said the "Japan Times" today, will be accepted as a gesture of confidence in the ability of the National Government of China and the Japanese forces in China to protect British lives and property at these places, although the withdrawals no doubt are also intended to strengthen British forces elsewhere.

Furthermore, the "Japan Times" added, the action of the British Government indicated the disposition to recognize the new situation in China which other countries might do well to follow without loss of time.

Stabilizing Influence

To the Chinese, Japan the "Times" added, the presence of these foreign troops were a stabilizing influence. Therefore, while there must be considerable satisfaction over the withdrawal of the British garrisons and the anticipated withdrawals of the garrisons of other Powers, there must also be a salute given at the passing of an institution which had many benefits as well.

Tacit admission by the British Government, the "Japan Times" concluded, that Japan can be trusted to take care of foreign interests will do much towards better understanding and towards removing a source of irritation and provocation.—Domei.

Substantiation By Mr. Tsarumi

Questioned regarding the withdrawal of British troops from China, the Japanese Embassy spokesman said yesterday that he had no special statement to make, but pointed out that when the European war broke out Japan tendered advice to the belligerent nations to withdraw their forces from China on the grounds that their presence might lead to untoward incidents. An incident of this nature would be contrary to the non-involvement policy of Japan. When Italy entered the war, he continued, advice was again tendered to the same effect, and the Japanese authorities are gratified that the British Government has now taken the step of withdrawing troops, in conformity with the advice of the Japanese Government.

"We hope and expect," he said, "that other belligerent nations will follow this example, and also withdraw." Asked about the future position of the British Defence Sector he said that the matter would be decided at the forthcoming meeting of the Joint Defence Committee. France is included in the category of a belligerent power, he added.

Takeda Proposes Joint Meeting

Rear-Admiral Moriji Takeda, Commander-in-Chief of the Japanese Special Naval Landing Party, in his capacity as chairman of the Shanghai Joint Defence Committee, yesterday proposed to the commanders of the respective garrisons the convocation of the Joint Defence Committee, it was revealed yesterday evening.

Rear-Admiral Takeda, says "Domei," proposed that the meeting be held on Thursday. The session will decide which of the defence forces will take over the policing duties in the British defence sector after the withdrawal of the British troops.

Parliament to Adjourn For Short Recess

London, Aug. 12.

Parliament is due to adjourn for a short recess on August 22, but before that there will be a debate on the conduct of the war, in the course of which the Prime Minister, Mr. Winston Churchill, will make a statement.—Reuter.

More British Areas Banned to Aliens

London, Aug. 12.

The Home Secretary, Sir John Anderson, has made a further aliens (protected areas) order, naming the counties of Cornwall, Devon and most of Somerset as protected areas.

It also extends protected areas in Buckinghamshire and Northamptonshire. The order comes into effect on Thursday.—Reuter.

Anti-British Feeling In Japan Revives After Comparatively Dormant Period

Mass Meetings Protest Against British Foreign Policy and Urge Strong Counter-Action

Tokyo, Aug. 12.

Comparatively dormant in the past few days, anti-British feeling in Japan has come to life again with renewed vigour.

Meetings protesting against Britain's actions and urging the Japanese Government to adopt strong counter-action were held yesterday in various parts of Japan, while handbills and posters appeared throughout the streets of Tokyo urging all available Japanese to attend a mass anti-British meeting scheduled for 1.30 this afternoon.

The meeting outwardly is to protest against the arrests of Japanese in Britain, but it will also be directed against Britain's foreign policy generally. It will be held in the local Hyde Park, and it is expected that delegates will proceed to demonstrate at the British Embassy afterwards.

It is not known what form of police protection will be afforded the Embassy in order to avoid a repetition of last year's incident, when demonstrators climbed over the Embassy gate and assaulted the gatekeeper.

A request by the British Consulate at Osaka for a police guard as protection against demonstrators in that city has been refused, according to the newspapers.

Japanese interpreters working at the Consulate at Osaka have been "ordered" by patriotic bodies to resign, while a number of servants working in private houses inside the Embassy compound in Tokyo have been threatened with death if they do not leave their British employers.

The British Ambassador, Sir Robert Craigie, is returning to Tokyo today from a short holiday in the hills.—Reuter.

Mr. Amery Promises India Freedom at End of War

Stirring Appeal for Co-operation Made By Secretary Of State in Warning Against Nazi Lust for Power

Blackpool, England, Aug. 12.

THE Secretary of State for India, Mr. Leopold S. Amery, yesterday promised Indian leaders that India would be given her freedom at the end of the European war and urged them to join the British in their "supreme war efforts."

He pointed to Britain's past success in giving freedom to other portions of the British Empire and appealed to Indian leaders to join the proposed Advisory War Council to be established in India by the Viceroy, Lord Linlithgow.

Mr. Amery's speech followed the bitterly adverse reaction by the Indian National Congress and the Indian press to the statement issued by Lord Linlithgow last week appealing for co-operation. The Indian press termed the Viceroy's statement a "colossal sham."

"The close of the first year of war finds this country left to face the coming storm alone," Mr. Amery declared. "We are prepared and ready for whatever form the attack may take and whatever new deviltry the enemy may have prepared."

In describing Hitlerism in Germany, Mr. Amery said, "Behind this terrible German engine of destruction, behind the armoured divisions, the million infantry, the air squadrons and lurking submarines, whose efficiency we cannot but admire, there lies a purpose as cruel and brutal as it is senseless—the mere lust for power as a means for further aggression.

Brutality Exalted

"The Nazi creed .... exalts the cruelty and brutality which despises mercy, tolerance, fair dealing and justice. It denies all rights to the individual as against a handful of gangsters who claim to represent the omnipotent state.

"Often it has been said that a victory for Nazidom would mean the destruction of the spiritual and moral heritage of the Western civilization.

"So far as Europe is concerned, that is true. But ours is not the only civilization. Three hundred and fifty million people in India can claim a civilization more ancient than ours. They belong to religions which differ from ours in many aspects, but are similar in their recognition of the spiritual value of the individual soul, the reverence for moral law which knows no race boundaries and applies alike to the rulers as well as the ruled.

Three Religion Threatened

"There is no common meeting ground between Naziism and India with its profoundly democratic sense of equality and the emphasis on the spiritual side of life.

"It is not only our civilization and religion here in Europe, but all civilization and all true reglion that is threatened by the barbaric forces of spiritual, even more than material destruction which is embodied in Germany today."—United Press.

Offer Said "Not Enough"

Bombay, Aug. 12.

"I am not meeting the Viceroy at present, as I do not find any meeting ground or scope for further discussion," Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, President of the All-India National Congress, told Reuter today.

The Congress Working Committee, which was meeting at Wardilu on August 18, he added, would give a formal reply to the Viceroy.

Lord Linlithgow had invited Mr. Azad for an interview between August 11 and August 20 following his statement of British policy in India.

In an interview at Cawnpore, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, former President of the Congress, expressed the view that there was a big gulf between the Viceroy's offer and Congress demands.—Reuter.

British Transport Torpedoed

860 Troops on Board; 120 Feared Lost in Heavy Seas

London, Aug. 12.

Some 120 men are feared to have lost their lives when the 7,290-ton steamer, Mohamed Ali El-Kebir, while acting as a British transport, was torpedoed and sunk by a U-boat in the Atlantic.

Most of the victims are soldiers, who were in their bunks at the time of the explosion. The attack was made at night, and the liner, which was carrying troops and naval ratings, sank in about two hours.

Of the 860 persons aboard, 740 were rescued by a ship in the vicinity and landed at a Scottish port.

Among the missing are the Captain of the ship, the Chief Officer, the chief wireless operator and two doctors.

Heavy seas were running at the time, making the work of lowering and getting away lifeboats a matter of great difficulty. A vessel was engaged in picking up men clinging to rafts and wreckage and in lifeboats until the morning was well advanced.

A number of soldiers who jumped overboard when the transport began to list were drowned in the rough sea.

Devotion to Duty

William Olley, canteen manager on the liner, who gave valuable assistance to wounded aboard, said the ship's doctor and a military doctor showed magnificent devotion to duty in attending the injured regardless of their own safety.

"Owing to heavy seas," he declared, "we had a hard and anxious time in getting stretcher cases on to lifeboats, but somehow this was accomplished. Before I got away with the injured in the last boat, Captain Thomson handed me the ship's papers. He remained aboard, but I caught a glimpse of him later on a small raft.

"The Captain was an inspiration to all by his calmness, courage and example. He is missing, as well as the two doctors, and I fear they are lost. The Chief Officer and chief wireless operator are also missing."

Mr. Olley added that the liner was the ship in which King Farouk and his bride spent part of their honeymoon.—Reuter.

Yugoslav Steamer Sunk

Berlin, Aug. 11

Berlin Radio announced last night that the 7,600 ton Yugoslav steamer Hvar has been sunk by an unknown submarine.

The ship was on her way to Great Britain when struck by a torpedo.—Havas.

FUNERALS

Baby Michael Lee

In the presence of relatives and a number of friends the remains of the late Baby Michael Lee were laid to rest yesterday afternoon at the Hungjao Road Cemetery. Baby Lee was the ten months old infant son of Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Lee of this city. The child died after a brief illness at the Paulun Hospital last Saturday. Besides the parents the child is survived by five brothers and sisters, all of who are attending school in Shanghai. The little white casket was carried to the grave by Masters Eddie Silva, Louis Lee, Donny Nazario and Lawrence Lee.

Among those sending flowers were:—

Mummy and Daddy; Lucie and Amann; Uncle Tony and Aunt Paulette; Uncle Michael and Aunt Louisa; Grandmas; Louis, Lawrence, Matthew, Grace and Helen; Mr. and Mrs. J. Brioso; Manuel Nazario and family; Mr. and Mrs. C. C. de Vera; Mr. and Mrs. S. F. Woo; and others.

Funeral arrangements were under the direction of the International Funeral Directors.

Augusto Maria Azevedo

Funeral services for the late Mr. Augusto Maria Azevedo were held yesterday afternoon at the Bubbling Well Cemetery in the presence of a large number of relatives and friends. In the morning a Requiem Mass was celebrated at The Church of Christ The King, 235 Rue Bourgeat, by Reverend Father Magnar who also officiated at the graveside. Mr. Azevedo was born and spent his entire life in Shanghai. He died here last Saturday at the age of thirty-four years. The deceased is survived by his mother, Eliza Azevedo, sister, Mrs. A. H. Hymand (Hongkong), and three brothers, Freddy (Macao), Alberto and Jimmy Azevedo. The pall-bearers were Messrs. A. Ozorio, A. T. da Silva, A. R. Xavier, and O. Goularte.

Flowers were received from:—

Albert, Ozorio, Fabio, Cy, Jock, Nunu, Oscar, Tony and Vi; Fernando and Mary; Hilda and Mac; Lily and Lady; Mercia and Ola; Mrs. David Denton; C. M. Roche; and others.

Funeral arrangements were under the direction of the International Funeral Directors.

Wang Yi Tang Assuming Chairmanship

Peiping, Aug. 11.

Mr. Wang Yi-tang, Chairman of the North China Political Council, will take over his concurrent post of Chairman of the Peiping Sin Min Hui on August 17.

To celebrate the occasion, the Sin Min Hui will stage a huge ceremony on the morning of August 17 in the Chungnanhai Park. A general inspection of the Sin Min Youth Corps will be held at the Tungtan playground, in which some 2,500 members of the corps will participate.—Havas.

British Aid German Wounded

A wounded German pilot, shot down by the R.A.F., being assisted by his guards after his capture.

Szechuen Towns Bombed by Japanese Aircraft

Three Flights of Raiders Totalling 90 Planes Bomb Famous Salt Wells; Five Machines Downed

Chungking, Aug. 12.

JAPANESE aircraft in three flights this afternoon heavily bombed Tzeliuching, famous salt wells in western Szechuen and Luchow, on the Yangtse River west of Chungking, which is the Szechuen terminus of a new highway connecting Kunming with Chungking.

Two flights of the raiders, it is learned, bombed the salt wells twice, while the third group raided Luchow. The bombers are reported to have dropped some bombs on Chiangtsin, south of Chungking, but this has not yet been confirmed.

The urgent alarm was given here twice when the raiders passed the city on their way to and back from west Szechuen. The alarm was sounded at 11 a.m. and the all-clear at 2.30 p.m. The aircraft never came within the city limits. Chinese fighters circled above Chungking awaiting the raiders.

At least five, out of a total of 90 Japanese 'planes, were shot down during yesterday's raid on Chungking, it is officially claimed. Chinese fighters, it is stated, pursued the riders to western Hupeh. Six more were so badly damaged that they are unlikely to have reached their base." One Chinese pilot was slightly injured, it is added.

Chinese reports declare two Japanese bombers crashed at Shihtzu, on the Hupeh border, another was brought down at Fengtu, below Chungking, the fourth was lost at Fuling, also below Chungking, and the fifth machine was shot down in a suburb north of Lichuan, on the Hupeh side of the Szechuen-Hupeh border.

The Chinese Air Force will celebrate its third anniversary on August 14, when three years ago Chinese machines had their first encounter with a formation of Japanese bombers above Hangchow, in Chekiang, former base of the air force. Six Japanese aircraft were shot down in this engagement, the Chinese claim.

According to an announcement, the Chinese Air Force during the past three years shot down 848 Japanese warplanes, killed 1,148 Japanese airmen, sank 40 Japanese warships and damaged 154 warships, including two aircraft-carriers. Among Japanese air casualties were one major-general of the air force, one vice-admiral and some of the best pilots, the announcement adds.

New Japanese Tactics

The Japanese are apparently changing their tactics in their raids of Chungking. Previously, their aircraft used to lay a line of bombs along the river, highway or main streets, or unload bombs within a small area marked out as the target, but during yesterday afternoon's bombing, particularly within the city itself, the Japanese aircraft were apparently scattering their bombs, dropping a few missiles over a wide area without aiming at a particular target or district.

Touring the city after the bombing, Reuter's Correspondent found bombs often 100 or more yards apart from each other. He watched rescue workers extricate the body of a dead woman buried under tons of debris of a three-storey building. Damage done to property as a result of this summer's raids has been very extensive. According to a rough estimate, 20 per cent of buildings has been destroyed, 80 per cent damaged, there being few buildings inside the city still intact.

No Signs of Weariness

Chungking's populace, however, is displaying no outward signs of weariness. All shops and restaurants open for business immediately after the all-clear signal has been sounded. It is amusing to observe that probably no glass is to be found in windows, all being shattered by bomb explosions, and no effort is made to replace them because the new ones would only be shattered again the following day.

Not many bombs were dropped on the south bank of the Yangtse River yesterday afternoon and no foreign property was damaged; only a few bombs landed in the vicinity of the Asiatic Petroleum installation.

Yesterday sedan chair carriers charged $25 for a single trip on the south bank to the Second Range, while the minimum charge for a ricksha is now $1 even for short distances.—Reuter.

Strongholds on Railway Bombed

Aug. 12.

Strongholds at Iyang, Yingtan and Kwangsin on the Chekiang-Kiangsi Railway were subjected to intensive bombing yesterday by a Japanese naval flying squadron, the press section of the Japanese Central China Seas Fleet announced yesterday afternoon.

At Iyang a west-bound train fully loaded with war supplies was blown up by the Japanese raiders which later machine-gunned and set fire to the freight cars and military supplies piled high at the railway station, the announcement added.

Three transport vessels were bombed by the Japanese Navy raiders at a ferry junction south of Yingtan, it was also announced.

Fourteen freight cars were destroyed by the Japanese raiders at Kwangyin.

During this time another group of Japanese naval aircraft yesterday reconnoitred and raided Chichow, Tungling and Tsingyang on the Yangtze River in Central Anhwei, the announcement concluded.—Domei.

No Withdrawal of French Troops

Official Announcement to The Effect That Troops In Shanghai Will Remain

Vichy, Aug. 12.

The French Government announced last night that it has taken no decision regarding the withdrawal of French troops from China.

"The problem has never even been examined," a government spokesman told the United Press.

The Government's announcement was seen here as an indication that the Petain Government will not follow Britain's example in withdrawing its armed forces from China.

French quarters here pointed out that Japan had requested only the withdrawal of belligerent European troops from China. France, they added, no longer is a European belligerent.—United Press.

No Foundation in Report

In reporting that it was expected that British troops would be withdrawn from North China and Shanghai before the end of the week, the "Shanghai Mainichi" yesterday said that the French authorities in Shanghai were in touch with the Petain Government at Vichy on the question of evacuating French troops in the French Concession here.

In view of the actual situation in Shanghai, the "Mainichi" report stated, the French Concession authorities, who recently concluded an agreement with the Japanese authorities on the arrest of anti-Japanese and anti-Nanking elements in the Concession, hardly saw the necessity for the considerable expense of maintaining the garrison in Shanghai.

If the French followed the example of the British in withdrawing their troops from Shanghai, the "Mainichi" predicted that the Italians would similarly find no need for keeping their garrison in this city and would similarly send their troops away for duty elsewhere.

Japanese Action Against Burma

Chungking, Aug. 12.

With reference to Franco-Japanese negotiations, it is learned that Chinese authorities are fully prepared to meet any development in Indo-China. Chinese circles consider the Japanese move to be as much a threat against China as against Britain, believing that while Japan's immediate objective will be Yunnan she will eventually move into Burma for a threat against Singapore.—Reuter.

Albanian "Patriot" Said Murdered

Greek Agents Responsible For Death of Daut Hoggia, States Rome Despatch

Rome, Aug. 12.

The assassination of a "great Albanian patriot" named Daut Hoggia near the Greek-Albanian frontier, by Greek agents, it is alleged, is reported from Tirana by the Italian news agency.

The Greek authorities, the report adds placed a price on his head several years ago as a result of his agitation for the cession of the frontier region of Ciamuria to Albania.

It is alleged that Daut Hoggia's head was cut off and paraded by the assassins in Ciamurian villages as a warning to other "patriots."

The despatch asserts that the crime follows a series of "oppressive acts" against Albanians in Ciamuria in recent months.—Reuter.

Italo-Greek Tension Seen

Rome, Aug. 12.

Italo-Greek tension grew here yesterday over the reported assassination of the Albanian irredentist, Daut Hoggia, by Greek citizens in Albanian territory.

The Stefani news agency reported from Tirana, Albania, last night that Greeks assassinated the Albanian irredentist and then turned his body to Greek authorities across the border. The Government had a price on the head of Hoggia, the agency said.

Hoggia had supported the return to Albania of the province of Camuria, which was annexed by Greece in 1913. Stefani accused the Greeks of trying to denationalize the province.

Hoggia's sacrifice "will not be in vain," the agency declared.—United Press.

Revolt Unconfirmed

Belgrade, Aug. 12.

No confirmation is available of the reports of a rising against the Italians in Albania.

These reports stated that the Albanians rebelled against Italian efforts to mobilize them for army service and the requisitioning of food and cattle.

Italian troops, it was alleged, marched in to quell the uprising. A clash was said to have occurred between the Albanian rebels and Italian troops on Friday night near the Yugoslav border.—Reuter.

Japanese War Minister Confers with Premier

Tokyo, Aug. 12.

The War Minister, Mr. Hideki Tojo, called on the Premier, Prince Konoye, today and "conducted important conversations in connection with the changes in the international situation to be caused by the German attacks on the British Isles," according to the "Japan Times."—Reuter.

'King of Brittany' Chosen by Nazis

London, Aug. 12.

The Comte de Paris, who is now in Brazil, has accepted a German offer to become "King of Brittany" when that French Province is given its independence, the diplomatic correspondent of The People reported here yesterday.

The Germans plan to seize Dakar, French West Africa, and obtain the road to Brazil, the correspondent added. Then they hope to force the Americas to stop sending supplies to Britain. —United Press.

Shipless Italians Said Ineffective

Fascists Stated Without Sufficient Naval Force To Break Blockade

London, Aug. 12.

Rome has been advertising the Italian advance into British Somaliland as a means to acquisition of naval and air bases from which Aden may be overwhelmed and British command of the Red Sea destroyed, states the "Daily Telegraph."

"To break the blockade which closes the eastern hemisphere against the Fascist regime is doubtless a matter of urgency but since Italy has long held one side of the narrow straits whereby the Red Sea enters the Indian Ocean, the Italians may ask their Duce why he has failed to make use of ports there. The answer is Fascism has no naval force for such a purpose in its East African ports and can send none.

"One of our correspondents describes his recent voyage from Suez to Aden. In the 1,300 miles no enemy craft from Italian bases in Eritrea was sighted by sea or air. Thousands of tons of British shipping traverse the Red Sea almost every day with cargoes of munitions for our forces. The capacity of our Navy and Air Force to keep that trade route open for the British Empire and deny it to Italy would not be shaken by the presence of shipless Italian forces on the Somaliland shore.

"Let it be frankly recognized we should suffer loss of prestige if we retired from Somaliland but still more serious injury if the invasion distracted our plans for defence of Egypt. Cooperation of sea power and air power may be expected to make defence of Egypt secure and open opportunities for a deadly counter-stroke."—Reuter.

★Germans Suffer Severe Defeat

(Continued from page 1)

Other German bases along the French and Netherlands coasts, especially German aerodromes at Schipol, outside Amsterdam, and Querqueville, Waalhaven and Flushing, were bombed.—United Press.

Another Air Battle

London, Aug. 12.

About 100 German raiders appeared over the southeastern coast today and were intercepted by British fighters. Early reports said five enemy planes had been shot down, three of them in the Channel. Several others were damaged. No details of the engagement were available.

The battle extended for miles and at one time raiders and defenders were engaged over a town at a great height.

Shortly before the battle began a large squadron of planes was seen flying at a great height through a smoke screen. Smoke trailed out 15 miles.

A bomber which crossed the north-east coast early today was shot down. One of the crew was killed and three taken prisoner.—Reuter.

Sixteen More Planes Downed

London, Aug. 12.

In what the "Evening News" described as "one of the biggest air battles ever fought," German raiders lost between fourteen and sixteen planes up to 3 p.m. today, according to unofficial estimates.

The furious air battle of yesterday was resumed with even more ferocity today along a 250-mile front as German planes attempted to drop bombs on Britain from the Thames Estuary to the English Channel coast.—United Press.

France's Soldiers Return to Work

Demobilization Proceeding In Unoccupied Area

Vichy, Aug. 11

Proceeding at a fast clip and rapidly nearing completion is the demobilization of French soldiers whose homes are situated in the unoccupied areas of France.

As for the men living in the German-occupied zones, return to their homes is contingent upon the facilities granted by the German authorities. Up till now, the following instructions are in force in those parts of France under German control: North of the line formed by the Somme, the Aisne, and towns of Saint-Dizier, Chaumont and Dole none of the demobilized men may return home. South of that line, the return of demobilized soldiers to their homes is proceeding normally.

In unoccupied France, a spokesman of the War Ministry summed up the situation when he said that "there is not an idle arm."

Groups of the demobilized men will be formed according to the regions in which they live and according to their abilities. They will be put to work in fields or forests. Some of them will be detailed for work on highways.

Foreign Diplomats to Leave Baltics

Moscow, Aug. 12.

The Foreign Affairs Commissariat has sent a Note to foreign embassies and legations, asking them to close all diplomatic and consular establishments in the Baltic States by August 25. This follows the incorporation of Lithuania, Latvia and Estonia in the Soviet Union.—Reuter.

Britain Assuming Command of Air

Every Battle Bringing Superiority, Says Mr. Duff Cooper

London, Aug. 12.

"Just as we retain our command of the seas, so we are rapidly assuming command of the air," declared Mr. Alfred Duff Cooper, Minister of Information, in a speech to a crowded audience at Southwoodford, Essex, last night, when Mrs. Churchill, wife of the Prime Minister, who was on the platform, was given a tremendous reception.

"We were outnumbered—it may well be that we are still outnumbered—but every engagement into which we enter with the enemy diminishes his superiority and increases our hopes," said Mr. Duff Cooper. "This very day we have torn down from the skies some 50 German 'planes.

"It is a remarkable fact that they who have been preparing so long should, at this crisis of war, have demonstrated their inferiority both in machines and, what is far more important, in pilots.

"Day and night our pilots go out seeking battle, and it is their almost invariable experience that when they sight an enemy, the enemy flees before them. Every battle brings the number of our fighters and bombers nearer to theirs, and brings nearer the day when we shall have established that unquestionable superiority in the air which we already exercise over all seas of the world."—Reuter.

★Japan "Confident" In Indo-China

(Continued from page 1)

line, etc., which are rusting on idle docks because of the French refusal to permit their re-export.

Meanwhile, the Japanese Mission officials have surveyed and mapped northern Indo-China, while Japanese economic experts have studied the prospects of developing a substantial import and export trade as well as the establishment of Japanese business houses in Indo-China.

Air power appears to give Japan a strong hand. Indo-China has less than fifteen military planes, mostly light trainers, 40 experienced pilots and 60 with advanced training.

In striking contrast, Japan has a substantial air force at nearby Hainan as well as an estimated 200 planes in various bases in the vicinity of Canton, which is only two hour from Hanoi by air.

Indo-China is lacking in modern anti-aircraft guns. Likewise, the strategic harbour of Haiphong is defended by only two coastal fortifications.

The French are extremely hopeful of buying 200 war planes from the United States for immediate delivery, although the purchase is dependent on the releasing of frozen credits by Mr. Henry Morgenthau, United States Secretary of the Treasury.—United Press.

Southwestern Kwangsi Is Flooded

Nanning, Aug. 12.

Southwestern Kwangsi Province today suffers under the worst flood since 1917 as the Yu River rove over 13 metres and finally overflowed into the surrounding countryside since continuous rain fell from August 3.

All farms and houses on the outskirts of this city have been submerged but the ancient walls of Naning are still able to save the city so far.

The town of Yamhsien is now under one meter of water and traffic on the Yamhsien-Nanning highway and other roads in the neighbourhood has been washed out.

Precautions taken by Japanese troops prevented the outbreak of epidemics.—Domei.

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Japanese Deny Border Fighting

Tokyo, Aug. 12.

The Army today officially denied reports that clashes had broken out between Soviet and Japanese forces on the Manchoukuo-Mongolian border. —United Press.

Japanese Population in China Increases

Tientsin, Aug. 12.

Despite the restrictions imposed since May 20 this year on the entry of Japanese into China, the Japanese population has increased steadily in China since that date, the "Tenshin Nippo" reported.

According to a census taken by the 3rd Department of the East Asia Bureau of the Japanese Foreign Ministry, the number of Japanese residing in China on July 1 this year was 452,156, an increase of 58,527 over the figure on April 1.

The number of Japanese in the large cities of China is as follows:

Kalgan	20,508	Nanking	10,190
Peking	67,437	Shanghai	73,150
Tientsin	51,374	Hankow	7,823
Tsingtao	32,057	Canton	3,508
Chekiat-choung	13,238	Amoy	3,837
		Swatow	1,749
Taiyuen	19,291	Haikow	1,208
Tsinan	18,028	Hongkong	937

—Havas.

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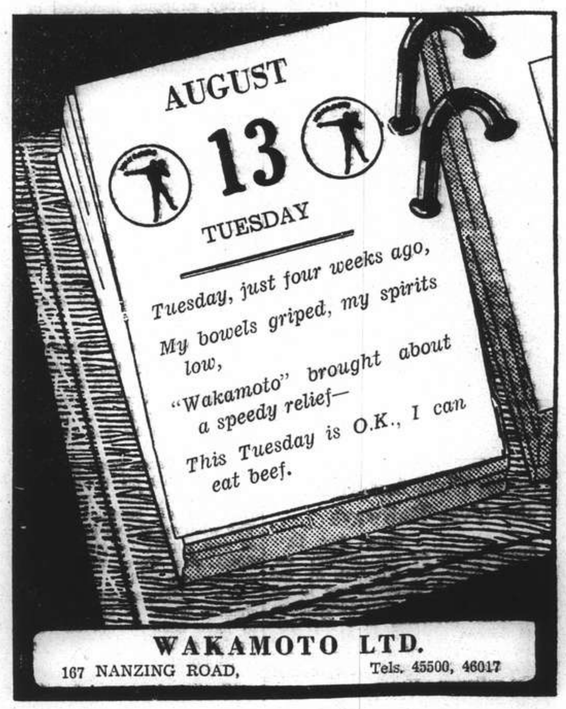

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S.V.C. Only to Stand by Today

No Complete Mobilization Unless Situation Changes; Chinese Urged to Donate

Although standing by since August 9, the Shanghai Volunteer Corps will not be mobilized either today or tomorrow, unless the situation here changes, it was learned from reliable sources yesterday. Nevertheless, members of the S.V.C. were doing their bit yesterday in guarding newspaper and cable offices in the Settlement. The sandbags, erected last Saturday, will be manned until the "stand down" order is given some time on Wednesday. The volunteers, however, have orders to open fire only as a last resort.

Meanwhile, calm continued to reign in the city as the third anniversary of the beginning of the Sino-Japanese hostilities in and around Shanghai was approaching. Reinforced patrols of armoured cars and armed lorries were seen cruising along the main thoroughfares of the Central District, while the police continued intensified searches for hidden arms. The French police carried out the same procedure in their area. Street corners in Avenue Edward VII and Avenue Foch were as closely guarded as during the first days of the precautionary stage and Chinese pedestrians and travellers in rickshaws were stopped and searched by the lawkeepers. Trams, buses and trolley-buses were also frequently stopped and the Chinese passengers forced to submit to searches.

No Chinese Meetings

No commemoration meetings will be held today by the Chinese in Shanghai in connection with the third anniversary of the outbreak of Sino-Japanese hostilities here. It is learned that Chinese here have decided voluntarily to curtail their amusement programmes during the day.

Kuomintang propaganda in connection with the occasion is conspicuous by its absence in the Chinese press which, however, gives hints as to what the people ought to do today. It is urged that a three-minute silence should be observed at noon in honour of dead soldiers and refugees.

The Chinese are also asked to contribute cash to the Government and to become members of the "Society of Friends of Wounded Soldiers," the head office of which is in Chungking. It is reported by the "Shun Pao" that local public bodies may send a telegram to General Chiang Kai-shek. The text of the telegram could not be ascertained yesterday.

"N.C.D.N." Photo.

S.V.C. Guards Newspapers

Precautionary measures against newspaper bombing have been taken by the Settlement authorities and all the Chinese and foreign newspaper offices are being guarded by members of S.V.C., who man special sandbag posts erected by the P.W.D. The photo above shows members of the Philippine Company detailed to the post opposite the "N.C.D.N." building.

Civil Suit Filed Against Embezzler

S. Katz, a Russian Jew was recently granted bail by the First Special District Court in a criminal case, faced a civil suit amounting to more than $8,000 in the same court yesterday when the Sipa Macaroni Factory in Chusan Road filed a claim against him. He was recently also charged with embezzlement of money from the factory, where he once served as manager.

During the various hearings held in the past the accused was alleged to have been involved in a triple suicide attempt in a Hongkew hotel, in which a German Jewish couple was involved. The German Jewish husband has since died. It was further alleged that Katz had been in love with the German Jewish woman and spent so much money on her that he had to resort to embezzlement. Fearing that his crime might be discovered, he decided to end it all in the hotel by taking poison.

Gas Company Strike Situation Unchanged

The settlement of the strike at the Shanghai Gas Company appeared no nearer yesterday than it was three weeks ago. Both sides are determined not to concede a single point to each other and a deadlock, so far unbroken, has been the result.

An official stated yesterday that not only is the Gas Company able to maintain a normal supply of gas to consumers, but that gas production has increased since the foreign workers have now become adept at their work.

It was also learned that some 100 Chinese had asked for employment in the offices of the Company. Should no settlement be reached, these men will be taken on the staff.

Dye Thieves Sent to Prison

Eleven thieves were sentenced yesterday by the First Special District Court to prison terms ranging between 30 days and 18 months in connection with the theft of dyestuff worth more than $20,000 from the Defag and the Waibel Companies in Szechuen Road. All the dyes were recently stolen from the D.K.K. Wharf in Yangtszepoo Road, where the sentenced men worked in two groups. The first theft was reported on July 27 when the Defag Company's goods were stolen.

Special U.S. District Attorney Appointed

The Department of Justice yesterday designated the U. S. Marshal, Mr. Charles Richardson, Jr., as Special Assistant to the District Attorney with full authority to handle all criminal matters during the absence of District Attorney Leighton Shields. The appointment is without additional compensation to that which Mr. Richardson receives as Marshal of the United States Court for China.

Rent Claim Dismissed

A claim for $324 was made by Messrs. A. R. Burkhill & Sons against the Pride Dry Cleaning Co. before Commissioner N. E. Lurton in the U. S. Consular Court yesterday. The claim was for a month's rent of premises at 876 Avenue Joffre, occupied by the defendants. The summons was dismissed, with costs to the plaintiffs, who were represented by Mr. C. S. Franklin.

Japanese Building Rules in Wayside

Applied to British Firm; Council Official Gives S.M.C. Version of Case

Demands that a British firm of architects and estate agents comply with certain building requirements recently introduced by the Japanese authorities north of the Creek have halted construction work undertaken by the firm on its property in the Wayside district in the International Settlement.

Questioned on the matter a spokesman of the Municipal Council admitted that the affair has been brought to the notice of the Council who, he emphasized, would not acquiesce in any regulations or requirements in Municipal areas concerning building and construction, other than the regulations already enforced by the Council. The latter he declared, will not take cognizance of any assumption of right by other parties, in these areas.

The official went on to explain that the local Japanese consular authorities had issued regulations requiring prior registration with the Japanese Naval Landing Party by any firm intending to carry out construction work in Hongkew and north of the creek. So far as he was aware, the official said, these regulations were applicable only to Japanese, and as far as he knew, this was the first instance in which a British construction firm has been required to comply with the regulations mentioned.

"There has been no interference by the Japanese authorities with the regulations of the Council," the spokesman pointed out, adding that the Council had no official knowledge of the enforcement by the Japanese of the building requirements and emphasized again that the Council would not acquiesce in their application. He thought this case had arisen from a misunderstanding which, he said, would no doubt be straightened out.

The Council he said, had never been officially notified of these regulations. He was under the impression that they were introduced and applied only to Japanese to keep their authorities informed of what was going on.

The official then went on to say that there was no reason for assuming that the Japanese authorities intended to act in conflict with the rules and regulations of the Council or were trying to supersede them with other requirements.

Mr. Wang Ching-wei Not a Prisoner

Article Criticized By Japanese

Denying charges that Mr. Wang Ching-wei is a prisoner in his house in Nanking, the Japanese Embassy spokesman said yesterday that these charges, which appeared in an article in a Shanghai evening paper, were malicious, and without foundation. The fact that Nanking is strictly guarded by Japanese troops, and Mr. Wang's house has a special guard is wrongly interpreted by the writer of the article to mean that he is a prisoner.

Japan has always been in sympathy with the aims of Mr. Wang Ching-wei since his statement in December, 1939 when he expressed lofty ideals for the future of China. Japan has always attempted to assist him in the carrying out of these ideals, continued the spokesman, and is constantly striving for the sake of "resurrected and new" China. As was the case with Manchuria, the objects of Japan in the present incident are the reconstruction and establishment of China.

The spokesman expressed the opinion that articles of this type do a great deal of harm, not only to China, but also to the relations between Japan and the United States.

Yugoslav Sentenced for Bar-Room Brawl

Tihomir Nalis, a Yugoslav sailor, was sentenced to 59 days' imprisonment yesterday by the First Special District Court for making a scene in the Lola Beer Hall at 611 Broadway East early yesterday morning. As he was being led out from the court he shouted that he would be revenged and the complainants asked the police to give them protection. Accused was arrested after 2.30 a.m. after he had assaulted a woman in the beer hall and smashed a window pane. He did so after he had been told to leave the bar where he tried to obtain whisky against regulations which allowed liquor to be served up to midnight.

Lama's Body To Be Moved

Chungking, Aug. 12.

Negotiations are reported to be under way for removal of the body of the Panchen Lama from Kokonor to Tibet.—Reuter.

Japanese Active in Censorship

Mails in Massenet Post Office Examined

Keeping abreast of the extra-precautionary measures being carried out by the local police and military authorities during the past few days, Japanese mail censors recently assigned to work in the Rue Massenet Post Office are reported by the leading Chinese dailies here to have doubled their efforts to censor mail reaching Shanghai, especially printed matter. Many letters have been detained for examination but most of them have been returned to the Concession Post Office branch.

Actual censorship of mail in the French Concession for which long preparations were made was started on August 5, according to the reports. Not only ordinary letters but also registered express letters have since been examined by the censors. On the average, it is stated, more than 100 letters have been censored daily. All printed matter has been closely examined and censored and attention has also been given post office boxes.

U.S. Reply to Japanese Protest at Oil Ban

Original U.S. Attitude Remains Unchanged

Washington, Aug. 11.

The U.S. Assistant Secretary of State, Mr. Sumner Welles, yesterday conveyed the official reply of the United States Government to the Japanese protest on August 8 against the ban imposed by the Administration against the export of aviation petrol which went into effect on August 1.

The American reply was delivered to Mr. Kensuke Horinouchi, the Japanese Ambassador, at an interview at the State Department.

According to authoritative quarters in Tokyo, it is learned that the American reply to the Japanese protest registers no change to the original American attitude that the restrictions imposed on the export of aviation petrol constitutes a defence measure and in no way represented discrimination against Japan.—Domei.

Colony Evacuation Question Opened

Non-Officials Invited to Attend Council Meeting To Investigate Subject

Hongkong, Aug. 12.

For the first time since 1936, the Legislative Council's non-official members were invited to attend this morning's special meeting of the Executive Council.

No official announcement was issued on the subjects discussed at the meeting, but the "Hongkong Telegraph" said that the session was called for the discussion of evacuation plans and the financing of such measures which were strongly objected to by the non-officials at the Legislative Council meeting held July 25.

Meanwhile, details have been discussed at Chungking for the repatriation of Chinese refugees from Hongkong to China, a reliable source disclosed. Repatriation of the Chinese would gradually bring Hongkong population to a normal figure.

The measures discussed, however, were not the result of any representations by the Hongkong Government, the source said.—United Press.

Japanese Take Over Honeymoon Ballroom

No Comment by British Official Circles Here

Speculations were rife yesterday as to what prompted Japanese troops to occupy the Honeymoon Ballroom, at 40 Great Western Road, on Sunday afternoon when they marched in and forced the management to close down.

In view of the reports appearing in the local Chinese press to the effect that the Japanese contemplate demanding that they be assigned to take up duties in the British Sector when it is vacated, this is regarded as a significant step on their part to preclude any chances against the sector being handed over to other foreign forces here.

No comment, however, was forthcoming from the British official circles here.

H.C.L. to Soar if Exchange Drops

Prices Should Not Go Up If Local Dollar Does Not Decline Further

Any further decline in the value of the local dollar would result in an increase in the prices of foodstuffs and commodities, an official of the price investigation office of the Municipal Council stated yesterday, when asked what effect the recent drop in exchange would have on the cost of living here.

The official pointed out that up to now there has been no request by dealers to increase prices of their commodities, following the recent decline of the Chinese dollar. He did not view the situation with undue optimism, however, pointing out that the drop in exchange was bound to make its effects felt. If the local dollar should maintain its present standard for a week at least, he would not apprehend any increase in the prices of staples and essential commodities.

There has been no serious adjustment in prices recently, the official disclosed, adding that the Council was expecting a request at any moment from purveyors of foodstuffs for an increase in prices. While not disposed to accede to any requests for an increase in the price of commodities, he explained, the Council would be bound to do justice to the applicants, for obvious reasons. It would be futile for the Council to expect co-operation from the establishments concerned, he pointed out, if they had to operate at a loss or with no profit.

List of Goods Projected

Reverting to the project of the Council's investigation office to release for publication a list of brands of goods, the official explained that this would include the regulations of the Council governing the sale of each commodity listed, a description of the brands concerned, together with a range of prices. An attempt would be made to include also, without disclosing business secrets, the profits generally made on the commodities.

He then emphasized that his department only was concerned with price investigation and was not empowered to fix prices, explaining that it was far from the intention of his department to regulate prices by publication of the prices for various brands.

As the public is composed mostly of people with limited means, he said, it would naturally follow that lower priced goods would have a better demand and enjoy a wider popularity. The result would be an eventual lowering of the standard of living.

Pension System to Be Instituted in Japan

To Be Awarded Labourers Reaching Age of 50

Tokyo, Aug. 11.

The General Affairs Bureau of the Insurance Board is speedily working out plans for the proposed nation-wide pension system.

The plans will be completed in October and are expected to be presented to the Imperial Diet session this winter, the Nichi Nichi reports.

The proposed pensions will be awarded to labourers reaching the age of 50. It is expected that more than 3,000,000 labourers will be benefited by the system. The labourers will pay part of their pension while they are working, but the Government and the employers will share most of the costs. The plans are being prepared carefully for Government officials anticipate possible friction with private insurance companies.—Havas.

Generalissimo Flies to Yunnan Border

General Chiang Kai-shek and General Yang Chieh, former Chinese Ambassador to Moscow flew to Yunan border on Friday of last week to deliver a speech to various Chinese commanders there ready for any eventuality in Indo-China, according to a report from Hongkong published by the "China Evening News" yesterday. Chinese soldiers on the first front line in border districts are said to number more than 300,000.

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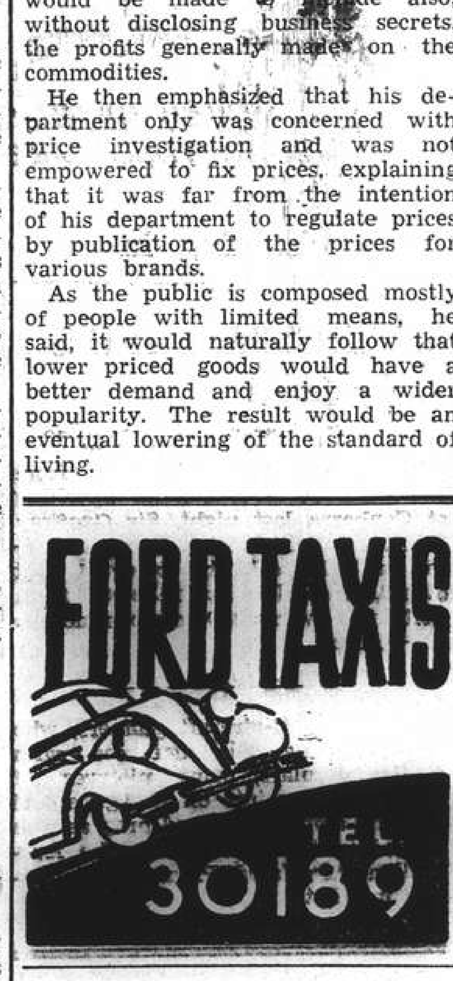

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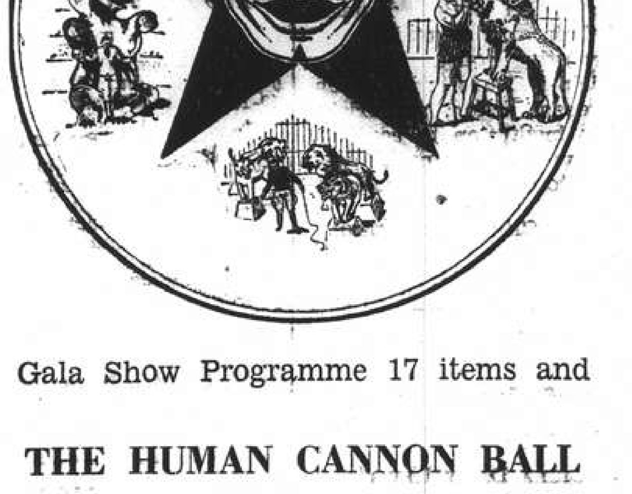
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THE HUMAN CANNON BALL
Daily Showings: 3.00 p.m. and 8.30 p.m.
Sundays: 10.30 a.m., 3.00 p.m. and 8.30 p.m.
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1 seat $ 8.00
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Parking space at Chengtu Road.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Letters for this column should be addressed to the EDITOR, NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS OFFICE, 17 THE BUND, SHANGHAI, *and to ensure secrecy, marked "Letters to the Editor."*

Chinese Bonds :

Thanks to Letter Writers

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—The thanks of bondholders in Chinese External Loans should be tendered to both BONDHOLDER and SUBSCRIBER for without the letter of the former the information vouchsafed by the latter would never have been forthcoming.

One of the grievances of Chinese External Loan holders is that they get told next to nothing about their interests. One pearl of comfort, however, can be adduced from SUBSCRIBER's letter, namely that the reason why the domestic bond service has been met was that the Chinese Government would not otherwise be able to raise any more money. This is true as well as encouraging, for on page 115 of the August 7 copy of "Finance & Commerce" it will be seen that the Chinese Government is raising a sterling loan of £10,000, and another loan of U.S.$50 million, each in two instalments.

Our troubles are all relative. Let bondholders and subscribers take heart and exercise just a little more patience.

JUSTITIA.

Shanghai, Aug. 12.

Refugee Lottery :

Mr. Rankin in Opposition

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—Some weeks ago, noting that the refugees who were supposed to be helped by the Refugee Lottery had been disbanded, I wrote a letter to the French Municipal Council calling attention to the evil of the lottery as being a gambling institution and expressing the hope that now that there were no refugees, the Refugee Lottery would be discontinued. But the public has been advised that it is still to operate.

A lottery is a school of gambling. It is outlawed as a criminal institution under the laws of England, China and the United States of America. It incites all to gamble. It collects the money of the many and gives out some of it to the very few. Most of those who spend their money for ticket after ticket never get anything in return. But they are led on by the illusive hope of some day getting a large prize, perhaps the first prize. Perhaps the large majority of those who buy lottery tickets are the poorer people. No man who is a gambler is a good citizen. If he was formerly a trusted employee, now having become a gambler he can no longer be trusted. With crime rampant in Shanghai an institution that depraves and demoralizes is being fostered by the French Municipal Council.

In your issue of August 6, 1940, you carry news article headed, "Nantao Gamblers Fall Out. Many Fights Between Rival Gangs Cause Complaints by Residents." Under this ception the public is told about "free-for-all fights," and that "recent reports indicate that Nantao is quietly dislocating the 'bad lands' in the western district in importance in that respect." The article further states, "it is alleged that the Wah Wei lottery gambling is prevalent in the newly-opened 'West Garden Ballroom,' a gambling house located in Chang Hwa Road. The manager of the establishment would not allow small Wah Wei establishments to run their business preferring to have a syndicate of his own. This attempted monopoly has caused many fights when small gangs have refused to be absorbed."

What is the difference between the Wai Wei lottery gambling and the "lotterie de Bienfaissance pour les Refugies" gambling? Should not the French Municipal Council and the French people of Shanghai be interested to elevate the morals of the people of Shanghai, and not foster a gambling institution that destroys the morals of the people? To destroy people in order to get money is low and base. Besides, it endangers the welfare of the entire city. In an especial manner, it places the lives of our police, faithful guardians of the safety of the people, in great jeopardy. And what kind of Christian charities are they that are willing to accept cheques so dividing the ill-gotten gains and sharing the spoils of a gambling institution outlawed under the laws of their own countries?

It is earnestly hoped that the French Municipal Council will reconsider their recent action, authorizing this gambling institution to continue, and that they will for the public welfare require it to cease its operations.

CHAS. W. RANKIN.

Shanghai, Aug. 12.

Theatre Manners :

A Number of Grouches

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—A correspondent wrote to your esteemed journal from Tsingtao some time ago about people writing letters to the papers, and he divided such writers into three classes. I fully endorse his views and hope that I can enter his third class, i.e. those who scribble when they are bursting with indignation over either people's stupidity, contempt for others or else simple slackness.

A lot of cinema fans come under the latter category. I refer to those "manjana" chaps with their girl-friends who upset the mental equilibrium of their fellow fans by searching for seats long after the show has commenced, forcing early-comers out of their seats and blinding their eyesight with torch lights. These slackers also obscure the picture for those sitting behind, hesitating, as they invariably do, where to sit.

Most people like the smoke they produce themselves, but to inhale continually the exhaust gas from others is a nuisance to mind and body. Lots of cinema fans disregard this simple truth and puff away like factory chimneys, particularly so a certain class of ladies, and, as the draft in a theatre generally sets from the stage, the unhappy folks behind the chimney get all the benefit of inhaling second-hand gas. Have a heart you smoking slaves and blow the exhaust skywards. There are others in this world besides your sweet selves. With obscure and smoky respects for such fans:

F. E. T.

Shanghai, Aug. 12.

Peace :

Kant on Essentials

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—It is out of date to speak of peace now; but if there is someone seriously thinking of the problem of a just, honourable, enduring peace among nations or between two nations, it may not be out of date for him to refer to the writings of Immanuel Kant.

For perpetual peace, Kant insists on six essential conditions; namely (1). "No treaty of peace shall be esteemed valid, on which is tacitly reserved matter for future war." (2). "Any state, of whatever extent, shall never pass under the dominion of another state, whether by inheritance, exchange, purchase, or donation." (3). "Standing armies (*miles perpetuus*) shall in time be totally abolished." (4). "National debts shall not be contracted with a view of maintaining the interests of the state abroad." (5). "No state shall by force interfere with either the constitution or government of another state." (6). "A state shall not, during war, admit of hostilities of a nature that would render reciprocal confidence in a succeeding peace impossible: such as employing assassins (*percussores*), poisoners (*venefici*), violation of capitulations, secret instigation to rebellion (*perduellio*), etc."

L.

Shanghai, Aug. 8.

Totalitarian War :

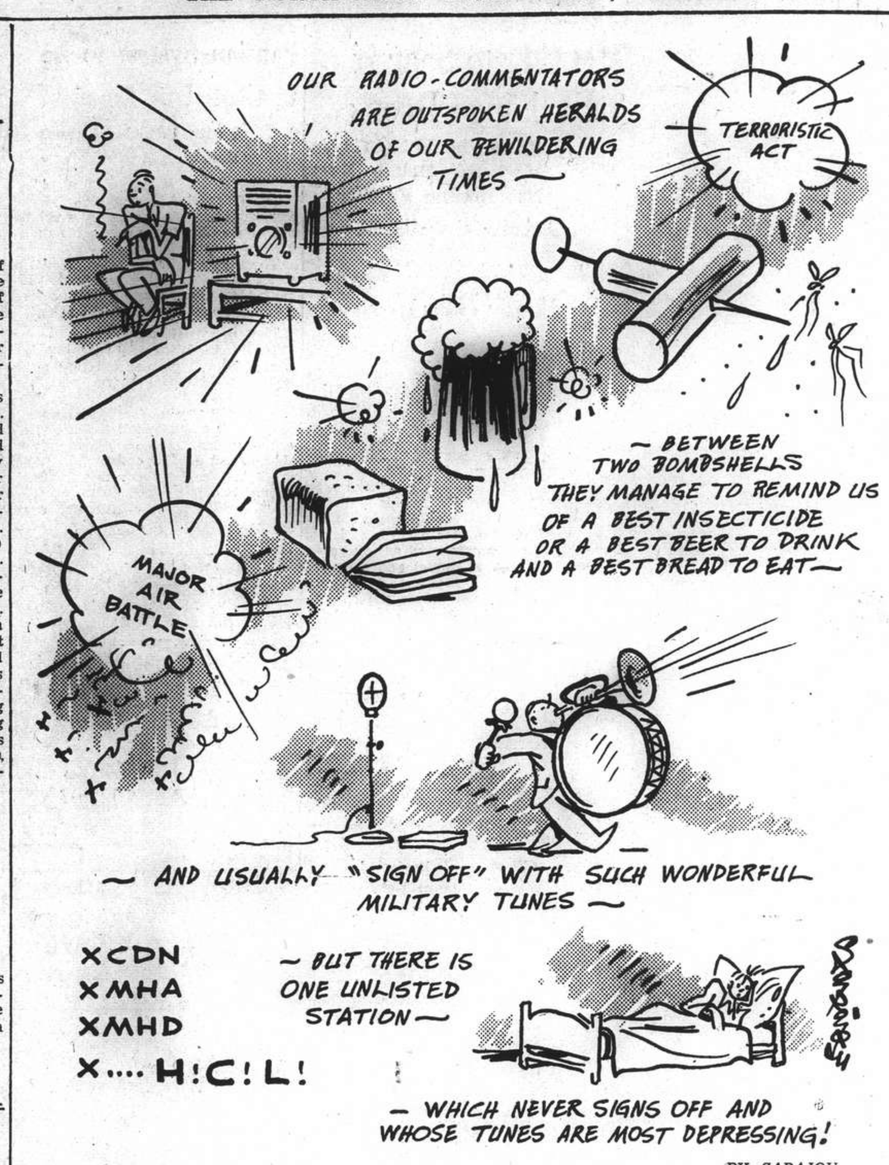
When Did it First Occur?

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—Could any of your readers supply the necessary data (and authorities) as to the first occurrence in history of the phenomenon known as "Totalitarian War ?"

CLAUSEWITZ.

Shanghai, Aug. 10.



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Broadcast Schedule.

12-1.30 English Programme
12.30 Recording of talk broadcast by the B.B.C. from London if available
12.45 News in English
1.30-2 German Programme
1.30 News in German
2-4.30 Monday, Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday—English Programme
Wednesday—Polish Programme
Friday—Czech Programme
4.00 Recording of talk broadcast by the B.B.C. London if available
5-6 Chinese Programme, in Mandarin and Shanghai dialect

FOREIGN LANGUAGE BROADCASTS, 6-7 P.M.

	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday
6.00	Polish	Netherlands	Italian
6.30	Spanish	Portuguese	Czech
	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
6.00	Polish	Italian	Portuguese
6.30	Spanish	Netherlands	Czech
6-7.00	Sunday	Hungarian	

7-7.45 French Programme
7.30 News in French
7.45-10.30 English Programme
7.45 News in English
9.30 Commentary in English on the Day's News
9.45 Recording of talk broadcast by the B.B.C. London if available
10.30-11. Russian Programme
10.45 News in Russian
11.15-11.45. German Programme
11.30 News in German
11.45-12. English Programme
12.00 Close Down.

THIS WEEK'S ENGLISH PROGRAMMES

TO-DAY

8-9.00 Symphony Concert
Arranged by Peter Gracev.
Overture to "Ruins of Athens"—
Symphony No. 4 in B Flat Major ..... Beethoven
Fine Kleine Nachtmusik .... Mozart
Hornpipe ..... Purcell
Overture "Hansel and Gretel" Humperdinck
The Walk to Paradise Garden. Delius
9-9.30 "Parachuters and Parashots"—
Talk by John Harford
10-10.30 Dance Music

WEDNESDAY

8-9.00 B.B.C. Variety Programme
9-9.15 "News of England"
3. Talk on Domestic War-time Life in England by Paul Tay
9.15-9.30 "Songs of Yesterday"
G. F. Dumbarton accompanied by William Lovatt
10-10.30 Dance Music

THURSDAY

8-9.00 "Hiawatha"
9-9.30 "This and That" by Brian Lewis
10-10.30 Dance Music

FRIDAY

8-9.00 The Week's Symphony Concert
Arranged by Anne Arkwright
9-9.30 "It's Autumn Now"
Play in one act adapted for broadcasting and produced by C. F. Burton.
10-10.30 Dance Music

SATURDAY

8-8.30 Programme of Viennese Waltzes
Arranged by Cecil Ezra
10-10.30 Dance Music

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Today at 12

Various music.
Symphonical Rhapsody (Eric Coates).
With a song in my heart.
Hymn to the Sun (Rimsky-Korsakoff).
Mournful waltz (Sibélius).
Georgian Song (Balakirew).
Finlandia (Sibélius).
Symphonical Variations (Boëllman).
Solveig Song (Grieg).
Love Pain (Grieg).
The last Spring (Grieg).
Sonata in G major (Grieg).
Romance (Svendsen).
To go to the wood for picking raspberries.
The fantastic Shop (Rossini).
Dream (Rasbach).
Trees (Rasbach).
The desire waltz.
Romance.
Old popular French songs.
On the round-about way.
Selection from "Nothing but a kiss."
Love Sorrow.
Chinese Tango.
Serenata.
Tormento Tzigano.
Tabou.
Love is where you find it.
Garden of the moon.

Tonight at 9

Concert of classical music.
Toccata (Rossi).
Five symphonic fragments (Cimarosa —Malipiero).
Toccatina (Scarlatti).
Pastorale. Capriccio (Scarlatti).
Olaf's dance (Mangialli).
The birds (Respighi).
The pines of Rome (Respighi).
Second suite of ancient dances and airs (Respighi).
The fountains of Rome (Respighi).

FOREIGN BROADCASTS

The following list of Stations radiating short-wave broadcasts is supplied by courtesy of one of our readers. News is broadcast between noon and midnight at the Shanghai Summer Time given in the last column.

Station	*Sign*	*M/cs*	*Metres*	*Time*
Manila	KZRH	9.64	31.14	1.45
Hongkong	ZBW	9.52	31.49	2.30
London	GSI	15.25	19.66	3.15
Moscow	RV96	15.16	19.76	3.30
London	GSI	15.25	19.66	5.00
Moscow	RV96	15.16	19.76	5.00
Manila	KZRH	9.64	31.14	5.00
India	—	11.84	25.32	6.00
Manila	KZRM	9.57	31.35	7.45
Saigon	—	11.77	25.47	7.45
Perth	ABC	9.65	31.08	8.15
London	GSI	15.25	19.66	8.30
Manila	KZIB	9.50	31.60	9.30
Treasure Is.	KGEI	9.67	31.00	9.30
Manila	KZRM	9.57	31.35	9.45
Manila	KZIB	9.50	31.60	10.00
Hongkong	GSD	11.73	25.53	10.00
London	WBZ	9.52	31.49	10.00
Sydney	VIQ	9.61	31.20	10.30
Manila	KZRH	9.64	31.14	10.45
Treasure Is.	KGEI	9.67	31.00	11.30

B.B.C. (London)

Summer Time		*Wave*	*Freq.*	*Sign*
1.55 to	5.15	19.60 m.	15.31 mc.	GSP
7.40 to	10.45	19.82 m.	15.14 mc.	GSF
11.00 to	1.30	19.82 m.	15.14 mc.	GSF

3.15 p.m. on GSP—Full News Bulletin
5.00 p.m. on GSP—News Summary
8.30 p.m. on GSF—Full News Bulletin
10.00 p.m. on GSF—News Summary
1.00 a.m. on GSF—Full News Bulletin
6.45 a.m. on GSF—Full News Bulletin

British Children Arrive In Australia

Melbourne, Aug. 12.

Three hundred children from London have arrived here. Speaking at Canberra last night, Sir Geoffrey Whiskare, British High Commissioner in Australia, said he expected that over 2,000 children might be sent from Britain to overseas Dominions monthly.—Reuter.

MALTESE anti-aircraft gunners, who are manning the defences with British regulars, paint pictures of their patron saints on the guns and kiss the ammunition and pray as it is placed in the breech, says the Australian Associated Press correspondent in Malta.

"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"
395m. **XMHD** 760kc.

The news of the day is broadcast from the Shanghai Christian Broadcasting Association by the "North-China Daily News" at the following times :—

Summertime: 12.45 and 9 p.m.
China Coast time: 11.45 and 8 p.m.

At other hours of the day an English and Chinese programme of music and talks is transmitted from this Station.

Sugar Shortage Measure Taken in France

Vichy, Aug. 11.

Owing to the shortage of sugar in the unoccupied areas of France, the French Government has just released two decrees ordering that grape juice be treated chemically and transformed into saccharose.—Havas.

S.V.C. Order

Unit Command:—Lieutenant G. Sinclair assumes command of the Shanghai Field Company with effect from July 30, during the absence on sick leave of Lieutenant G. E. Barker.

Appointments:—Major W. S. Parsons, is appointed Senior Medical Officer during the absence of Major E. G. Gauntlett, C.B.E., D.S.O. on leave, with effect from August 11.

Promotions and Appointments:—Private Harold Johan Christensen, is promoted Warrant Officer Cl. II and appointed Company Sergeant Major of "C" Machine Gun Company with effect from August 3.

Officers—Return from Leave:—Corps Headquarters.—Captain P. W. Ingmer returned from leave August 8.

Reversions:—Battalion Sergeant Major W. J. Hatton, "A" Battalion reverts to the ranks at his own request on proceeding on leave with effect from August 6.

Inter-Unit Transfers:—Trooper J. D. Van Den Brandeler, American Troop is transferred to Shanghai Light Horse with effect from August 8.

Strength:—Increase:—The undermentioned are taken on the strength of the Corps as under;—Corps Cavalry:—Light Horse.—Tpr. R. D. Parkin August 6. American Troop.—Troopers R. B. Perez August 5, A. R. Pure August 3, F. P. Bunn August 8. Corps Troops:—Signals Company.—Sgm. S. P. Karanjia August 6, Sgm. G. J. Read August 8. Armoured Car Co.—Pte. J. G. Haigh August 7, Pte. C. K. Anderson August 8. Transport Co.—Pte. O. Olausen August 6. "A" Battalion:—"B" Company.—Pte. N. Zahowsky August 6. Scottish Co.—Pte. E. Lang Jr., August 8. Pte. J. L. Youngman August 8. "B" Battalion:—American M.G. Co.—Pte. W. Tipolt August 5.

Seventy Years Ago

FROM THE "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS," OF AUGUST 13, 1870

We learn with regret that Baron Richthofen has been obliged to return from the north, without completing the programme he had set for himself before starting. The unsettled state of affairs in the north has made it impossible for him to prosecute the researches he had intended, in northwest China. The invaluable information he has already collected, renders the interuption more regrettable.

AUCTIONS

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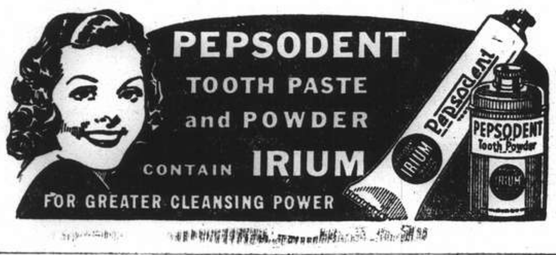

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Manager for China

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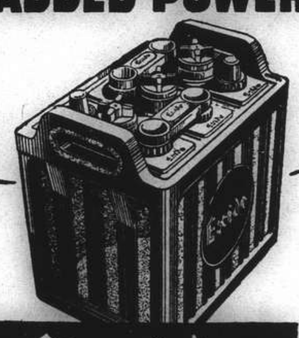

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IMPARTIAL NOT NEUTRAL

SUCCESS IN THE AIR

The air engagement over the English Channel, which was fought so successfully by the British on Thursday, appears to have been the forerunner of, perhaps, a number of such combats, and though the *Blitzkrieg* may not have started, there are indications that during the next few days advantage will be taken of the waxing and waning moon by both Britain and Germany. With the full moon on August 18, there are days ahead in which there will be a maximum of light during the hours between sunset and sunrise, and it is likely that the Germans will seek to do their utmost before the uncertain weather of the European autumn sets in and the longer hours of darkness arrive. Hence the larger air engagement which raged practically along three-quarters of the length of the English Channel on Sunday, in which the British air force gave so excellent an account of itself. What Dunkirk taught the British it also taught the Germans, and that is that before there can be any thought of endeavouring to send troops across the Channel, local supremacy in the air is a prime essential. Germany appears to be making a desperate bid for such supremacy and up to the present has paid for her attempts dearly. It may be confidently expected that she will make even bigger attacks, reckless of the cost, if her leaders believe that ultimately they will be able to have their way.

Why they should believe so it is more than a little difficult to understand, for in practically every engagement between the British and the German air forces the former have come off victorious in the fact that they have consistently succeeded in inflicting more damage on the enemy than has been done to them. Sunday's engagement was no exception. At the time of writing the last report issued in an Air Ministry communique placed the German losses at not less than sixty machines, as against 26 British. If there is any comfort for the Germans to be found in these figures it must be that the ratio of losses is not so greatly in the British favour as has been the case in other engagements. That, doubtless, the R.A.F. will succeed in correcting when the enemy comes up for a little further of the same treatment. The Germans up to the present have been paying exceptionally dearly for their attacks on British shipping in the Channel, which they confidently expected to dominate after occupying the French coast, and the desperation of their attempts in all probability arises out of a sense of frustration. Thus although the width of the Channel where most action appears to have taken place is such that it can be crossed by aeroplanes in no more than ten minutes the British air force is able to throw its defending machines into the air quickly enough to intercept and wreak damage upon the enemy. That speaks well for the organization and the spirit of the men in the R.A.F.

While the German news agency summarily dismisses the latest British raids over Germany as of no importance, including the usual story of bombs being dropped in a meadow,—the utter lack of imagination on the part of the German propaganda machine is becoming increasingly apparent,—the British Air Ministry it will be seen in today's issue has provided extensive information on the subject of Sunday's combat. It admits that the enemy succeeded in doing damage and in some cases even serious damage, and the impression is gained that the Ministry is telling the truth, for the simple reason that it would be idle to lie about things which are within the common knowledge of hundreds of thousands of people, who would resent the dissemination of stories which they know from personal observation to be untrue. Thus when it is stated that air engagements with the enemy have so far proved successful to British arms there is every reason to believe that to be the case. On neither side, however, have the fullest forces been utilized. It is to be expected that, before the present phase of hostilities comes to an end, aeroplanes in their thousands will be joined in combat in the skies. Germany has to go all out to secure supremacy in the air. She knows, as Hitler himself knows, that if she fails she has lost the war, and it will be only a question of time before she will be forced to admit defeat. Fortunately the reverse does not necessarily apply.

A NEW DICTATOR

Probably the most sensational happening of late in the Far East is the act of the Philippines National Assembly passing the Emergency Defence Bill by 62 votes to one, endowing Senor Manuel Quezon with dictatorial powers. Needless to say this action has profoundly shocked public opinion in the United States, though it is still too early to ascertain what are likely to be the ultimate repercussions. This astonishing act of the Filipino legislature has robbed every Filipino of those rights which were assured to him when the United States wrested the islands from Spain, and even though Senor Quezon may contemplate no more than a benevolent tyranny, it has to be remembered that most of the present tyrannies started off with that idea only to degenerate into systems of government under which the people dare hardly call their souls their own. Much comment was created at the time of the passage by the British Parliament of legislation suspending for the duration of the war constitutional rights, which are the very life blood of the democratic ideal. That action was justified by the circumstances prevailing, but it cannot by any stretch of imagination be said that any such conditions are at present to be found in the Philippines. The only impression to be formed is that Senor Quezon, despite some criticism, has succeeded in stampeding the National Assembly into taking action which the Filipinos may have every reason ultimately to regret.

Senor Quezon advances the usual threadbare arguments in favour of the abolition of the party system, and the eradication of opposition to the government. His declaration that the system operates against efficiency in government may have something to be said for it, for democracies are shown to be slower than autocracies. But against this the example of Germany, where the Nazi leaders have accumulated vast fortunes, by methods which will not bear any close scrutiny, proves that the one party system is in itself calculated to foster all those abuses which would never occur in a political system where freedom of criticism prevailed. If Senor Quezon by his action hopes to establish adequate defences against the potential menaces which threaten the Philippines, he is likely to be grievously disappointed. His nationals are completely unable to stand on their own feet or resist any such designs as may be levellel against their independence. For this negation of the very freedoms for which the United States stand cannot but serve to alienate whatever sympathy was felt for the Filipinos, and possibly lead to a revision of United States' opinion concerning the desirability of assisting in the defence of the Islands.

If ever that came about Senor Quezon would have proved to have committed the gravest offence against the safety of his own countrymen, and to have paved the way for their subjection to another Power. The forces of the United States are vitally necessary to the Philippines if the latter are to gain and maintain their independence, for there is no gainsaying the fact that without such assistance the Filipinos could not hope to save themselves from falling beneath the domination of an outside Power. That Senor Quezon has shown himself an adroit politician the history of the Filipino independence movement clearly shows, but there is nothing to indicate that the mental and moral stature of the man qualifies him to undertake the heavy responsibilities which he has shown himself so eager to assume. The powers which have been conferred upon him are indeed extensive, and only the United States' High Commissioner stands between him and complete dictatorship. But the Commissioner's power to prevent Senor Quezon from assuming control of coconut oil excise tax rebates is just about as far as he is able to go. Much will, therefore, depend upon the line of action Senor Quezon follows in the next few months, and for the present all that can be said is that while he appears to have strengthened his personal position vis-à-vis of his own people, there is a very grave danger that he has weakened their position in the light of all that might happen to them in the future.

Follow This Style

Following the true totalitarian model in doing their utmost to discredit political opponents who are to be tried for sticking to their convictions, the French newspaper "Oeuvre" has come out with a number of alleged revelations concerning the manner in which France entered the war. It will be recalled that during the various "purge" trials in Soviet Russia and Germany, the same technique was exploited, and everything that could be done to prejudice the defence of those who were to answer the charges made against them, was done; while equally, they were denied the facilities to answer the allegations in their own defence. Is Vichy copying this method in the cases against M. Mandel, M. Reynaud, and M. Daladier? The German news agency quoted the newspaper mentioned as saying that a group of French deputies was formed just before the outbreak of war with the object of preventing a conflict with Germany. The agency alleges that this group was constantly persecuted by the police organ of M. Mandel from August, 1939, to July, 1940, so that they hardly dared to carry on correspondence and to establish contacts with each other. The group is said to have opposed the granting of war credits, which the French Government announced had been granted unanimously, and the group is said to have tabled a resolution demanding a general conference for peace in Europe. This motion was not allowed to be debated, it is alleged. From the nature of these allegations a pretty accurate guess can be made as to the charges which are to be brought against the former ministers who are to be tried for "war guilt."

Hollow "Victories"

Italian reports of successes in Somaliland—successes against no opposition so far owing to the fact that the British did not consider those parts taken worth defending—are apt to give the impression that Italy is experiencing considerable success in the fighting in the Near East. This is far from the truth. Real warfare has not begun in that region and a quick and decisive victory, which the Italians are hoping for in view of the isolated position of their troops and the sad economic plight of their country, will not be won. As in Europe the British can wait and apply the strength of the Royal Navy to do irreparable damage to their enemies by preventing much needed supplies from reaching the Italians from their poverty-stricken homeland. It has long been common knowledge that Italy's precarious economic position precludes her from standing the strain of a prolonged war and as long as the British fleet retains command of the Mediterranean, which it is not likely to lose to the stay-at-home Italian fleet, a prolonged war it will be. In the first place Italy lacks most of the raw materials essential to the production of munitions; and the majority of the sources of her supply are cut off. She can scarcely carry on without at least seven and a half million tons of imported coal per annum and even with an intensive scrap iron collecting campaign she will not be able to produce steel at the rate of two and a quarter million tons a year. Most damaging of all factors is the fact that Italy can supply barely one tenth of her oil requirements (chiefly from Albania). These are the reasons why the Italians are taking the offensive in the Near East. Like Germany, Italy realizes that time is a factor which will not bring victory to the Axis and so she is attempting to speed up matters by ordering her isolated divisions in Africa to push forward into British territory. Strangely enough the Italian fleet has not yet taken its part in the general offensive against Britain in the Mediterranean. If and when those Italian warships do steam out to give battle they will find a Navy that is ready and longing to get at grips with them—a Navy that never runs away. As time goes on Italy will realize how Il Duce, under Nazi influence no doubt, has signed his country's death warrant. Banner headlines of Italian victories in Africa will not fill people's stomachs nor feed steel or oil into the war machine. Sooner or later the Italian people will realize that an Axis victory can never come when against them are ranged the limitless resources of the British Empire. The advent of winter will drive the hopelessness of their task right home.

'ALONG THE HIGHWAYS

Aug. 12.—We saw a few young trees yesterday which had been brought from the Philippine Islands, they were growing in pots and as we admired them, we wondered if the first of one of the species to be introduced into California was about the same size and if the people who introduced it anticipated that it would become one of their most important timber in due course. We believe they could not have anticipated that the species would replace hickory and oak for furniture making, floor boarding and other purposes. They probably did expect that in years to come it would not be necessary to import the oil which is distilled from the foliage of the tree. If they did anticipate this, the tree has done all that was asked from it, for we believe that at the present time, almost all eucalyptus oil used in America is produced from trees growing there. The Blue Gum *Eucalyptus globulus* is native to Australia and apart from its other uses, it has acquired a reputation as an antidote to malaria and it has been planted extensively in swampy regions for this reason. Many attempts have been made to acclimatize the tree in the vicinity of Shanghai, but to the best of our knowledge, all have failed. There should be a way, however, and we hope to succeed one day. We are told that in areas planted with eucalyptus the humidity is less than in areas not planted: that in itself is sufficient incentive to try again, for few of us like our native brand of humidity, and how nice it would be to say for a change, "It's not the humidity, it's the heat." Our experiments with the Blue Gum have extended over many years and we found that the tree grew so rapidly in the summer that the wood could not ripen and it was easy prey for Jack Frost. The scarlet species is more hardy; we kept a few of these trees alive out of doors for four years; but we were unable to collect seed. Among the lot we saw yesterday, we noticed a few of the lemon-scented *E. citriodora*. The glandular hairs on this species give a delightful fragrance not unlike the lemon-scented verbena. In passing, we may mention another of the species which produces wood used for underground work in many countries as well as many of the telegraph poles we used to try to climb. It is also used for street paving, and perhaps Nanking Road was paved with *E. marginata*, or Jarrah.—W.J.K.

IDEAS INDUCED BY TAR

Viscid Substance Distilled from Trees

Jolly Jack Tar—and all that sort of thing! Yachtsmen, who merely have fun with boats and the sea, understand why Jack is so jolly and care-free. They know it is due to his philosophy—a point of view that is the result of taking things as they come. It blows; it blows devilish hard! And then it doesn't blow at all, writes a contributor to "Field." That is all to do with the jolly part of Jack. The name of "Tar" stuck to him because, years ago, he often wore garments made from oiled or tarred canvas—in fact, tarpaulin.

But today there is rarely a smell of tar about Jack. He wears faultless blue serge; and sometimes an aroma from delicately perfumed hair oil might be noticed—a fragrance which rather clashes with a smell of stale beer here and there as the "liberty" boat fills up, and shore leave is ended. When my nose is tickled by Stockholm tar—a clean pungent smell; a smell which somehow mixes well with the brew from hops—I invariably mutter, "Pleasant smell, is that!" And then the law of association begins to work. I have often wondered why the smell of this tar should be so pleasing—to me. Before I had anything to do with boats, sails or the sea, I liked it. Psychologists would probably dive down into depths where I could not follow in their efforts to explain this partiality of mine, but the whimsical part of me prefers to find other reasons.

There is a pine, known as the swamp pine which grows in Carolina, Georgia and Alabama. I have not been to these places; I know little of swamps. Carolina I seem to remember in song; minstrels have told us of the delights of returning to Georgia; and I have listened while crooners "on the air" became sentimental over "stars" falling in Alabama. Yet, I feel just mildly interested when I learn that wood tar is distilled in these states of America.

But the pine forests of northern Europe—Russia, Sweden and Finland—these stir me far more. It may be due to the fact that when very young I heard tales of the lonely charcoal burner. I must have been greatly impressed by the things which were told me concerning this man who lived alone in the dark forests, for although I have never seen one of those mysterious beings who burn wood in a manner to produce charcoal, I had a picture of him in my mind. And through this medium of mind I have seen men in the pine forests of Northern Europe dragging along the resinous roots and stools of the Scotch fir, or Siberian larch, to a place where there had been erected an elevated platform. The platform was slightly concave, and covered with a layer of clay and tiles. In the centre of it there was a hole.

Perhaps the workers listened to the wind that is always moving in the tops of tall trees as they stacked the selected timber in preparation for a wonderful fire. The wood pile was built, on the platform, in the shape of a cone the outside of it covered with material which would offer resistance to combustion and keep out unwanted air. Generally turves, or earth and sand were used. A few holes, left in the covering near the bottom for obvious reasons, were gradually closed when the wood was well and truly burning.

Destruction Day After Day

Day after day, destruction by a "close smothering heat" went on. Slowly the pile sank until suddenly the top fell in, and a white flame roared upwards as if it were a spirit which had been trying so long to escape; and in its unexpected freedom it endeavoured to leap over the surrounding trees. And then tar began to flow, passing through the hole in the platform into a barrel placed beneath. Naturally, how long tar would flow depended on the size of the wood pile; the process of distillation might go on for several weeks.

But such a crude and wasteful method of producing the viscid substance was sure to be improved upon as time went on; and, in Russia, I think it was, closed stills or retorts were used. It proved to be far more economical, 20 per cent. of tar being produced as against 17 per cent. by the old method. Further, many of the by-products were saved, and gas given off was collected and used in heating the retorts.

By wading through a little chemistry I began to understand why tar and the fumes from a bottle of old and mild settled down together so well. I had always looked upon tar as being an honest-to-goodness stuff, until one day I discovered it was teeming with all manner of complexities. It contained so many things with most frightening names. Pyroligneous acid is one example, although this has a more homely name—acetic acid. Yet, what can one expect from a "semi-fluid substance of a dark brown colour . . . possessing a sharp taste" when told that it is a mixture of homologous hydrocarbons? Not even ordinary hydro-carbons!

Now, to you among yachtsmen who walk by an honest longshoreman busy with a brush and a pot of "gas-house paint" and feel superior because of the tin of best anti-fouling you carry—don't wrinkle your nose in distaste, but remember that no less a person than an earl—the Earl of Dundonald—spent much time and thought endeavouring to distil tar from coal. He succeeded; and then he patented the process in the year 1787. Some persons maintain that it was in the year 1781 that the chemist, Becher, produced tar from coal, using the Earl of Dundonald's patent.

Since then, with the general use of coal gas, tar became rather an unwanted product until the invention of "tar-colours," when a man might preserve the fence round his garden without it becoming horribly black and messy.

WAR FUND BAROMETER

The Voluntary War Contribution Fund has been open 38 days, and there have been 1,596 contributors. The War Savings Association has been open 44 days, and there have been 644 contributors. The totals follow:—

Fund	Amount Contributed	
	Ch. $	£ Sterling
Central British War Fund	1,076,115.21	18,880.17.0
Voluntary War Contribution Fund	3,015.00	50,237. 0·4
War Savings Association	50,950.91	9,666. 7·3

IN PARENTHESIS

Slight Error

THE price of the tickets will be $1, which may be obtained at the door.—From an invitation to a Phi Beta Kappa banquet at Ann Arbor, Mich.

We'll take a thousand, please.

* * *

Correspondence

DEAR EDITOR:

Here is to let you know that we did not get our Nash News on time las week, and our suscription is paid u and wed like to know the reoson wh.

Truly yours

SUBSCRIBER

DEAR SUBSCRIBER:

In regard to you inquiry of last wee as to why the paper wasso la e getting to you we are sorry that this inconvenience had to occur but it was just one of those unavoidable things that happen at the wrong time in that our press broke down and we were unable to get it fixed in time to ge thepaper out on time but since this is the first time in five years that thi has happend we feel that you will excuse the tardiness and we will do ou best not to let it happen again.

Sincerely yours,

THE EDITOR AND FORCE

—Nash (Okla.) "News."

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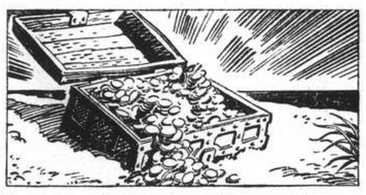

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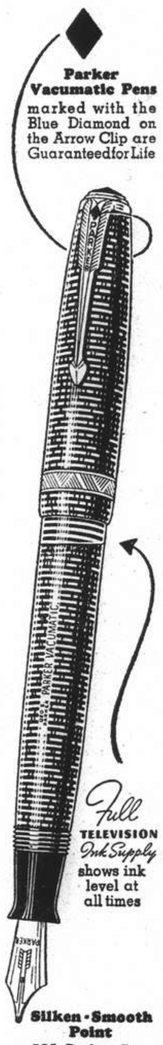

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THE SPORTS PAGE

Bitter Battle for Baseball Pennant Anticipated

Detroit And Cleveland Tied in American League While Dodgers Make Slight Gain on Reds

New York, Aug. 11.

EIGHT hungry American baseball fans were gleeful today as the two major league circuits tightened up into one of the greatest battles in recent years, with the Detroit Tigers and Cleveland Indians tied for the American League leadership and the Brooklyn Dodgers moving up to within 4½ games of the Cincinnati Reds in the senior circuit.

The Dodgers split a double header with the Boston Bees, losing the first game, 3-0 and then taking the nightcap, 3-0, while the Reds went down to defeat at the hands of the St. Louis Cardinals, 3-2 and 3-1.

Cleveland sent the American race into a dead heat by splitting with the St. Louis Browns, capturing the opener, 12-4, and dropping the nightcap, 7-6, while the Chicago White Sox took a bargain bill from Detroit by idential scores of 4-3.

Teddy Lyons, the big White Sox hurler, not only kept the Tigers under the blankets in that first game, holding them to eleven hits and three runs, but doubled in the eighth inning to win his own game. Both clubs scored their first tally in the second inning, while the Tigers went ahead by adding another run in the third inning. Chicago evened the count in the fourth and went ahead in the seventh, when Joe Kuhel connected for his twentieth homer of the season.

Lyons added his counter in the eighth inning to give Chicago a one-run lead, after the Tigers had whittled the score down to a 3-3 tie in their half of the eighth.

Bitter Struggle

The two clubs fought bitterly for nightcap win after the White Sox took an early one-run lead in the second and added another tally in the sixth. The Tigers came through in the seventh inning when Hank Greenberg and Rudy York poled out home runs, giving Detroit a 3-2 edge. Taft Wright, however, pounded one off Tommy Bridges' offerings for a two bagger in the eighth inning with two men aboard. The two runs clinched the game for Chicago.

The Cleveland Indians pulled up into a tie for the league leadership by taking the first game of a double header at St. Louis, 12-4. The Indians clubbed five Brown hurlers unmercifully for 18 hits, while Albert Milnar limited St. Louis to 11 blows. It was Milnar's fifteenth win of the season. The five St. Louis errors did not help matters any, specially when combined with the fact that every Indian hit safely at least once.

The Indians took a 1-0 lead in the second inning of the nightcap, but St. Louis tied it up in the fourth. Each team added two more tallies in the fifth, but St. Louis took a big lead by sending two runs across in the sixth and two more in the seventh. The Indians continued working away, adding one run in the eighth and two more in the ninth, but were one tally shy at the end of the game.

The New York Yankees moved back into a tie with the White Sox for fourth place by blasting out a 7-6 win over the Athletics in a ten inning duel in Yankee Stadium.

It was a day of home runs, with a total of five round trippers showing up as New York connected for twelve hits and the Athletics pounded out thirteen.

Senators Defeat Boston

The Washington Senators trimmed the Boston Red Sox in the final American League game of the day by a score of 2-1, with Sydney Hudson getting the best of the mound duel with the aging Lefty Grove. Hudson held Boston to five measly hits, while the Senators pounded Grove for eleven safeties. Hudson also set the stage for his win when he singled in the second inning to drive in the first run.

The Red Sox tied up the game in their half of the ninth inning, 1-1, but Ol' Moses let down the barriers and the Senators crowded the winning run across in their half of the same inning.

Twenty-three thousand raving fans, the largest crowd of the season in Boston, watched the Bees shade the Dodgers in a tight pitching duel. The Bees scored first in the second, but the Dodgers tied up the game in the seventh until Boston came back in their half of the frame with two more tallies.

Leo Durocher's boys made a gallant effort in the eighth inning to overtake the Bee lead, but succeeded in pushing only one run across the platter. The Bees pounded out nine hits, while Brooklyn collected eight.

Dodgers Take Revenge

The blood thirsty Dodgers came back in the nightcap to whitewash Boston, 3-0, as only one Bee reached third base off the seven-hit pitching of Vito Tamulis. The Dodgers also collected only seven hits, but managed to bunch theirs for tallies.

The Cincinnati Reds dropped two close ones to the Cardinals, losing the opener 3-2 and dropping the nightcap 3-1. In the first tilt, the Reds took an early lead with a two-run attack in the fourth inning. The Cardinals came back in the sixth to force one tally across home plate, added another in the eighth and capped the rally with a home run by Slaughter in the same inning to break the tie and give the Cards the decision.

It was Slaughter's fourteenth homer of the season. St. Louis gathered in six hits, while Morty Cooper limited the Reds to two safeties.

In the nightcap, the Cardinals jumped into a 2-0 lead in the first inning, which they held until the fourth, when the Reds jammed one across the platter. With the game virtually in the bag, St. Louis added another counter in the ninth to ensure there was no slip up.

Pirates Advance

The Pittsburgh Pirates moved into fourth place ahead of the Chicago Cubs by trouncing Chicago 7-3 and 5-1 in a double header on the Pirates' home lot. The wins also put them within two and one half games of the third-place New York Giants, who split a double header with the lowly Philadelphia Phillies, losing the first game 2-0 and then winning the second 8-2.

Pittsburgh won the first game with four unearned runs in the eighth inning on three Cub errors. The Chicago club was wobbly in the field throughout the game, making six errors. Pittsburgh, however, collected twelve hits to eight for Chicago.

In the nightcap, the Pirates pulled four double plays out of the hat to stem potential Cub rallies, going on to win 5-1. Dick Lanahan was the spark of the Pittsburgh club, holding the Cubs to four hits, while his mates were collecting nine off Vance Page and Claude Passeau.

Kirby Higbe hurled a tight game for the Phillies in the opening tilt, which Philadelphia won from the Giants, 2-0. Joe Marty led the six-hit Phillie offensive, with Philadelphia collecting one run in the first and second innings and then settling down to purely defensive ball against the Giants.

New York had an easy time of it in the nightcap, trimming Philadelphia 8-2 behind a blistering eleven-hit attack. Norman Young led the drive, getting a four bagger in the first inning with the bases loaded and then picking up his twelfth homer of the season in the seventh canto. The Phillies failed even to score until the ninth inning when they chased two runs across as Hal Schumacher let the bars down slightly.

AMERICAN LEAGUE

	R.	H.	E.
Detroit	3	11	2
Chicago	4	10	0

Batteries: Newsom, Hutchinson, Sullivan; Lyons, Tresh.

Detroit	3	6	1*
Chicago	4	7	1

Batteries: Bridges, Tebbetts, Sullivan; Rigney, Brown, Turner.

Cleveland	12	18	1
St. Louis	4	11	5

Batteries: Milnar, Hemsley; Hudlin, Mills, Coffman, Bildilli, Niggeling, Swift, Susce.

Cleveland	6	10	6*
St. Louis	7	11	0

Batteries: Allen, Smith, Dobson, Pytlak, Hemsley; Harris, Trotter, Lawson, Swift.

Boston	1	5	1
Washington	2	11	4

Batteries: Grove, Foxx; Hudson, Ferrell.

Philadelphia	6	13	2
New York	7	12	0

Batteries: Vaughn, Caster, Heusser, Hayes; Chandler, Breuer, Donald, Rosar.

NATIONAL LEAGUE

New York	0	5	0
Philadelphia	2	6	0

Batteries: Melton, Brown, Danning; Higbe, Warren.

New York	8	11	0*
Philadelphia	2	3	3

Batteries: Schumacher, Danning, Mulcahy, Beck, Warren.

Brooklyn	2	8	2
Boston	3	9	1

Batteries: Carleton, Casey, Phelps, Franks; Posedel, Coffman, Berres.

Brooklyn	3	7	2*
Boston	0	7	1

Batteries: Tamulis, Mancugo, Franks; Sullivan, Strinkevich, Avery, Berres, Masi.

Chicago	3	8	6
Pittsburgh	7	12	0

Batteries: Lee, Farrensberger, Root, Todd, Hartnett; Heintzelman, Brown, Lanning, Lopez.

Chicago	1	4	1*
Pittsburgh	5	9	2

Batteries: Passeau, Collins; Lanahan, Davis.

St. Louis	3	6	0
Cincinnati	2	2	6

Batteries: Cooper, Owen; Derringer, Beggs, Lombardi.

St. Louis	3	11	2*
Cincinnati	1	10	1

Batteries: Warneke, Padgett, Owen; Turner, Baker.

*—Nightcaps.

Standings

AMERICAN LEAGUE

	W.	L.	Pct.
Detroit	64	44	.593
Cleveland	64	44	.593
Boston	56	51	.523
Chicago	53	50	.515
New York	53	51	.510
Washington	47	59	.443
St. Louis	48	62	.436
Philadelphia	39	64	.379

NATIONAL LEAGUE

	W.	L.	Pct.
Cincinnati	66	36	.647
Brooklyn	62	42	.596
New York	53	46	.535
Pittsburgh	52	47	.525
Chicago	54	54	.500
St. Louis	49	52	.485
Boston	38	61	.384
Philadelphia	33	66	.333

—United Press.

"N.C.D.N." Photo.

Wild Throw—Safe on First

It is obvious that the throw to first base was wild pulling the Second Battalion first baseman right off the sack while the runner reaches the base safely in a recent league game at the Race Course between the First and Second Battalion, 4th U.S. Marines. The composition of this picture shows clearly the hidden grace and rhythm of baseball.

Coronach Loaned to New Zealand For Breeding Purposes

Generous Gesture Made By Mrs. Macdonald-Buchanan In Fulfilment of Long-Standing Arrangement

MRS Macdonald Buchanan made a long-standing arrangement with the late Capt J. Crawford that if ever Coronach did not receive sufficient patronage at the stud in England, breeders in New Zealand would be afforded the opportunity of accepting the services of the Derby winner of 1927, writes Ithuriel in "Sporting Life."

Due to the hampering effect of the war upon bloodstock breeding, with the result that the services of Coronach were not fully utilised as desired, his owner has now decided to send the horse to New Zealand.

Although he will remain in her ownership, Coronach will be "loaned" for the purpose of assisting thoroughbred breeding in that country.

Soon he should be en route to Mr. John Donald's Westmere Stud, Wanganui, New Zealand.

It is certain that the opportunity of using the services of Coronach on the generous terms indicated, will be greatly appreciated by breeders in the Dominion.

Apart from the fact that he is a remarkably fine individual, well bred, and with a great racing record, Coronach has sired the winners of over £67,000 in this country, besides which Corrida (one of the best mares of the last twenty years) won over £20,000 on the Continent.

There are other good winners which readily come to mind, like Highlander, Montrose, and Cora Deans.

The blood of Coronach will be well appreciated in New Zealand.

In 1925 Hurry On's son Hunting Song was imported. An instant stud success, Hunting Song was the leading stallion for six successive seasons (1932 to 1938) in New Zealand, where, in the past ten years, his offspring have won over £122,000.

Wood Trophy Teams

The following will represent the Shanghai Cricket Club against the Shanghai Recreation Club for the Wood Trophy, to be played on the S.R.C. ground on Saturday 17th and Sunday 18th:—

S.C.C.:—D. W. Leach (Capt.), R. Booth, G. S. Dunkley, F. E. T. Marshall, T. C. G. Pearson, J. W. Pote-Hunt, G. J. Read, A. C. Sinclair, L. F. Stokes, H. V. Thorne, N. F. Webb. Reserves: H. E. Orr. Umpire: P. J. Hart. Scorers: H. S. Bartley on Saturday and F. J. Sanger on Sunday.

The following will represent the S.C.C. 2nd XI against the S.R.C. 2nd XI at the S.C.C. ground on Saturday, August 17 at 1.30 p.m.:—

S.C.C. 2nd XI:—H. E. Orr, E. C. Baker, J. B. Brown, W. V. K. Chadwick, A. V. T. Dean, E. R. Duckitt, L. T. Lawrance (sen), C. E. Sherwin, L. Underwood, P. Watkin Williams, T. H. Wood. Reserves: A. E. V. Brown, A. Lingard, A. J. Harvey. Umpire: Rev. F. W. Weaver. Scorer: L. T. Lawrance.

S.C.C. 3rd:—W. Marsay (Capt.), J. Cornfield, E. R. Dow, J. E. Fairbairn, J. Fletcher, L. T. Lawrance (Jur), W. B. Sim, J. A. G. L. Smith, W. E. Tingle, S. J. Ward, C. Woolhouse. Reserves: G. C. Large, G. J. Winney, J. R. Kale. Umpire: H. A. Circkmer. Scorer: C. H. Theobald.

4th Round Played Off In Bowls Championship

S.L.B.C. Well Represented In Semi-Final

The fourth round play in both the lawn bowls Single and Pairs Championships came to a successful conclusion last Sunday when the final matches in this round were all played off. The way is now clear for the semi-finals to be held, and judging from the close competition in the earlier rounds, these should be hotly contested. The Shanghai Lawn Bowls Association has already set aside Sunday, August 25 for the Pairs Championship semi-finals, but the date for the semi-finals in the Singles title play has yet to be selected.

Sunday evening saw three of the four quarter-finals in the Pairs Championship being decided, the remaining fixture having been worked off well ahead of the closing date for the fourth round. The encounter on the greens of the Yangtszepoo Bowling Club was productive of the keenest play with A. Macgregor and F. S. Ward barely winning by two shots to eliminate H. A. Ozorio and F. M. Machado by 16-14. The losers put up a gallant fight and with their defeat, the Clube Lusitano have no more representatives in the Pairs Championship.

On the other hand, the Shanghai Lawn Bowls Club are extremely well represented with two couples in the semi-finals as the combination of W. J. Monk and W. J. Ward have escaped unscathed up to the present. They played off their fourth round fixture some time ago and managed to dispose of W. R. Chisholm and R. M. Jordan after an evenly-matched meeting, only six woods separating the totals of the winners and losers.

The S.L.B.C., however, will definitely have one team in the final as W. J. Monk and W. J. Ward will be engaging A. Macgregor and F. S. Ward for an all-S.L.B.C. semi-final.

One of the most impressive performances in the fourth round of the Pairs Championship was registered by C. J. Bull and A. Hogg, who accounted for the elimination of P. Shaw and H. R. Hill by 11 woods, 23-12, at the Shanghai Lawn Bowls Club. The hopes of the Police Recreation Club now rest upon Bull and Hogg to prevent the title from passing out of the hands of P.R.C. members as the championship is currently held by R. Conduit and W. Craig.

A fine achievement was accomplished by G. V. Jensen and W. T. Manley on the Police greens, where they eliminated the strong combination of T. S. Parry and S. R. Harmer by as wide a margin as 23-15. The next opponents of the Shanghai Recreation Club will now be Bull and Hogg in the semi-finals.

On Sunday, the Police greens was the scene of another fourth round meeting with C. M. Sequeira winning his way into the semi-final of the Singles Championship after a bitter struggle with B. F. Marques. The final score stood at 21-20 in favour of Sequeira, but it took him nearly 30 ends before he could gain the edge on his stubborn adversary.

A summary of the semi-finals in the Singles and Pairs Championships is as follows:—

SINGLES CHAMPIONSHIP

O. H. Edgren *v.* C. M. Sequeira.
T. G. J. Almeida *v.* R. C. Aitkenhead.

PAIRS CHAMPIONSHIP

G. V. Jensen and W. T. Manley *v.* C. J. Bull and A. Hogg.
W. J. Monk and W. J. Ward *v.* A. Macgregor and F. S. Ward.

Parsee XI Announced

The following team has been announced by the Parsee Cricket Club to meet a Shanghai Cricket XI in a friendly match at the S.C.C. Ground on Thursday and Friday, starting at 5.15 p.m. each day:—

S. P. Karanjia, P. M. Charna, J. S. Kuka, N. N. Mehta, K. H. Shroff, K. F. Shroff, A. B. Tata, J. B. Tata, P. B. Tata, S. B. Tata, B. R. Viccajeex. Reserves: E. R. Viccajee and S. F. Shroff.

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Produced and Directed by · WILLIAM A. WELLMAN
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90 cts., $1.20, $1.60
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RETURNS THURSDAY!
YEAR'S MERRIEST MARITAL MIXUP!
A NEW COLUMBIA HIT! WESLEY RUGGLES' Too Many Husbands
starring JEAN ARTHUR · FRED MacMURRAY · MELVYN DOUGLAS
Directed by WESLEY RUGGLES Screen play by CLAUDE BINYON Based on the play by W. Somerset Maugham

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Your Own Heart's Story About "Just a Boy"... by BOOTH TARKINGTON
All about the eight-year-old who'll remind you of 'PENROD' and the hero of 'SEVENTEEN'
Laugh, cry, glow and thrill with the rest of the grown-up world, as everybody's favorite youngster comes to life on the screen!
LITTLE ORVIE with JOHN SHEFFIELD ERNEST TRUEX DOROTHY TREE ANN TODD
RKO RADIO Picture
ADDED: Sportscope Reelism | Leon Errol in "RING MADNESS"

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THE MOST TERRIFIC TRIO ON THE SCREEN ...STAGE...AIR...OR ANYWHERE!
Edgar Charlie BERGEN-McCARTHY MORTIMER SNERD
CHARLIE McCARTHY, DETECTIVE with ROBERT CUMMINGS CONSTANCE MOORE
A NEW UNIVERSAL PICTURE
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A GIRL—torn between love for the man she dared not marry, and fear of what their children might become if she did...
HER MOTHER—whipsawed by pity for the man she had divorced, and love for the man who wanted her...
HER FATHER—robbed of his right to happiness by a circumstance he refused to believe...
A BILL OF DIVORCEMENT
RKO RADIO Picture
with MAUREEN O'HARA ADOLPHE MENJOU FAY BAINTER HERBERT MARSHALL —and— Dame May Whitty · Patric Knowles C. Aubrey Smith · Ernest Cossart
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Any dope can be happy...and rich! But we're doing it on $20 a week!
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THRILLINGLY ON THE SCREEN! Colorful days of minstrels and river boats! Stirring drama of the stormy love that put America's joys and sorrows to music!
SWANEE RIVER The Story of Stephen C. Foster, the Great American Troubadour! IN TECHNICOLOR!
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A night club queen ...a sleuthing lawyer ...thrills and heart-throbs as they crack the perfect crime... 40 floors above Park Avenue!
THE YEAR'S SLICKEST MYSTERY... In A Setting Of Mad Manhattan's Luxurious Penthouse World!
SOCIETY LAWYER with WALTER PIDGEON · VIRGINIA BRUCE LEO CARRILLO · EDUARDO CIANNELLI · Lee Bowman
Screen Play by Frances Goodrich, Albert Hackett, Leon Gordon and Hugo Butler
Directed by Edwin L. Marin · Produced by John W. Considine Jr.
Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer PICTURE
"DON'T KISS ME... don't EVER kiss me... unless you mean it!"

Woman's Page

London, June 14.

Often when schoolroom tea has been cleared away, and those royal evacuees, the two Princesses, are left with a group of little guests to entertain, Princess Elizabeth will sit down to the cottage piano and the whole party will join in a cheerful sing-song—Princess Margaret sometimes contributing descriptive gestures as well as singing.

The old songs everyone loves are among their favourites, but so is modern "swing" music which they have first heard on the radio and then bought on one of their visits to the sixpenny stores.

Pricess Elizabeth's voice is developing into a warm contralto, and she already sings solo attractively, especially negro spirituals which have been taught her by the Queen. Nigger minstrel songs like "Swanee River" (as distinct from spirituals) are also in the repertories of both Princesses.

Country Shoes, Town Jackets

For the comparatively countrified life they are now enjoying the Princesses have each a pair of the newest crêpe-soled shoes—Princess Elizabeth's in caramel-tinted suède, and Princess Margaret's in brown leather. These are plain, soft and pliable, serviceable but light; sturdier shoes among the new varieties for country wear include some of brown Norwegian Arctic seal, also crêpe-soled.

Promenade shoes this summer are seen more often in blue and white than brown and white, and prune is a new shade a good deal seen.

Brogues, especially of suède, are often fastened with brightly-coloured narrow braid instead of shoe-laces.

Braid has certainly come into its own this year for trimmings. One of the new loose jackets seen at a restaurant party was trimmed with rows of rickrack braid, arranged down the front and round the edges of the wide sleeves like the rows of tucks that used to ornament grandmamma's dressing-jackets.

This particular jacket was meant for evening wear, but similar ones are seen at all times of the day. Some have sets of interchangeable collars and cuffs, made from the materials of the various frocks with which they are to be worn. Linen jackets have wide hems of broderie anglaise or coarse lace, and are stiffly starched.

Beauty Foundations

Two other small sister princesses who were till recently leading a countrified life in England are the Princesses Beatrix and Irene of Holland, who have now gone to safer quarters in Canada.

Though Princess Beatrix is only two, and her sister not yet a year old, attention is already being given to their looks and deportment. Their mother, Princess Juliana, who wants them to grow up graceful and slim, has instituted a course of musical eurhythmics. Baby Irene joins in with more goodwill than precision, but her elder sister is learning carefully.

Like our own Princesses, the Netherlands children are simply and wholesomely brought up. Princess Beatrix drinks a lot of milk and likes vegetables and fruit—excellent beauty treatment, incidentally. She wears cotton smocks, with plain silks for parties, and loves to put on Netherlands peasant costume with sabots and starched white cap. Like most little girls, she has a very special doll she prefers to all others. It is a wooden Dutch doll; but, instead of the prim old-fashioned figure that suggests, it is a figure carved by natives of the Netherlands East Indies, ugly to grown-up eyes but dear to hers.

Shop-Window Studio

Shop-window dressing still remains one of the arts of publicity in London, in spite of the cellophane and paper strips and permanent black-out boardings which cover so many windows.

Behind the window-displays of one of the big stores is a whole organization of studios and workshops, manned by artists, technicians and "ideas" staff.

The director has his own office decorated in grey and white as a neutral background for vivid wares and displays. His rooms are soundproof, and lined with books; beyond them stretch those of his subordinates, with carpentry shop, plaster shop and studios for painter and sculptor.

The plaster store is not unlike a museum gallery, with a vast assortment of unrelated objects which are often graceful works of art, but in plaster instead of stone. It holds pillars, trees, flowers and leaves with lighting-effects, besides gigantic hands and human heads.

Models in various stages of development fill the sculptor's studio, and artists near by are moulding and painting accessories of window-display—all of them, of course, to tone with fashion's latest colours.

The Vogue For White

And what are the wares these models and settings display? Oddly enough, the principal foundation colour of the moment seems to be white, which makes the task of harmonizing backgrounds an easy one. White tailor-mades are worn, white coats and white accessories; but the hats to go with them are often brightly-coloured, cotton turbans in barbaric prints being much seen. A white silk frock with a pleated skirt had black jet buttons and a black belt, thus reversing the magpie rule for smartness of white on black.

A two-piece in black and white had a tunic overdress, pleated from the waist, with bright red cords and tassels falling from the neck.

Navy blue and white are also much seen together. A skirt made of navy material with white stripes looking like embroidery was pleated with the stripes along the top of each pleat.

Frocks, practical for wartime, are novel without exaggeration. A plain cotton frock had frills of lace on the collar and pockets—the latter set slantwise on the hips. Another of heavy shantung, with a flared skirt, had a row of flat buttons sewn round collar and hem. A plain two-piece of skirt and jacket was trimmed at collar, hem and cuffs with French knots embroidered in silk in a fairly wide band. Fancy hems, as will have been noticed, are a new note, and give weight as well as decoration to flared skirts.

A Shanghai Bride in Singapore

This wedding group was taken in Singapore on June 20 when Miss Betty Gordon, daughter of Mr. A. H. Gordon, of Shanghai, was married to Mr. G. S. Connor, of the South British Insurance Co., at the Presbyterian Church. From left to right in the picture are Mr. R. Laird (best man), Mr. James Tony Gordon (brother of the bride, he flew from Melbourne for the wedding and has returned to join the Royal Australian Air Force), Rev. S. Band, Miss Bobby Patrick, bridegroom and bride, Mr. A. H. Gordon (father of the bride), Mrs. Dove (wife of the Singapore manager of the South British Insurance Co.), Mr. Charles H. Gordon (of the Indian Civil Service and another brother of the bride who flew from Calcutta to be present at the ceremony). The wedding brought the Gordon family together for the first time in six years.

Programmes For the Forces

Likes and Dislikes of Britons in Uniform

It is absolutely certain that no broadcasting programme could be devised to please everybody, but it is interesting to investigate the likes and dislikes of certain sections of listeners. In a trip amongst the men of balloon barrages, anti-aircraft units, and searchlight units some curious things turned up, says a writer in a home paper.

Some lads thought they would like to know something about the countries in which they might be called upon to serve, and one youth expressed a desire to learn how to swear in Italian! Possibly night duty was responsible for a fairly common wish to know something about the stars and planets, though this might be connected with a soldierly instinct for direction-finding. One sergeant liked symphony concerts, though he was not averse from dance music when used for dancing.

Good comedians seemed popular with every rank, and the Army thinks a good laugh worth its weight in gold. Other listeners who object to humour in these days of stress might remember this and switch off if they find good fun out of place for them. Generally, broad comedy is preferred to the wittier and more subtle kinds of humour. There is a good demand for political talks, and it may console Mr. Duff Cooper for much criticism to find that his name was invariably coupled with this demand.

Not Too Highbrow

There was considerable humming and hawing when plays were mentioned, and possibly much depends on the type of play presented. "Crime" serials were welcomed, especially the type which gives the listener a chance to spot the criminal. "Parlour" games, too, were appreciated, and light music of the Gilbert and Sullivan type. Brass bands playing military marches and other rousing tunes were commonly asked for, and the "news" was well on top.

Chamber music was anathema, but popular operatic singers like Tauber and John McCormack were always in demand. Also community singing of "yawnable" choruses in which the lads can join. Those well out in the country thought they would like to know more about birds, flowers, and nature study generally. There seemed little demand for book talks, though there was considerable reading. As there was little opportunity for sustained listening, it was held that any programme for such units must be "snappy," so that it could be indulged in for any odd ten minutes or so that could be spared. It must be remembered that most of the lads have to snatch their sleep when opportunity serves.

To save looking for pins when you want them, try threading a large cork on wire, sticking pins in it, and hanging the cork from the side of your work-basket. Pins cannot work their way into the cork as they do into a pin-cushion, and much time will be saved in looking for them.

A MAYFAIR NOTEBOOK

Before Paris Fell

New Designs Turned Out In Strange Conditions

London, June 24.

Two days before the fall of Paris photographs were still arriving in this country of the newest models, produced by French designers under unheard-of conditions. So anxious were the French designers to fulfil order from abroad and thus provide the much-needed exchange to help with the prosecution of the war that women carried on, while men on leave from the front gave up their time to the furtherance of their businesses. The result is that new fashions have once more been set for the season.

These fashions are all practical, turning upon what stuff is at hand, and such as could be worn in any emergency.

Extremely useful for all occasions are thin wools made into jacket and skirt, the jacket having short sleeves. In this country there are many days when the lighter materials do not seem to meet the case and when these jacket suits are most suitable. They are in all colours, some pale, but many in sail-red, tobacco-brown, air-blue, and so on. They are made with high revers, which often emphasize a yoke-line, and with short, humped sleeves. Pockets are usually plentiful, with the flaps well marked. Only on the hottest days are such dresses unable to be worn, and they can be suited to different occasions by means of different hats, a light felt turning them at once into something suitable for the country.

Popular Blouse

Wih the inevitable tweeds the trick of a strongly coloured blouse has made its appeal. There are still good grey herring-bone tweeds, often cut with what look like trousers-pockets and with a stitched-on belt. Coats are plain, with plenty of pockets, and singlebreasted. Blouses worn with them have regard to the fact that only their fronts show when the jacket is worn. They are made therefore with a centre front of fairly wide downward tucks, and this is flanked by three other tucks on each side. The blouse has fullish sleeves with rather long cuffs and white linen collar and cuffs finished with a black velvet bow. Royal blue, or brilliant blue of any shade, is much liked with a grey summer tweed. With black or curate's grey there is a deep yellow shade that goes well, while with some of the mustard tweeds a black shirt or blouse seems the appropriate finish.

Many people will depend chiefly on the little touches for change and variety in dress. Here chic can be obtained by such means as making the hat correspond perhaps with the little coat. The bright little coat generally necessitates more than one exemplar, but a short loose coat in tobacco-brown goes with a surprising number of light dresses, and it can be worn either with a light-weight felt hat to match its colour or with a light straw trimmed with brown ribbon. Felts, by the way, should be carefully kept, as they can always be remodelled, French people often do their own on a head-block, but in this country cleaners can make any set shape of an old hat, which can also be re-dyed.

New Coat Line

Within a very short time of the German occupation Lanvin had started a new line in coats which will probably have its repercussions, since clothes have to be made in some fashion or other. This is the bloused and belted line which is becoming to a good many people. The coats have a slight flare, and some have bloused sleeves finished with a cuff. The whole effect is that of the Russian blouse which was so popular some years ago. At the present moment it is not extravagant to buy one of the warm, light coats of which there are many, some being the colour of house-flannel, others being tan or pale yellow. They give a summery effect in this warm summer, and later they can be dyed. While it has not yet become merely a question of what one can get, it is gradually becoming less easy to find clothes which meet the case and also have the particular taste required.

"Somewhere in England"

With the A. T. S.; Women in Uniform

"It would be no exaggeration to say that seven out of every ten women in England are in uniform of one kind or another," says Mrs. G. Tompsitt, jun., interviewed by the "Sydney Morning Herald." She had returned to Australia after 15 months absence, and since the outbreak of war had been serving with the Auxiliary Territorial Services "somewhere in England."

"I'm afraid I cannot tell you just where my camp was, but it was attached to the records and pay corps for the Southern Command," Mrs. Tompsitt explained. "And because the work I was doing was of a confidential nature, concerned with a special regiment, I'm afraid I can't tell you exactly what that was either, but I can tell you about the general work done by the A.T.S."

An Englishwoman, married to an Australian, Mrs. Tompsitt had been visiting relatives for some time when war broke out, and she felt the only thing to do was to offer her services in England immediately. But, as things began to get so very serious, she was torn between what she felt to be her duty to England and her duty to her husband, whom she had left in Australia. Eventually she decided to return home.

Judging by Mrs. Tompsitt's story, wearing a uniform in England means more than a normal full-time job, and a job under discipline as strict and complete as that of the regular army. When she first joined the A.T.S. her hours were from 8 a.m. until 6 or 7 p.m. Before she left, the hours had extended to 9 p.m., and "Goodness knows what they are now," she remarked.

The Queen Inspects Members of Women's Ambulance Corps

Preliminary Course

To indicate the nature of the training and the discipline required, Mrs. Tompsitt quoted the case of her niece, who gave up her medical course to join the A.T.S. "She was sent to a training centre at one of the coastal towns," she said, "where the girls were billeted in three fine hostels. Before being allocated to any special duties the girls are put through a three weeks' course, during which they must do anything required of them. My niece's first job was to pluck eight or nine turkeys. In one day she washed 800 dishes, at another time peeled what she described as 'umpteen' sacks of potatoes, and had to wait at table. After three weeks she was made chief recruit and had to see that the other recruits conformed to all the regulations. Now she has been drafted into the Secret Service division.

"This preliminary course enables the officers to judge a girl's capabilities, her personality and temperament, so that they are able to place her where she will be most useful.

"The camp where I was stationed was situated in a huge park which had been cut in half and where about 30 or 40 army huts had been erected. The camp included 300 men and officers and about 200 women and their officers. At first there was no accommodation for the A.T.S., and the girls were billeted in the district. Now, however, they have three fine hostels. Girls whose homes are nearby are allowed to live at home. I lived with my people, and used to bicycle to the camp every day.

"There were all types of girls in the camp, some who had been out of work for months, others who had given up good jobs to join the A.T.S., and others who had never lifted a finger to do anything for themselves in their lives. But from the commandant down to the orderlies they all gave of their very utmost.

"Of course, it was not 'all work and no play.' To keep us fit we had games, golf, badminton, tennis, and physical drill, in addition to the camp drill.

Complete Uniform Issue

"Our khaki uniforms were provided, and we were also issued with two shirts, tie, cap, gloves, stockings, two pairs of very good brown shoes, all our underclothing, a marvellous waterproof gabardine coat with detachable fleecy lining, and also a very heavy tweed greatcoat. We were allowed to get into mufti only if we had 24 hours' leave, but I rarely got out of uniform during the cold weather, as the material was so much better than anything you could buy in civilian clothes. Medical and dental services are free. Everyone, of course, has to pass a pretty stiff medical test.

"The work done in our camp covered eight or 10 regiments in the southern area. We had to keep all the records, not only of the men, but of their wives and children. We also looked after the men's pay and the allowances for their dependents, and the money for the men on leave when they came over from France. All the records from the field cashiers in France also came back to the pay office.

Rates of Pay

"The commandant of the A.T.S. is in full control of the women. We signed on for the duration of the war and for oversea service. Girls living at home or billeted outside the camp get 21/6 a week billet money, and that has to be signed for by their people or their landlady. Volunteers, as the first rankers are called, get 1/4 a day, sergeants 3/ or 4/ a day, and officers 7/ a day. I was getting 17/ a week because of the special work I was doing. We were expected to be as careful of our appearance and discipline as the men of the services. When we were on parade no one dared to appear unless everything was perfectly spick and span, buttons polished to the nth degree, and so on.

"Girls who lived in the hostels had to be in by 10.45 p.m., but could get one late pass a week. We were often invited to dances at different camps, and would charter a motor coach and go in a group with one of the officers who was responsible for us. There was no veto on mixing with the men. We could go to the pictures with them if we wanted to. Some people might think some of the discipline and meticulous drill—the payday parade, for instance—perhaps unnecessarily strict, but I do not agree.

"The other services, the W.A.A.F.s and the W.R.E.N.s, do the same work for the Air Force and the Navy as the A.T.S. do for the Army, and there is a healthy rivalry between them.

"And now I'm off to join the W.A.N.S."

An Anniversary Celebration

Messrs. Razons, 12 Central Road, are celebrating their 11th anniversary. Thanks to numerous satisfied patrons, Messrs. Razons enjoy the reputation of being one of the leading shirt specialists in town and are known to practically every man in this cosmopolitan city. They are particularly proud of their reinforced collars and summer and other shirtings. Made by the best English manufacturers, these types of men's wear are up to the moment in style according to the season.

A new department is now being opened in which English suitings are to be offered at very low prices. These low prices are due to the fact that the goods were bought several months ago from the manufacturers at pre-war prices. A cordial welcome is extended to all.

B.W.A.

The Sports Section of the British Women's Association are arranging a tennis afternoon for Monday, September 2. at the Cathedral Girls' School. An American tournament will be played and there will be croquet for those who so prefer.

During the afternoon a raffle will be drawn and there will be a hidden treasure and other competitive games.

We would be glad to receive names for the tournament as soon as possible. A list is already at Headquarters for this purpose.

As the proceeds are for the B.W.A War Fund we do hope as many as possible will attend so that we can add an appreciable sum to this worthy cause. This event is open to all members of the B.W.A. and their friends. Tickets for players will be $3 and non-players $2 including tea.

The raffle is for a handsome chest, the tickets for which are now on sale at $1 each.

Yachtswomen in the Dunkirk Rescue

A naval man says that in the Dunkirk evacuation he saw a small green yacht manned by two women in the strange and merciful regatta of little boats that was saving our men from the beach. His own work kept him busy enough, but he saw the little yacht make two trips to the beach and bring off men to a destroyer. The two women were handling her coolly and capably, and his mates on the ship, although things were pretty lively aboard, took much interest in the green yacht's job. He never heard what became of her. Things were very hot. The yacht, he said, did a good job.

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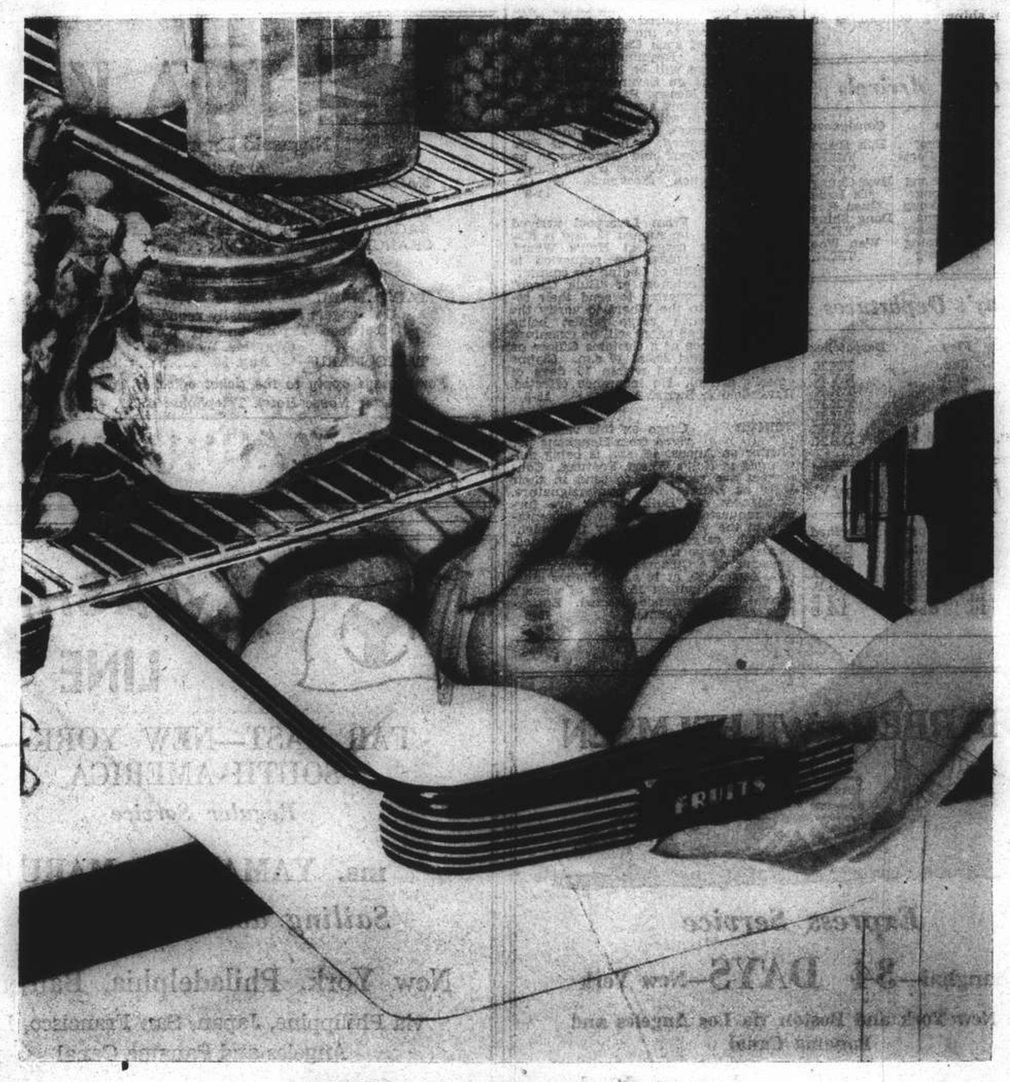

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FROM DAY TO DAY

THE ss. Dairen Maru of the D.K.K. Line will sail from their Whangpoo Wharf at 9 a.m. today, bound for Tsingtao and Dairen.

MR. H. M. Hind, Far Eastern Manager of the Phoenix Assurance Company left for Japan on Sunday in the Asama Maru. He is accompanied by Mrs. Hind.

MR. R. S. Heaney, M.B.E., who went to England some months ago to join the War Office, has returned to Shanghai, and taken up his post as Passport Officer in the British Consulate again.

AN alarm raised by one of the inmates of 241 Chihli Road foiled the attempt of two bandits, one of them in possession of a pistol, to rob the place. The robbers took to their heels without stealing anything.

"BUSINESS as usual" tonight, 8.30 to 9, over XMHD (760 kcs). No interference can stop the flow of questions from Jack Wantoknow nor detract from the wisdom of Solomon's answers. Tune in to the third of these talks on the "Questions of Jack Wantoknow."

THREE Chinese coolies were badly burned and taken to the Yangtszepoo Hospital at 12.50 p.m. yesterday when they dropped a jar of sulphuric acid, which they were unloading from a truck behind Kong Tai Hosiery Factory at 1060 Ward Road. The trio sustained serious burns to their legs.

YUE Sing Pao, licensee of the Creamery Dana Bakery, located at 1200 Bubbling Well Road, was fined $10 at the Shanghai Special District Court on August 9, for keeping and exposing for sale butter which upon analysis was found to be adulterated by the addition of 89 per cent. of margarine fat.

THURSDAY will be the regular meeting of the Rotary Club, which will be held at the Metropole Hotel, 1st Floor at 12.15 p.m. Rotarian L. Stark will be the speaker on "Sugar as seen from Java's point of view." In addition to the regular meeting this week, on August 17 the president's annual garden party will be held at St. John's University.

THE Norwegian Legation in Shanghai has received telegraphic information from the Norwegian Legation in London to the effect that Mr. R. E. Schoenfeld, Chief Secretary to the American Embassy in London has assumed the post as the United States of America's Chargé d'Affaires a.i. to the Royal Norwegian Government, at present in London.

A CREDITORS meeting was convened at the Shanghai Bankers Club on Sunday under the auspices of the City Chamber of Commerce and a decision taken for the liquidation of the local branch of the Nanking Commercial and Savings Bank, which has suspended business from June 18, says a report in the "Sin Wan Pao."

THE municipal brass band will play the following Programme in Public Garden today at 6 p.m. (weather permitting).

Overture "Morning, Noon and Night" ..... Suppe
Valse "Eldorado" ..... Roule
Duet "Excelsior" ..... Balfe
Selection "The Mikado" ..... Sullivan
Selection "Lohengrin" ..... Wagner
Polka "Hannah" ..... Kuhnet
Suite "Scènes Pittoresque" ..... Massenet

Wilfrid W. Sayer, Band-Master.

AN official of the Shanghai Municipal Council stated yesterday that no reply has been received by the Council until now, to the protest which it made to the local Japanese military authorities some time ago regarding the encroachment on a Municipal road in Yangtzepoo by the merge of the jetties of three big Japanese shipping companies in Shanghai.

Yesterday's Arrivals

Name	From	Consignees
Antai	Hsinkong	Dah Hsing
Fengyang M.	River Ports	T.K.K.
Anshing	Keelung	T.K.K.
Kanre M.	Tsingkong	Hwa Chung
Haitung	Hsinkong	Ta Lung
Tawha	Tsingkong	Quen Kee
Bonho	Hsinkong	Dong Shing
Chekiang M.	Tsungming	T.K.K.
Talien	Tsungming	Wan Woo
Taiko M. 18	Hsinkong	T.K.K.

Yesterday's Departures

Name	Flag	Despatcher
Shanghai M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Okitu M.	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Chingning M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Chialing M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Tachi M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Santen M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Melbourne M.	Jap.	O.S.K.

Men-of-War in Port

Name	Flag	Type	Berthed
Luzon	Am.	Gbt.	B.N.B.
Oahu	Am.	Gbt.	F.N.B.
D. de Lagree	Fr.	Gbt.	K.S.D.
Fran. Garnier	Fr.	Gbt.	F.N.B.
Carlotto	Itl.	Gbt.	1-2 B
Lepanto	Itl.	Gbt.	1-2 B

SHIPPING NEWS

Due at Future Dates

All vessels are listed under their terminal port. The first date is that of the ship's departure from that port, and the second is the date she is due to arrive in Shanghai. Where a ship's name is duplicated it indicates the port of call last visited.

On account of the present international situation there is considerable interference with movements of ships, especially those from Europe. In cases where it is definitely known that the vessel is not running to schedule the Shanghai arrival date is omitted.

EUROPE AND STRAITS

From Liverpool
H'kusan M 2/7 16/8

From Liverpool
Haruna M 12/7 22/8

AMERICA AND JAPAN

From New York
Dona A'ceta — 19/8
St. Voyager — 21/9
Sagoland — 23/9
P Polk 9/8 24/9

From Los Angeles
P Harrison 15/7 14/8
K'kura M 31/7 26/8
P Coolidge 5/8 27/8

From San Francisco
P Coolidge 9/8 27/8

From Seattle
Satartia 30/7 21/8

From Honolulu
K'kura M 8/8 26/8

From Yokohama
H'kusan M 22/8 31/8

From Kobe
P Harrison 10/8 14/8
Taiyo M 14/8 17/8

From Nagasaki
N'saki M 13/8 14/8

CHINA PORTS

From Dairen
T'tao M 12/8 14/8

Vessels Sailing

NORTH CHINA COAST

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J.-C-J.L. 3 SAILINGS MONTHLY TO AMOY, HONGKONG MANILA AND NETHERLANDS EAST INDIES PORTS. For Freight and Passage please apply to Java-China-Japan Lijn Agentschap, Shanghai N.V., Brunner Mond Building, 133 Szechuen Road. Telephone 16247.

AMERICA

GOYO MARU NEW YORK, BOSTON, Aug. 19. PHILADELPHIA & BALTIMORE via SAN FRANCISCO & LOS ANGELES. For freight please apply to Showa shipping Co., Ltd., 130 Hankow Road, Telephone Nos. 18650 and 16118. 19-8

KYUSYU MARU FOR LOS ANGELES, Aug. 20. CRISTOBAL, NEW YORK, BOSTON, PORTLAND, PHILADELPHIA AND BALTIMORE.—O.S.K. LINE. TEL. 15323, 15324. 17-8

The undermentioned vessels are due to leave Shanghai on the dates indicated.

For Liverpool
Kasima M 22/9

For Bombay and Calcutta
Atago M 6/9

For New York
Bardaland 14/8
P Harrison 15/8
Yamazuki M 16/8
Goyo M 19/8
Kyusyu M 20/8
Dona Aniceta 20/8
Tosan M 30/8
Steel Voyager 22/9
P Polk 25/9

For Los Angeles
Bardaland 14/8
Brageland 10/9

For San Francisco
Kamakura M 2/9

For Manila
P Harrison 15/8
Satartia 24/8
P Coolidge 28/8
P Polk 25/9

For Hongkong
P Harrison 15/8
Kamakura M 27/8
P Coolidge 28/8
P Polk 25/9

For Kobe
Hakusan M 17/8
Taiyo M 21/8

For Nagasaki
Nagasaki M 15/8
Shanghai M 17/8

For Dairen
Dairen M 13/8
Tsingtao M 16/8
Hoten M 18/8
Dairen M 21/8
Tsingtao M 24/8

Vessels Discharging

TANDA. The E. & A. S. S. Co's ss. Tanda from Australia & Ports. This steamer is discharging Cargo at the Old Ningpo Wharf. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature, and take immediate delivery of their Cargo. Consignees of "Bulk Cargo" will further be required to send their Representatives to the Wharf to verify the weights of such Cargo whilst it is being landed. Examination of ship-damaged cargo will be held at the Old Ningpo Wharf on Saturday, August 17 at 9 a.m. by Messrs. Paulsen & Bayes-Davy. All Claims against this steamer must be sent in within fifteen days from date of Steamer's arrival, or they will not be recognised. All risks of Fire etc. at the Wharf and Gedowns to be borne by the Censigness of the Cargo. Pro. Mackinnon Mackenzie & Co. Agents. 14-8

MENTOR. From Liverpool arrived on August 12, and is discharging her cargo at Holt's Wharf, Pootung. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature. Consignees of "Bulk Cargo" are further requested to send their representative to the Wharf to verify the weight of such cargo whilst being landed. Damaged cargo will be examined in the presence of a Customs Officer on Tuesday, August 20, at 10 a.m. Claims must be presented within 15 days of vessel's arrival. No insurance effected. Butterfield & Swire, Agents. 15-8

TEUCER Cargo ex this vessel arrived from Hongkong per Mentor on August 12, and is being discharged at Holt's Wharf, Pootung. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature. Consignees of "Bulk Cargo" are further requested to send their representative to the Wharf to verify the weight of such cargo whilst being landed. Damaged cargo will be examined in the presence of a Customs Officer on Tuesday, August 20, at 10 a.m. Claims must be presented within 15 days of vessel's arrival. No insurance effected. Butterfield & Swire, Agents. 15-8

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Orient-California Line
via Honolulu
KAMAKURA MARU .. Sept. 2
ASAMA MARU ..... Sept. 29
NITTA MARU ..... Oct. 14
TATUTA MARU ..... Oct. 24

Orient-Seattle Line
via Vancouver
From Kobe
YAWATA MARU, Maiden voyage ..... Aug. 26
HIKAWA MARU .... Sept. 7
HIE MARU ..... Sept. 23

Orient-New York Line
via Los Angeles and Panama
AZUMA MARU ..... Aug. 24
NOZIMA MARU ..... Sept. 5
SAKURA MARU ..... Sept. 13

Japan-Australia Line
via Hongkong and Manila
From Nagasaki
KAMO MARU ..... Aug. 23

European Mail Line
For Liverpool via Straits, Colombo Durban, Cape Town, and Lisbon
KASIMA MARU ..... Sept. 22

Japan-Bombay Line
Singapore, Colombo, Bombay, Kundla and Karachi
ATAGO MARU ..... Sept. 6

Orient-South America Line
West coast ports via San Francisco from Kobe
NOTO MARU ..... Aug. 19
NAKO MARU ..... Aug. 27

Shanghai—Kobe Yokohama Line
HAKUSAN MARU .... Aug. 18

Shanghai-Hongkong Line
KAMAKURA MARU .. Aug. 27

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	Arrival	Departure (summer time)
NAGASAKI MARU	Aug. 14 (Wayside Wharf)	Aug. 15 at 9 a.m. (Wayside Wharf)
SHANGHAI MARU	Aug. 16	Aug. 17 at 9 a.m.
NAGASAKI MARU	Aug. 19	Aug. 20 at 9 a.m.
SHANGHAI MARU	Aug. 21	Aug. 22 at 9 a.m.

Kobe Express Sevice

TAIYO MARU Aug. 18 ..... Aug. 21 at 7 a.m.
(Passengers are cordially requested to go on board between 7 p.m. and 11 p.m. of the 20th.)
(Wayside Wharf) (Wayside Wharf)
TAIYO MARU Aug. 30 ..... Sept. 3

For passage apply to the ticket office of Toa Kaiun Kaisya at Astor House Hotel. Telephones 45297, 42350, 42359

TOA KAIUN KAISYA
5 THE BUND TELEPHONE 19600

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ms. CROWN CITY	Sailed	Sailed	Aug. 10	Aug. 15/25
ss. COLLINGSWORTH	Sailed	In Port/Aug. 10	Aug. 14	Aug. 19/29
ss. SATARTIA	Sailed	Aug. 21/25	Aug. 29	Sept. 3/13

Subject to change without notice

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Swedish ms. "BRAGELAND"
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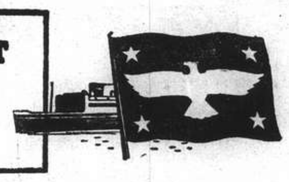

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PRES. HARRISON ..... Aug. 15
PRES. COOLIDGE ..... Aug. 28
PRES. POLK ..... Sept. 25

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D. K. K.

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	Arrival (Whangpoo Wharf)	Departure (Daylight Saving Time)
ss. DAIREN MARU	Aug. 11	Aug. 13 at 9 a.m.
ss. TSINGTAO MARU	Aug. 14	Aug. 16 at 9 a.m.
ss. HOTEN MARU	Aug. 16	Aug. 18 at 9 a.m.
ss. DAIREN MARU	Aug. 19	Aug. 21 at 9 a.m.
ss. TSINGTAO MARU	Aug. 22	Aug. 24 at 9 a.m.
ss. HOTEN MARU	Aug. 25	Aug. 27 at 9 a.m.

SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-TIENTSIN-DAIREN-LINE
(Freight only)
ss. KOGA MARU ..... Aug. 13

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110 Szechuen Road Telephone 19646

O. S. K.

Shanghai Sailing
For New York via Los Angeles
KYUSYU MARU ..... Aug. 20
TOSAN MARU ..... Aug. 30

Kobe Sailings
For South America via S. Africa
BRAZIL MARU ..... Sept. 15
For South America via Panama
RIO de JANEIRO MARU Oct. 28
For E. and S. Africa and S. America
ARABIA MARU ..... Sept. 27
For West Africa via S. Africa
TOA MARU ..... Aug. 28

Kobe Sailings
For Australia and New Zealand
TOKYO MARU ..... Sept. 1
For Bombay and Karachi
LONDON MARU ..... Aug. 26
For Rangoon and Calcutta
HAGUE MARU ..... Aug. 24
HAMBURG MARU .... Sept. 13
For Haiphong, Saigon and Bangkok
SAIGON MARU ..... Sept. 29

Nagasaki Sailings
For Manila, Cebu and Davao
MEXICO MARU ..... Aug. 23

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MONDAY, AUGUST 12, 1940

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Pesos	10⅝	100
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BANK'S BUYING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 3 13/16d.	$ 62.95
U.S. $100 @ 5 9/16	$1,797.00
London—demand, $1=	3[illegible]d.
4 months' sight credits	3[illegible]d.
4 months' sight docts	3[illegible]d.
6 months' sight credits	3[illegible]d.
6 months' sight docts	3[illegible]d.
New York—demand, $100=	U.S.$[illegible]
4 months' sight credits	U.S.$[illegible]
4 months' sight docts	U.S.$5[illegible]

NEW YORK/LONDON CASH RATES

£1=U.S. $3.97½ U.S. $1=60.38d.

INTERBANK CLOSING SELLING RATES

Sterling ...... 3[illegible]d. U.S. .... $5[illegible]
Hongkong/London .... 1/2[illegible]

WEI WAH DISCOUNT

Wei Wah $1,045.00 .... C.N.$1,000.00

NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY

Java Guilders .... Buying —
Java Guilders .... Selling 10

AMERICAN EXPRESS CO., INC.

Buying U.S.$100=$1,818.181 £1=$64.000
Selling U.S.$100=$1,869.465 £1=$65.084

HUA HSING COMMERCIAL BANK

Sterling Selling Rate @ 66 per H.H.$ 1
" Buying " @ 6[illegible] " H.H.$ 1
U.S.$ Selling " @ 8[illegible] " H.H.$100
" Buying " @ 8½ " H.H.$100
Local $ (Fapi) selling @ 160 per H.H.$100
buying @ 165 " H.H.$100

CUSTOMS OFFICIAL RATES FOR DUTY PAYMENTS

Gold Unit 1.00—Hua Hsing $2.836
Gold Unit 1.00—Local Dollar $4.708

Local Exchange Report

Messrs. Drakeford, Davis & Wilson

INTER BANK CASH DELIVERY

	Highest	Lowest
£	3[illegible]	3[illegible]
U.S. G.$	5½	5[illegible]

MERCHANT CLOSING RATES

SELLING			BUYING
Cash			August
£ T.T.	3[illegible]	4 m/s. l.c.	3[illegible]
G.$ T.T.	5[illegible]	4 m/s. l.c.	5[illegible]
Rs. T.T.	20⅝	15 d/s.	21¼

BAR SILVER

	READY	FOR'D
Bombay Rs. per 100 tolas	63.65	—

Bombay offtake 25 bars.

NEW YORK/LONDON CASH RATES

New York closing rate for Aug. 10 3.97½
Local Sellers of U.S.$ against £ at the close 3.53
Local Buyers of U.S.$ against £ at the close 3.55

The local exchange market opened with sellers to merchants at 3 11/16 sterling and 5⅝ U.S.$.

The Interbank market was quiet with speculators inactive. Outport selling caused quotations to appreciate gradually from the opening rates of 3 11/16d. sterling and 5⅝ U.S. dollars up to the close, at which time the market was quiet and steady at:—

3[illegible] sterling 5[illegible] U.S.$ Cash/Aug.
3[illegible] " 5[illegible] " Sept.

Emergency Bank Regulations

Chungking, Aug. 12.

The Ministry of Finance announces emergency bank control regulations effective as from August 7 as follows: firstly, 20 per cent. of a bank's ordinary deposits must be deposited with any of the four Government banks; secondly, banks may not directly engage in business enterprises or hoarding of commodities, whether through the bank or its trust department and other departments; thirdly, remittances to ports must be for purchase of daily necessities or commodities vital for the war; fourthly, bank employees, like Government officials cannot engage in business enterprises.

Violation of the regulations concerning the first and third points is subject to a fine of from $3,000 to $10,000. If a bank or an employee engages in business the amount of the fine shall not exceed half of the Capital involved.—Reuter.

French Financial Situation

Clermont-Ferrand, Aug. 11.

The remarkable strength of quotations in French Rentes despite the present tragic circumstances, was stressed by the paper "Le Temps" today in a review of the French financial situation.

Despite the small volume of business, the paper added, quotations in many French Rentes are higher at present than they were three and a half years ago when there was no talk of war.

"This shows that the French investor does not doubt that there will be an improvement in State credit," the paper went on. As regards share quotations, their persistent firmness shows that purchases were more important than sales during the past few weeks. All this proves the confidence of the public in France's economic recovery.—Havas.

Manila Gold Shares

(Bids in Pesos)

Aug. 12.	Bid Prices a.m. Closing	p.m. Closing
Atoks	Unq.	.13
Baguio Gold	.13	.15
Benguet Consolidated	4.30 *	—
Big Wedge	.155	.155
Consolidated Mines	.0023	.0022 S
Demonstration	.08	.08 S
East Mindanao	.0675	.0675
I. X. L.	.22	.22
Itogen	.155	.155
Masbate Consolidated	.0775 S	.0775 S
Mine Operations	.035	.035
North Camarines	.025	.025
Paracale Gumaus	.135	.135
Surigao Consolidated	.155 S	.155 S
United Paracale	.155	.155
Mindanao Motherlode	.0925 S	.09 S

Turnover for the Morning: 8,500
Shares Index: (Morning Session) 49.75.
The market will remain closed today.
*—Over counter. S—Sales.—Reuter.

Silver Quotations

London, Aug. 12.

"Spot" silver remained unchanged, while the forward quotation declined.

	Aug. 9	Aug. 12
London spot	23½d.	23½d.
" forward	22⅝d.	22½d.
" gold	168/-	168/-

—Reuter.

Shanghai Stocks

Yesterday's Business

After an indifferent start owing to the uncertain news over the weekend, the market almost immediately became firm, until at the afternoon's close there were many unsatisfied buyers at rates higher than the last business of Friday. Amongst individual shares in a good day's business, Docks and Ewos were as usual outstanding, with a fair business done in Telephones at rates from $34 at the opening to $38 at the close. The rubber market was well supported.

Official Averages

High	Low		Today's Average	Change
456.53	108.32	General	241.31	+5.93
485.40	93.55	Rubbers	254.07	+1.53

Total 336,601 shares, 410 bonds.

Morning Session

I. I. Trust			500	14.50	500	14.30
	500	*14.30	1500	14.40	2000	*14.60
	7500	14.50				
S'hai Loan					1500	17.00
Yangtsze Finance			500	9.40	1000	9.50
S'hai Securities			2000	3.65	1000	3.62½
Bakerite					400	19.00
China Realty			3500	9.00	3500	9.05
S'hai Land					3000	9.90
Metro. Land					1000	9.00
Dockyards			200	26.50	1000	26.25
	100	26.00	200	*26.25	700	26.50
	2400	26.25	600	26.50	100	26.75
	600	*26.75	2600	27.00	5900	26.75
	1200	*27.00	400	27.00	300	*26.75
	200	*26.75	500	*27.00	1800	26.75
	900	*27.00	700	27.00	500	*26.75
	1600	26.75				
Wheelock (Old)			200	57.00	900	59.50
	200	60.50	200	*60.50	300	*60.00
	600	58.50	100	*58.50	200	*58.00
	100	59.00	400	59.50	1100	*60.00
	1500	60.00	100	*59.50	400	59.50
Wheelock (New)			100	54.00	500	55.00
	300	*55.00	200	*56.00	400	55.50
	200	54.50	100	*54.00	1100	54.00
	200	53.50	100	*53.50	700	55.00
	100	55.50	800	54.50		
C. G. Omnibus			300	17.80	100	*17.80
	1800	18.00	100	17.90	300	18.00
S'hai Gas			100	15.40	500	15.50
Telephone			600	34.00	500	34.25
	200	*34.50	300	34.50	200	34.75
	100	*35.00	200	35.25	100	35.00
	600	35.50	200	*35.50	700	36.00
Tram (Bearer) £1					100	*44.00
China Finance			1000	0.95	1000	0.96
Metal			300	22.25	300	*22.25
	200	22.50	100	23.00	100	24.00
	1600	23.25	2500	23.50	300	*23.25
	700	*23.50	3700	23.50	200	23.75
	1100	23.50				
S. W. W. "A" £20					13†	800.00
Exploration			500	15.90	2000	16.00
	1000	16.10	2500	15.90	1500	*16.00
	4500	15.90	3000	*16.00	15000	16.00
Lumber			100	*37.00	200	37.00
	400	36.75				
Power (Pref)			50	133.00	20	*133.75
	20	*134.00	10	134.00		
Ewo Mills (Ord)			600	33.00	400	32.75
	300	32.50	600	*32.75	400	33.00
	600	33.25	100	*33.75	500	33.75
	100	33.50	400	*33.50	2900	33.75
	200	33.50	200	*33.75	600	*33.50
	1000	33.75	1700	33.50	200	*33.75
	100	*33.50	6700	33.75	100	*33.75
Anglo Dutch			100	17.20	200	17.40
	400	17.30				
Anglo Java			200	*33.25	1600	33.50
	1300	33.75				
Batu Anam			3000	1.36	6000	1.40
	1000	*1.40	4000	1.42		
Chemor					1000	2.60
Cheng			2000	*0.77	13000	0.82
	5000	0.83	4000	0.84		
Kroewoek					1000	2.40
Langkat			200	23.50	300	23.25
	1800	24.00	1200	24.25	500	24.50
	400	*24.00	300	24.25	100	*24.25
	300	24.25				
Padang (X.D.)					1000	2.95
Kelantan			7000	0.90	1000	0.89
	2000	0.91				
Tebong			5000	1.52	1000	*1.52
	1000	1.54	1000	1.52		
Ziangbe			100	20.00	500	20.25
Power 5½% Debs.					31000	88.25
	10000	*88.25				

ODD LOTS

Cheng	300	0.84
I. I. Trust	100	*14.70
S'hai Gas	46	15.60
China Realty	200	9.00
Langkat	50	24.00

Afternoon Session

I. I. Trust			1000	14.70	500	14.80
	500	15.00				
S'hai Loan			1000	17.20	1000	17.30
Yangtsze Finance					500	9.70
S'hai Securities					1500	3.65
Int. Assurance					3000	9.50
China Realty			2000	9.05	1500	9.10
S'hai Land			500	*10.00	2000	10.00
Dockyards			1100	26.75	100	*26.75
	700	*27.00	2000	27.00	1700	27.25
	1600	27.50	400	*27.50	500	27.25
	100	27.50				
Wheelock (Old)			100	*59.50	500	*60.00
	300	60.00	700	60.50	300	*61.00
	400	61.00	100	*61.50	300	61.50
	1000	*62.00	600	61.50		
Wheelock (New)			200	54.50	1000	55.00
	200	55.50	500	56.00	800	56.50
	100	57.00				
C. G. Omnibus			100	18.10	100	*18.20
S'hai Gas					400	15.50
Telephone			600	36.50	200	36.00
	100	*36.50	100	36.75	500	37.00
	200	37.25	200	*37.00	100	*37.25
	1300	37.50	300	37.25	300	37.75
	300	*37.50	800	37.75	1200	38.00
	200	*38.00				
Tram (Bearer) £1					100	45.00
China Finance			4000	0.97	1000	0.98
	1000	*0.98				
Metal			1500	23.50	200	*23.25
	200	*23.50	300	*23.75	900	23.75
	900	24.00	500	*24.00	100	24.25
Exploration			1500	16.10	500	16.20
	6500	16.30	500	*16.20	3500	16.40
	3000	*16.50	2500	16.50	3000	16.60
	500	*16.60	500	*16.50	1000	16.50
Lumber			900	37.00	100	*37.00
Power (Pref)					20	134.00
Ewo Mills (Ord)			1500	33.75	300	*34.00
	3200	34.00	100	*33.75	1000	34.25
	1200	34.50	2500	34.25		
Anglo Dutch			100	17.30	400	17.40
	700	17.50				
Anglo Java			900	33.75	700	34.00
	600	*34.00				
Batu Anam			8000	1.44	8000	1.46
	2000	1.48				
Cheng			4000	0.83	2000	0.84
Kota					1000	4.85
Kroewoek			1000	2.40	1000	2.45
Langkat			400	24.25	1100	24.75
Rubber Trust					500	9.05
Senawang					3000	1.54
Kelantan			1000	0.91	1000	*0.92
	5000	0.92				
Seremban					1000	2.15
Tebong			2000	*1.54	4000	1.54
	1000	1.56				
Ziangbe			100	20.50	300	20.75
	500	21.00				

ODD LOTS

S'hai Land	100	10.10	100	10.00
Kota			500	4.75
Senawang			40	1.4
Exploration			25	16.00
S'hai Loan			7	17.00

*—Direct Business.

Local Commodities

Yesterday's Prices

Saigon rice per shih (176 lb.)	$59.20
Wheat .... per picul (50 kilos)	$21.20
Flour, local .. per bag (49lb.)	15.00
	picul
Raw silk, Steamfil, 13/15 83%	$5,700
" " 20/22 78%	4,950 nom.

Renault Plants Start Operating Again

Clermont-Ferrand, Aug. 11.

The Renault plants at Billancourt, outside Paris, started operating again on August 4. "Le Temps" announced today. The factories will concentrate on the manufacture of charcoal gas consuming vehicles.—Havas.

First Interest Payment Set

Chungking, Aug. 12.

The Ministry of Finance announces the first payment of interest amounting to $18,000,000 for the 1940 military supplies bonds is due on August 31. Payment will be made by all branches of the Central Bank or its agents, who will settle the interest within a period of three years from date.—Reuter.

The New York Market

July Shows Dullest Appearance in Two Decades; Turnover Shrinks Considerably

By courtesy of Swan, Culbertson & Fritz

Throughout July the New York Stock Market presented the dullest appearance in more than two decades, with volume of trading only 7,300,000 shares compared with 15,570,000 shares in June and 37,960,000 shares the month before. In one full trading session on July 24, turnover shrank to 200,000 shares, virtually an all-time record low. Price changes were insignificant, with the Dow-Jones industrial average in the first week of the month moving within a range of only .63; in the second week .15; in the third week 1.40, and in the fourth week .81.

The super inactivity of the market was ascribed to the lack of clarification of political and military developments. At the beginning of the period utilities, especially preferreds, ruled firm, reflecting not only the Republican nominee Mr. Wendell Willkie's good prospects, but also increased power requirements as a consequence of the Defense Program's needs. On July 16, though volume of trading remained at a low ebb, prices gained rather impressively, following the British Prime Minister, Mr. Winston Churchill's statement, that Great Britain would fight to a finish. "War babies" led the advance but subsequently profit-taking reduced prices when follow-through buying failed to develop. The best showing which the market made during the month came in the last three trading sessions with volume significantly expanding as stock prices were marked up. Financial observers expressed the opinion that the advance largely reflected the accumulation of favourable business news, aided by further optimistic reports and indications that Great Britain was demonstrating stronger resistance than had been anticipated several months ago.

Prices Unchanged

Commodity prices, as gauged by the Dow-Jones 11 Commodity Index, were practically unchanged. Early in the month wheat futures at Chicago registered some improvement when it appeared that the Balkan countries might become involved in the European hostilities and increasing attention focused on the probability of an eventual acute food shortage in Europe. Later, on the sale of 600,000 bushels of Pacific wheat to China under the subsidy, some further gains were made, but reports of good rains in the northwest checked the rise. At the month-end, better conditions prevailed on mill and short-covering, partly because of the Argentine stoppage of exports, further indications of curtailed European and Southern Hemisphere production and a high percentage of arrivals continuing to be placed into the loan. The artificial shortage, caused by farm holding, imparted a steady tone to the corn market despite the fact that the long range supply situation continues bearish. Hot weather and deficient moisture conditions lifted corn prices by the month end to their best levels since May 27. Early in the period cotton futures were under the influence of liquidation of the July option and fresh talk of further mill curtailment. Subsequently, the partly unfavourable Government weekly weather report failed to stimulate activity with only small trade buying in evidence. Rubber futures ruled easy at the beginning of the period owing to the extreme uncertainties in the Far East, large tire inventories and lower sales. Afterwards, the increasing possibility of supply complications, with only three months commercial supplies on hand and the approaching Government purchases, occasioned a more favourable price attitude. At the month-end there was large switching of the September to the December option on the belief that the accumulation of stocks will narrow premiums further and cause a lack of demand for nearbys.

Range of Averages

Steel activity continued well maintained with operations by the month-end practically reaching the limit of productive capacity and conditions resembling those of the Spring of 1937 and the Fall of 1939 as bottle-necks developed resulting from a maximum output. Additional blast-furnaces are being reconditioned, and beehive coke-ovens pressed back into service. It is estimated that the United States Defense Programme's steel requirements for the next two years will exceed 12,000,000 tons. The magazine "Iron Age" reported that June bookings had been the best since 1929; also that only the complete cessation of hostilities would alter the forward picture for the industry and then only temporarily. Substantial orders from automobile manufacturers and good buying for railroad equipment are expected shortly. It has been announced that the Bethlehem Steel Corporation is refunding $23,000,000 of their 3½ per cent. obligations due in 1952, and that the company has been awarded contracts totalling $414,000,000 by the U.S. Navy.

Half-yearly earnings estimates and backlogs, according to a cable report, were given as follows: Curtiss Wright $0.55 to $0.65 and $200,000,000; Lockheed Aircraft $2.00 and $160,000,000. and Glenn L. Martin $4.00 and $11,000,000. Domestic air-lines are estimated to have flown 100,000,000 revenue miles in June, the largest month in history. For the six months ended June 30, Consolidated Aircraft booked orders amounting to $55,136,721, increasing its backlog to $96,870,000, while Douglas Aircraft for the quarter ended May 31 reported backlogs amounting to $140,000,000. The Reconstruction Finance Corporation is offering Wright Aeronautical $30,000,000 for eight years at 4 per cent. American Telephone and Telegraph earnings for the June quarter were equal to $2.40 a share compared with $2.16 a share earned in the corresponding 1939 quarter. For the twelve months their June net income was equivalent to $9.92 a share against $8.39 a share earned in the preceding twelve months. Mr. Edward Stettinius, Jr., a member of the National Defense Advisory Committee, stated that plans had now been perfected for the production of sufficient synthetic rubber to make the United States independent. Tire shipments last month were 15 per cent. over June 1939 and the largest since 1932, while exports were 40 per cent. above the 1936/39 average.

Steel Activity Maintained

The range of the three Dow-Jones averages for the month was as follows:—

	30 Industrial	20 Rails	15 Utilities
End of June	121.87	26.18	22.67
High for July	126.14	27.09	22.84
Low for July	120.96	25.70	21.92
End of July	126.14	26.92	22.70
Change in points	+4.27	+.74	+.03
Change in per cent	+3.50%	+2.83	+.13%

Gains in excess of 15 per cent. registered by individual stocks included the following:—

	End of June	July
Allis Chalmers	27⅛	32½
Aluminium Ltd.	55	65
Amer. Metal	13	15½
Chrysler	62½	73½
Distillers Corp. Seagrams	14	16¾
Owens-Illinois Glass	47½	57½
Schenley	8½	10½
Woodward Iron	22½	26⅞

The Dow-Jones average for 40 corporate bonds rose from 87.17 to 88.38. The stock of monetary gold increased from $19,871,000,000 to $20,367,000,000, while demand deposits were reported at $20,984,000,000 vs. $20,495,000,000 and brokers' loans at $288,000,000 vs. $276,000,000.

The Dow-Jones 11 Commodity Index dropped from 51.82 to 51.07 while futures moved as follows:—

	End of June	July
Chicago Wheat	74⅜	76
Winnipeg Wheat	73⅝	73⅝
Corn	57⅝	62⅛
Cotton	9.19	9.39
Rubber	19.00	19.38
Hides	10.45	9.02
Sugar	1.05	.92½
Cocoa	4.80	3.97

The New York Times composite business index dropped from 102.8 to 101.1 vs. 90.6 for the corresponding period a year ago. Activity in the leading individual fields was reported as follows:—

	Previous	Latest
Steel operations (% of cap.)	86.5	90.4
Carloadings (carloads)	728,000	730,000
Elec. power prod. (kw. hrs.)	*2,509,000	*2,601,000
Aver. daily oil prod. (bbls.)	3,846,000	3,690,000
Automobile output (cars)	90,060	34,822

*000 omitted.

Periods of extreme dullness with a minimum volume of trading are frequently followed by advances varying in magnitude. As one competent market analyst recently stated, "Nine out of ten opinions are that the pending blitzkrieg against England will so demoralize stocks as to produce the bargains of the century, but the mass of opinion may well be wrong as it was in 1929, in 1933 and in 1937. The immobility of the market in the face of dire war news may prove as correct as its refusal to boom during the past ten months, proving that it correctly appraised the war trends and the fall of nations." Technically, there will probably be no sustained movement in either direction until the rail and industrial averages perform together.

A New Utility Co. In Japan, China

Joint German, Japanese Electrical Enterprise To Be Launched

Tokyo, Aug. 11.

Following negotiations with the German utility company A.E.G. (Allgemeine Elektrizitaets Gesellschaft) a contract has been signed for the establishment of two new utility companies, one in Tokyo and one in China, with the joint participation of German and Japanese capital, Minister of Commerce and Industry Ichizo Kobayashi told the "Japan Times" today.

The contract was negotiated by Mr. Kobayashi himself on behalf of the Tokyo Electric Light Co., of which he was at the time chairman of the board of directors. He undertook the negotiations when he paid a recent visit to Germany as a member of the Japanese Economic Mission which visited Italy and the Reich in April, 1940.

Materialization of the plan is subject to its approval by the German and Japanese Governments.

Business of the two new firms would include the laying of power lines and the production of electrical apparatus of all types, from electrical machinery down to radios, clocks, fans and other articles used in daily life.

One third of the necessary capital will be put up each by the A.E.G., the Tokyo Electric Company and the Okura Gumi. As for the firm in China, A.E.G. will put up half the capital, the other half being shared by the two Japanese firms mentioned above.—Havas.

Japanese to Manufacture Leather From Eelskins

Tokyo, Aug. 12.

Mass production of leather from a special type of eel found in the Korean Straits will be started shortly by the Kanegafuchi Jitsugyo Kaisha, a Japanese concern which recently invested Yen 3,000,000 in the enterprise.

The eels in question measure a little over one foot in length and are blind. They are found in deep water where they attack such large fish as sharks by burying their heads deep in the stomach of their prey and sucking their blood. Their skin is claimed a fine substitute for leather in the manufacture of gloves and handbags.

The flesh of these eels has hitherto been considered unfit for human consumption, but this has been disproved by further research. The oil obtained from the eels is being purchased in large lots by chemists in Osaka, and is believed to contain a considerable amount of hormones.—Havas.

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J. R. HUXTER, *Manager.*

The News of the Week
Our news is not based on rumours, but authentic, substantiated facts; the cartoons represent the best of their kind, by the leading masters of satire, while the other features are well written, and well illustrated by photographs. The *North-China Herald* is the ideal gift to send to the family and friends abroad.
EVERY WEDNESDAY
Including postage to China or Japan for 6 months $ 42
Inc. postage to Foreign Countries " $108
THE NORTH-CHINA HERALD
17 THE BUND, SHANGHAI TELEPHONE 11055

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SIX-ROOMED house with modern conveniences in the best part of French Concession for sale. Immediate occupation. For particulars address Box 1209, NCDN. -2228

FOR SALE, four semi-detached villas with gardens, in the central part of the French Concession, covering an area of 6.3.9.2 mow. No brokers. For particulars address Box 1185, NCDN. -2131

WANTED to buy or rent, small house with modern conveniences for private residence. State price, area, location and time for inspection. Address Box 1156, NCDN. -2128

APARTMENTS and houses for sale or to let in all districts of Shanghai. For all real estate problems consult: de Becker Law and Estate Offices 262/4 Hamilton House. Telephone 15633, 14859. -2107

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WANTED, fair-sized shop, attractive window space, in good locality, preferably Bubbling Well/Seymour. Reasonable rent. Address Box 1175, NCDN. 10705

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TO LET, two-roomed modern, steam-heated, fully-furnished apartment, bathroom, kitchen, verandah. Taxes, hot water, crockery, cutlery. Rent $400 Tifeng Road, bus 14 Foreigners only. Telephone 20666. 10720

TO LET fully furnished four-roomed apartment, 7th floor Haig Court, for the month of September. Apply Box 1220, NCDN. 10726

TO LET, two-roomed flat, private bathroom, verandah, garden, beautifully furnished, preferably couple, in a quiet guest-house. Address Box 1207, NCDN. -2235

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Unfurnished Apartments

TO LET apartments, flats, rooms, houses, furnished/unfurnished. General Investment Co., 233 Nanking Road, Room 122. 2265

TWO, three, four-roomed flats with balcony, without key-money. Concession. Shanghai Realty Co. -2254

TWO-ROOMED apartment, all modern conveniences, refrigerator, screened verandah, private roof-garden, through draft. Immediate occupation. 745 Yu Yuen Road. -2208

152 Route Destelan. Two, three, four-roomed apartments with bathroom and kitchen, for immediate occupation. Rental $300, $350, $400 per month, including hot and cold water and taxes. For further particulars apply Palmer & Turner Property Office, 17 Canton Road, Telephone 15100. 10540

Garages

WANTED, garage Rue Maresca or vicinity. Box 1198, NCDN. -2200

Lost

LOST, Customs' Receipt for temporary duty deposit No. 10533. Declared null and void. -2238

Medical

SEXUOLOGICAL CLINIC
Dir. Dr. J. KASSOFF, M.D.
Debility, Gland Disorders, Neurasthenia
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TELEPHONE 72245

Beauty Culture, etc.

Advertisements under this heading are carefully scrutinized before acceptance, and though no guarantee can be given readers may be reasonably assured of their bona fides.

LADY gives general massage, manicure 10-7 p.m. 205 Peking Road, Apartment 30, Second Floor. 10545

MRS. Mac gives massage, General-medical and special face massage, at client's home. Latest method. Telephone 76219. -2013

Dancing

MISS Lillian Grey, qualified instructress in ballroom dances, gives private lessons at Waldemar's Dancing Academy, 1272 Avenue Joffre. -1989

Rooms Without Board

WELL-FURNISHED room, all conveniences, corner Avenue Joffre, Route Ferguson, telephone 77051 during tiffin hours. -2247

TO LET, one/two well-furnished rooms facing south. Quiet persons only. 764/1 Rue Bourgeat. -2210

FURNISHED room with private bathroom and verandah, sixth floor downtown apartment building, beautifully cool, for 3½ months, maybe longer. Breakfast if required. Box 1221, NCDN. -10724

ONE room, furnished, facing south. Inspection: 12-2, 5-7. 371 Avenue du Roi Albert (King Albert Apartments), Apartment 5. -2248

LARGE, furnished room, all conveniences, apartment centre Concession preferably single gentleman/lady. Telephone 75914. -2243

Rooms with Board

THE Berkeley, 20/12 Seymour Road. One double south room, private bath. August 25. Telephone 36251. -2216

LARGE room with private bathroom. British preferred. Apply S. Eriksen, 335 Rue Bourgeat. -2266

PEKIN Apartments, 137 Peking Road. One large attic room with private bath. Telephone 16010, Mrs. Hartmans. -2256

THE Towers, 1182 Avenue Road. Comfortable double room, private bathroom, garden. Telephone 35534. -2233

FOREIGN hotel, apartment with or without board. Separate nicely furnished rooms with private bathrooms; modern conveniences and good service. Available immediately. Telephone 84899, 394 Avenue Joffre. -1959

WELL-FURNISHED room in apartment. All conveniences, private entrance, full board, use drawing-room, verandah, Seymour Road, Lane 159, House 14/2. -2113

COMFORTABLY furnished, one/two rooms in apartment. All conveniences, full board, beautiful roof-garden. 1225 Bubbling Well, 108/6 Burlington Court. -2113

WELL-FURNISHED south room, with verandah and big garden, full board. Available August 15. Villa Victor, 2032 Avenue Joffre. -2123

Animals

MALE kitten, clean and affectionate, would like excellent home. Telephone 34882. 10721

SERVICES of pedigreed male wire-haired terrier required. Telephone 10731, 9-12 noon. -2237

FOR SALE, two thoroughbred male dachshund puppies, 9 weeks old, cheap, to good homes. Telephone 73763. -2232

PEDIGREED Pekinese, seventeen months, well-trained, fond of children. Reasonable. Owner leaving. Telephone 36371. -2061

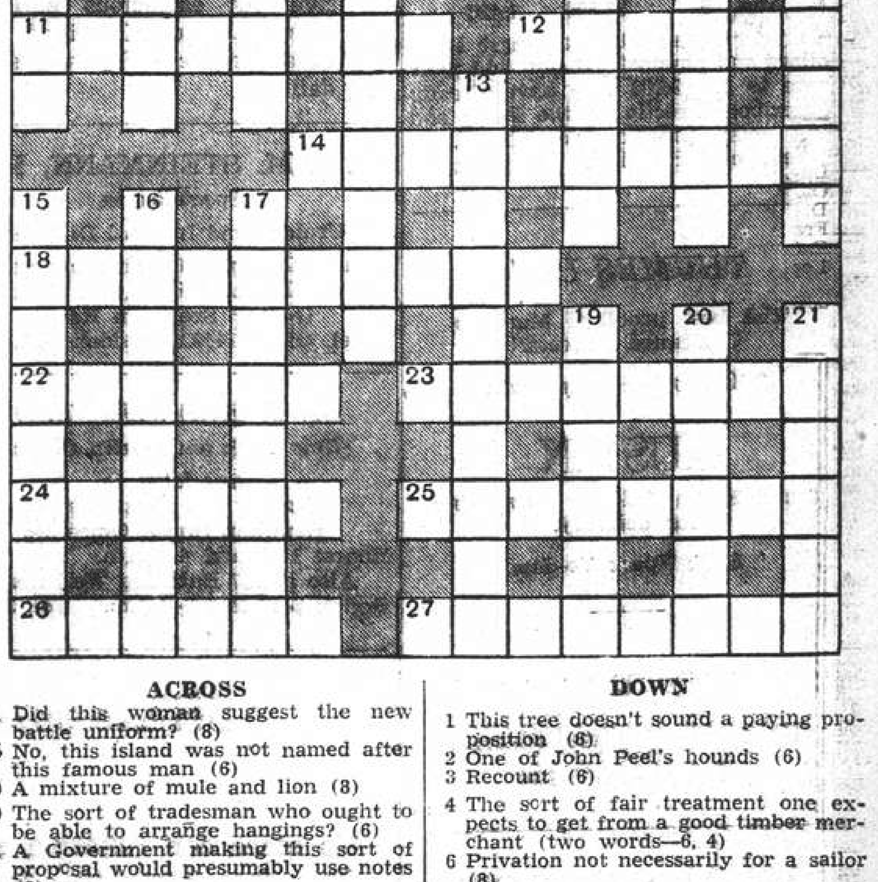
Furnished Houses

LARGE, foreign residence near Bubbling Well Road, 14 main rooms. Monthly rent US$160. For further particulars address Box 1197, NCDN. -2207

More Classified Ads. Overleaf

CROSSWORD PUZZLE No. 267

(By Arrangement with the "Daily Telegraph.")



ACROSS

1 Did this woman suggest the new battle uniform? (8)
5 No, this island was not named after this famous man (6)
9 A mixture of mule and lion (8)
10 The sort of tradesman who ought to be able to arrange hangings? (6)
11 A Government making this sort of proposal would presumably use notes (8)
12 Train (6)
14 Hear and decide (10)
18 "Lime in a bag" (anag.) (10)
22 French port (6)
23 That which a symbol represents; not opposed to printing (8)
24 A man may be thus tired in the words of the poet (6)
25 A matter of some interest probably (8)
26 If flowers have a meaning, these seem to suggest many untruths (6)
27 The dearth seems to be of no long duration (8)

DOWN

1 This tree doesn't sound a paying proposition (8)
2 One of John Peel's hounds (6)
3 Recount (6)
4 The sort of fair treatment one expects to get from a good timber merchant (two words—6, 4)
6 Privation not necessarily for a sailor (8)
7 They may come from damp soil (8)
8 Guarantors that seem to form certain attachments (8)
13 Describes the foreign thing of which we do not approve (10)
15 Fortunate recompense for a sailor suffering from a great blow (8)
16 A flower from the beer-hall (8)
17 Dissipate (8)
19 A Mohammedan of some rank (6)
20 Any decent dog would be ashamed of this relative of his (6)
21 Hawk (6)

Y'DAY'S SOLUTION.—ACROSS: 1, Lower; 4, Policeman; 8, Coxcomb; 9, In for it; 10, Soot; 11, Pippy; 12, Wish; 15, Level crossing; 17, Home to Blighty; 20, Wont; 21, Vault; 22, Blue; 25, Totally; 26, Ironing; 27, Horse show; 28, Rigid...DOWN: 1, Locksmith; 2, Wax doll; 3, Riot; 4, Public library; 5, Cuff; 6, Martini; 7, Notch; 9, Impartial view; 13, Ovate; 14, Asche; 16, Gilt-edged; 18, Minster; 19, Yelling; 20, Watch; 23, Flue; 24, Boar.

TO-DAY'S WEATHER PROBABILITIES

Cloudy, fine and hot weather with probably local showers and South-Easterly to South-Westerly winds over Shantung, our regions and the Eastern Sea.

	At Cathedral	At Siccawei
Temperature yesterday	min. 76.0 max. 95.0	min. 73.2 max. 95.5
„ same date last year	min. 75.0 max. 91.5	min. 74.3 max. 93.0

Rainfall 1.22

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

SHANGHAI, TUESDAY, AUGUST 13, 1940 (10th day of 7th moon)

AIR AND OCEAN MAILS

Pan American Airways Service per steamer on Aug. 15, at 11 a.m. for registered and at noon for ordinary due San Francisco on Aug. 27. Air mails for Europe may be sent by this service to U.S.A. for connection with the P.A.A. Trans-Atlantic Air Service.
Imperial Airways (H'kong, Bangkok, S. Africa, Australia) per steamer on Aug. 15, 11 a.m. registered and at noon ordinary.
Dairen and Japan Air Mails close daily at 8 p.m.

Next steamship mails for America and Europe: Aug. 22, and 31, 1940.

LEGAL AND OFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

Single copies 30 cents

Shanghai delivery	.....6 mos.	$42
China, Korea and Japan	..... „	46
Hongkong and Macao	..... „	55
Postal Union Countries	..... „	104

NORTH-CHINA HERALD

EVERY WEDNESDAY

Weekly Edition of the "North-China Daily News"

Single copies $2

Shanghai, China and Japan	..6 mos.	$42
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NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS & HERALD, LTD. (Incorporated in Hongkong)
Reg. Office: North-China Building, S'hai.
Telegrams: Herald Shanghai
P.O. Box 707 Telephone 11055

Letters should be addressed to the Secretary, North-China Daily News & Herald, Ltd., to whom all remittances should be made payable.

Announcements of Births, etc., in this column, $10 per insertion, including insertions in the NORTH-CHINA HERALD.

To-day's Events $3 per line, which includes all insertions till date of event.

BIRTH

DU BUS DE WARNAFFE.—On July 31, 1940, at Tsingtao, to Viscount and Viscountess DU BUS DE WARNAFFE, a daughter, Vinciane. 10716

ENGAGEMENT

CARVER—HERRIDGE.—Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Herridge announce the engagement of their daughter EMILY MARGARET to JOHN CLIFTON, eldest son of Captain E. C. Carver, Royal Navy, Elphick's, Burgess Hill, Sussex and Mrs. W. S. Schofield, Pullen, Biddenden, Kent. (Manila and Hongkong papers please copy.) -2282

To-day's Event

AUGUST

13 NCDN broadcast 12.45 and 9 p.m. over XMHD 760kc. 395m.

Coming Events

AUGUST

15 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.15
22 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.15
22 Cradle Bridge/mahjongg, S.I.B. 3
29 Rotary Club, Metropol Hotel, 12.15
31 Annual swimming Gala, Rowing Club

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

SS. AQUARIUS V-27-S/12

Damaged cargo ex the above vessel will be examined by Messrs. Fisher, Reeves & Murphy on Thursday, August 15th, at 9.00 a.m. at Shanghai Amusement Thread Co's Pootung Wharves.

LYKES BROS. STEAMSHIP CO., INC.
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AMERICAN PRESIDENT LINES, LTD
Agents
51 Canton Road. Telephone 15309 10722

NOTICE

The Undersigned hereby gives notice that from date he will no longer use the name of A. G. Collaco as heretofore, but will be known as and will sign Albert George Bandeira, as evidenced by document and by registration at the Portuguese Consulate General.

ALBERT GEORGE BANDEIRA

August 12, 1940. -2223

NOTICE

The Turkish Legation wishes to inform the interested persons that her offices have been transferred to 1192, Avenue Joffre. Telephone 79519. 10711

"Keep It Up, Shanghai!"

This is how the money is coming in each week to the Central British War Fund:—

July	1- 6	$76,700	£1,419
„	7-13	20,400	84
„	14-20	10,100	92
„	31-27	21,500	48
July 27 to Aug. 3		23,800	1,426

Is your subscription amongst these dollars and pounds? If not, add your name to the 2,000 who have already subscribed directly to the Fund and send your donation to Mr. G. H. Stacey, c/o Hongkong & Shanghai Bank.

THUMBS UP!

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Still another shipment of

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POSITION WANTED. Young foreigner, 24, general business experience (office work, sales and supervision of outdoor staff), knowledge of Chinese. References. Box 629, NCDN. -2233

4 INCH G.I. pipes, 200 ft. for sale, Stewarts & Lloyds manufacture. Price attractive. Address Box 1214, NCDN. 10717

PROFITABLE COMMERCIAL STATIONERY

A moment of reflection may sometimes save you money. Should you require any printing done, it is always best to consult a printing house of repute, for it will pay you in the long run—both in economy and quality. The "North-China" Printing Department will be pleased to help with your problems.

THE NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS PRINTING DEPARTMENT
17 The Bund, Shanghai
Telephone 11055, Extension 5

THE PADANG RUBBER CO., LTD.
(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances, Hongkong)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Thirtieth Annual General Meeting of Members will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 20 Canton Road, Shanghai, on Tuesday, August 20, 1940, at 11.55 a.m., to receive the Directors' Report and Statement of Accounts for the Financial Year ended April 30, 1940, to declare a Dividend, to elect a Director, to elect Auditors and to transact other ordinary business.

The Transfer Books and Share Register of the Company will be closed from August 14 to August 20, 1940, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
A. R. BURKILL & SONS, LTD.,
General Managers.
Shanghai, July 22, 1940. 10410

THE PADANG RUBBER CO., LTD.
(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an Extraordinary General Meeting of Members will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 20 Canton Road, Shanghai, on Tuesday, August 20, 1940, at 11.45 a.m., when the SPECIAL RESOLUTIONS as set out in the notice sent to Members will be submitted for approval.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
A. R. BURKILL & SONS, LTD.,
General Managers.
Shanghai, July 22, 1940. 10409

Lost, Stolen or Strayed

Those who do not advertise their losses can hardly hope to have their missing belongings returned. This is an inexpensive but efficacious publicity measure. Our Classified Columns are read by thousands daily.

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Urology and Internal Diseases
Hours: 10-1 and 4-6 or by appointment
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(corner Szechuen Road)
Tel. Office 14422; Residence 71133

Dr. J. KASSOFF, M.D.
(New York and Berlin Clinics)
Specialist in
Urology and Skin Diseases
Hamilton House, Office 218
Hours: 11-1 and 4-6 p.m. Tel. 14379
Also at 587 Bubbling Well Road
Hours: 8-10 and 6-8 p.m. Tel. 37622

A BURGLAR

who stole jewellery from a star's house in Beverly Hills before leaving mixed himself a drink at the private bar. Detectives are anxious to reconstruct his actions on the scene of the crime. But however inefficacious such procedure may prove full compensation would be paid under an adequate BURGLARY POLICY.

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Changchaikow	Nagasaki	Sydney
Dairen	Nagoya	Tientsin
Hamburg	New York	Tokyo
Hankow	Osaka	Tokyo
Harbin	Otaru	(Marunouchi)
Hongkong	Paris	Tsingtao
Honolulu	Peking	Yingkow
Hsinking	Rangoon	

G. KISHINAMI *Manager*

華僑銀行有限公司
OVERSEA-CHINESE BANKING CORPORATION, LTD.
(Incorporated in the Straits Settlements)
120 Kiukiang Road

CAPITAL:
AUTHORIZED Sts. Currency $40,000,000
PAID-UP Sts. Currency $10,000,000

Successors to
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The Chinese Commercial Bank, Ltd.
The Oversea-Chinese Bank, Ltd.
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Consulting hours: 11-1, 4-6
59 Peking Road Telephone 10734

Dr. A. LESNIK, M.D.
Specialist in
Urology and Dermatology
320 Szechuen Road, Arnhold Building
Hours: 10.30-1, 3-6 Telephone 17779
86 Bearn Apts., 475 Ave. Joffre
Hours: 8-10, 6-8. Telephone 83992

SHANGHAI DIRECTORY
July 1940

No office can function properly without the aid of the Shanghai Directory, for its pages contain easy and immediate reference to Firms, Residences, Agencies, Telephone Numbers, Events and Who's Who.

Per copy $15 *(with Map of Shanghai $18)*

Publishers:
NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS & HERALD, LTD.
17 The Bund Telephone 11055

Aquarius say:

"Rose-coloured glasses may signify deception, but a plain glass filled with

RASPBERRY
CHERRY or
STRAWBERRY
CREAM SODA

signifies perfection!"

The Aquarius Company
44 Foochow Road, Telephone 17589

C. S. S.

The 53rd monthly drawing of this Society will take place on Thursday, August 15, 1940.

There will be one Special Reimbursement of more than $46,000 and 46 each of the 1st, 2nd, 3rd and 4th Reimbursements of $2,000, $300, $200 and $100 respectively.

For the convenience of those who do not wish to make payment by instalments, the Society has introduced a new scheme under which a subscriber needs only to make a single payment to cover the full term of the bond, on which substantial deduction will be granted. Particulars will be supplied upon application.

Those who are interested in profitable savings will please subscribe at an early date.

CENTRAL SAVINGS SOCIETY
2 Tientsin Road, Shanghai Telephone 17249
(Corner of Kiangse Road) 10713

CHINA YEAR BOOK

A few copies of the China Year Book (out of print for the past few months) have been returned to us from England and America and are now on sale.

PRICE $40. *Postage: 40 cents extra in China and Japan*

PUBLISHERS:
NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS & HERALD, LTD.
17 The Bund, Shanghai

WEATHER, TIME AND TIDE

Meteorological Reports	Aug. 11 16.00	Aug. 11 21.00	Aug. 12 4.00	Aug. 12 9.00
Barometer inches	29.74	29.82	29.80	29.84
at 32 F. (variation for 24 hrs.)	+0.07	+0.10	+0.09	+0.04
at 32 F. („ „ 12 hrs.)	+0.03	+0.02	+0.06	+0.02
Wind (direction)	ESE	Var.	E	S/E
„ (miles per hour)	10.6	4.3	0.6	7.4
Temperature (Fahr.)	83.°3	74.°7	77.°0	83.°1
Humidity %	82	96	97	87
Nebulosity (0 to 10)	9	10	8	8
Rainfall inches	—	0.16	0.20	0.01

Siccawei Abridged Report Aug. 11	Mean 1940	24 hrs. variation	67 year average
Barometer (mean 4 obs.)	29.77	+0.08	29.67
Temp. Min. 76.°8 Max. 87.°4	82.°1	—4.°2	81.°7
Total rainfall January 1 to midnight before last (inches)	24.05	0.22	29.50

Time and Tide	13/8	14/8	15/8	16/8	17/8	18/8	19/8
Sun rises at Shanghai	5.17	5.18	5.19	5.19	5.20	5.20	5.21
Sun sets at Shanghai	18.39	18.38	18.37	18.36	18.35	18.34	18.33
Moon rises at Shanghai	14.57	15.48	16.35	17.18	17.57	18.34	19.09
Moon sets at Shanghai	0.52	1.45	2.40	3.35	4.31	5.25	6.19
Flood makes Shai, 6 to 18	17.44	7.05	8.18	9.07	9.42	10.15	10.45
Ebb. makes Shai, 6 to 18	10.20	12.34	13.25	14.18	14.55	15.30	16.03
H. W. W'sung Bar 6 to 18	7.53	9.21	10.20	11.02	11.37	12.07	12.54
Ht. above LLW. (feet)	6.40	7.20	8.13	9.10	—	11.65	11.60

THE WEATHER
(See top left)

State on the morning of the 11th:—Pressure rather normal and steady in China and in Japan. Variable winds with hot and thundery weather in China.

State on the morning of the 12th:—Thundery showers during the night. Cloudy and very damp weather. South-south-easterly breezes. Pressure normal and steady.—Siccawei Observatory.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Contributions received by the "North-China Daily News" will be forwarded to the societies or charities concerned, by whom acknowledgment in these columns will be made in due course.

Central British War Fund (Shanghai)
MONTHLY CONTRIBUTIONS

Franck,George M.			100
Mike and Sonny of the Tower Orchestra			50
Vitensen,Mrs.Sophie			10
Bologoff,G.K.	10	Harding,Glen.	50
H.J.P.S.	15	Whitmore,R.	40
Provac	500	Hunting,Mrs.W.	10
Jenssen,Mrs.O.	20	Kearton,W.A.	100
The Three Ducks	8	J.C.B./M.L.B.	25
Davis,G.W.	25	E.M.T.	10
Ankerson,W.A.	25	Bell's Pair	5
J.H.	100	Malcolm,John	25
Paul,Miss R.	100	Nind,Miss M.	5
Edwards,F.J.	10	M.G.J.	20
Tolmie,G.W.	50	Robjohn,Mrs.E.	20
M.M.	20	A Norwegian	50
M.W.B.	50	Tite,C.J.	200
Miskin Malayan	5	Newcomb,A.S.	300
Klopfer,N.C.	50	Raeburn,D.J.	100
Lucas,Mrs.N.G.	60	Simpson,J.D.	50
Hunter,T.	100	Handscomb,G.M.	200
Dublin Dainties	25	Whitelaw,A.	50
Massay,W.	250	M.C.40	8
Holland,A.F.T.	75	Ex H.L.I.	100
MacDonald,J.H.	25	Giles,A.M.	30

IN MEMORY OF A. J. RICHARDSON

L. Moore & Co., Ltd.	50
Anonymous	4,330
Total	$1,074,620

STERLING

Balance Brought Forward	£18,831. 4.11
Barnes,Miss E.A.	5. 0. 0
Baker,Mrs.E.C.Palmer	1. 0. 0
Chalmers,Mr/Mrs.A.	1. 0. 0
Cook,Mr/Mrs.H.J.M.	1. 0. 0
British Members of the Staff of Imperial Chemical Industries Ltd.	12. 5. 0
Johnson,L.G. 5. 0. 0	Brown,W. .1. 0. 0
Turner,M.W. 5. 0. 0	Rosser,P.M. .1. 0. 0
P.W.W. 1. 0. 0	Fletcher,C. .1. 0. 0
Knight,T.S. 5. 0. 0	G.F. 1. 0 .0
Bowden,V.G. 4. 0. 0	Anonymous 4. 7. 1
Boon,W. 1. 0. 0	
Total	£18,880.17. 0

St. Andrew's Society
IN MEMORY OF MR. A. J. RICHARDSON

L. Moore & Co., Ltd	50

Russian Emigrants' Committee
IN MEMORY OF MR. CHARLES METZLER

Dunne T.	10

I.C. Milk Fund

Reward	1	Mr Hsenki	10

POST OFFICE NOTICES
(See top right)

The following times apply to the Head Post Office Szechuen Road Bridge. Earlier posting at Sub-Offices is needed.

TUESDAY, August 13.	Reg.	Ord.
Tsingtao and Dairen	*20.00	7.15
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	19.30	20.00
Chefoo and Tientsin	19.30	20.00
Weihaiwei	19.30	20.00
Hongkong and Canton	19.30	20.00
WEDNESDAY, August 14.		
Amoy	*20.00	7.15
Swatow	x 8.30	9.00
Aust. N.Z. Indo-China and Straits	ax15.00	16.00
Hongkong and Canton	x 15.30	16.00
Aust. N.Z. Indo-China Manila Ceylon India and Euez (via Colombo)	B 17.30	19.00
Hongkong and Canton	18.30	19.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	19.30	20.00
THURSDAY, August 15.		
Japan Korea via Nagasaki	*20.00	7.15
Amoy	*20.00	8.00
Formosa via Keelung	*20.00	8.30
Aust. N.Z. Indo-China Manila and Java Ports	C 11.00	12.00
Amoy Hongkong and Canton	11.30	12.00
Nantung	14.30	15.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	19.30	20.00

* The night before
A Parcel mail (for S.S., and Gt. Britain) closes at 12.00 on 14th.
B Parcel mail (for S.S., F.M.S., Ceylon, Africa, India and other countries) closes at 16.00 on 14th.
C Parcel mail (for Netherlands India) closes at 16.00 on 14th.
X Provisional time—subject to alterations.
Z Parcel mail only.
(Next parcel mail for U.S.A. closes on August 31, 1940.)

Domestic Air Mail

Nanking per Shanghai-Nanking Air Line at 1 p.m. and 10.30 p.m. at Yuhang Road Sub-Office daily at 12.30 p.m. and 10 p.m.
Hwaining Kiukiang and Hankow per Shanghai-Hankow Air Line daily at 10 p.m.
Ningsia, Shensi, Szechuen, Yunnan Kweichow, Hupeh (Shasi and west) and west to Hongkong for the Hongkong-Chungking plane.
Peiping, Tientsin, Tsinan, Tatung, Kalgan, Shanhaikwan, Tungshan, Shihkiachwang, Changte, Kaifeng, Taiyuan and Yuncheng by the planes of the Chung Hwa Air Transport Co. daily at 9.30 p.m.
Tsingtao per Shanghai-Tsingtao-Dairen Air Line close at 10.30 p.m. on Sundays, Tuesdays and Thursdays.
Shanghai-Canton, Air Mail Service:—Temporarily suspended.

Light Train Mail

Via N.S.R. 10 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
Kiangpei offices north and west of Jukao 10 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
Via S.H.N.R. 1.30 p.m.; for Sungkiang and Hangchow 1.30 p.m. and 10.30 p.m.
North Pinghan and Lunghai Line Chenghsien and east thereof) 10 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
Wuhu, Tatung, Hwaining, Kiukiang and Hankow 10 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
Remarks: For Europe via Siberia:—Mails for Europe and U.S.S.R. via Siberia despatched per steamer via Nanking and T'sin to connect with the Trans-Siberian trains. (For time of closing, see above).

Positions Vacant

Do not enclose original testimonials when replying to advertisements. Copies answer the same purpose.

CHINESE agent with good Chinese connections, well-experienced in real estate business required. Good prospects. Apply personally. 262 Hamilton House. -2263

WANTED, educated, experienced Chinese typist with knowledge of export business. Apply stating salary. Box 1205, NCDN. -2225

BRITISH insurance company offers opportunity two British youths learn business. Reply stating age, education, qualifications. Box 1155, NCDN. 10696

OUR correspondence course of training in Elementary Practical Bookkeeping is particularly suitable for beginners. All test papers are corrected and queries answered locally. Easy payments. Text book free. British School of Accountancy, 264 Kiangse Road, Telephone 14967, Principal, J. Webster Watts (Chartered Accountant). 10767

Positions Wanted

Advertisements under this heading only are accepted at the rate of nine dollar cents per word per insertion, with a minimum charge of $1.25.

BRITON, 34, married, at present employed in British Army Offices, requires employment any capacity, no objections outports, present employment terminates on withdrawal of British troops. Excellent testimonials. Box 1206, NCDN. telephone 23007, extension 11, 8-30-1 p.m -2226

COMPETENT secretary-stenographer, available for afternoon work. Address Box 1201, NCDN. -2218

LADY (Estonian) wants position to children, housekeeper or companion. Address Box 1211, NCDN. -2242

LADY stenographer seeks immediate employment. Good references. Address Box 1208, NCDN. -2234

EXPERT accountant-auditor, long experience Far East, open for engagement immediately. Box 1190, NCDN. -2196

YOUNG mechanical engineer, seeks position, specialised in power plant equipment, cold storages and designing. Good references. Box 1120, NCDN. -2071

Miscellaneous

TYPEWRITERS: bought, sold, rented, repaired, rebuilt, Hermes-Baby Dealers, Bartlett Yung Co., 132 Kiangse. telephone 11875. -1710

DIANO for hire, new. Telephone 21544. -1741

CARPETS cleaned chemically, 12 cents per sq. foot. Rugs repaired, dyed, stored. Esso Company. Telephone 12170. 10620

ANALYSIS of metals, alloys and compositions; chemical consultation and research. Chemical plants and machinery designs. Apply to Mr. Brudastoff, Dipl. Eng. Chem., 310 Avenue du Roi Albert. Telephone 72585. -1795

Fabrics and Clothing

SHIRTS made to measure. English cellular, ½ sleeve, $18.50. Snowdrift, $22. Supertwill, $28. Razon's, 12 Central Road. 10541

LIQUIDATING at cost: English suitings, 100 per cent. wool, suitable for suits and ladies' costumes. Razon's, Central Road. 10542

BED-SHEETS, best imported qualities at bargain prices. Box 928, NCDN. -1730

LATEST lace turbans $1.60; crochet gloves $1.80; guest towels 75 cents; filet gloves 50 cents; Lace & Linen Syndicate, 114 Peking Road. 10656

TABLE-cloths, size 69 x 79 in. at sacrifice price of $7.50 each. Can be used as bed-sheets. Telephone 52651. -2093

Educational

EDUCATED Scandinavian lady (not refugee), will exchange German or Italian conversation for English with English born or American lady only. Box 1194, NCDN. -2201

FRENCH lessons, conversation and grammar, by cultured, experienced gentleman teacher at pupil's home. Speedy success. Easy method. Exceptional references. 2 Quinsan Gardens, Room 1. -459

COMPLETE commercial course, shorthand (Gregg/Pitman), typewriting, English, commercial correspondence, bookkeeping, coding, filing. Students prepared for Pitman, Gregg and London Chamber of Commerce examinations. Class or individual tuition. Moderate fees. Apply Mrs. Sweeney, Steno-Typist Academy, 173/301 Seymour Road 10459

FIGUEIREDO'S School. Dependable. Day/evening. Shorthand, typewriting. English. 54 Garden Apartments, 1173/11 Bubbling Well. 10539

Personal

"J" Am also interested. By all means do as suggested, to Box 1195, NCDN -2202

FOREIGN gentleman (not refugee), wishes to meet nice-looking Chinese lady, 19-25, of good family, speaking English-French, for exchange languages/friendship. Box 1218, NCDN. -2264

YOUNG, foreign business lady wishes meet kind-hearted middle-aged gentleman for companionship/matrimony. Box 1217, NCDN. -2260

Cameras

FOR immediate sale, Cine Kodak Eight, model 60 new F1.9, US$50. Telephone 41880 after office hours. -2240

CINE camera wanted 9.5 mm. Give full particulars Box 1170, NCDN. -2153

BARGAIN, owner leaving, Leica model II camera, $800, Leitz 13.5 cm. Telephoto lens $750 or $1,500, for both. No offers. Box 1160, NCDN. -2133

FOR SALE, Leica 3A, F2 lens with exposure meter. Perfect condition, US$105. Box 1182, NCDN. -2183

BARGAIN: Contax II, F:2 enlarger, Focomat, Rolleicord, Diamant, 131 Museum Road, Room 432. -2163

For Sale — Miscellaneous

G.E. refrigerator with transformer 6 cu. ft., excellent condition. Telephone 13262 during office hours -2247

DOUBLE bed, extra wide, with box-spring and spring mattress, $200, also single bed with spring mattress, $75 or nearest offer. Almost new. 398 Route Ferguson. -2215

TYPEWRITER Hermes Baby portable, brand new, first class condition. US$22 for quick sale. Box 1219, NCDN. -2267

IT will pay you to buy fur-coat now. We sell them cheap. 46 Route Grouchy. Telephone 73740. -2204

EIDERDOWN quilts, vacuum-cleaner (Vorax), Zeiss binocles, opera-glass, Tyrolian master violin for sale. Agents need not apply. 609 East Seward Road, House 12, 10-12 noon. -2250

BEDROOM, dining, drawing-room furniture for sale, new in May, quick sale, owner leaving. Telephone 79572. -2195

SECONDHAND furniture, carpets, etc. bargain sale/highest prices paid by Feiner's, 306 Rue Bourgeat, Telephone 73597. -2220

MONROE portable calculating machine. used. 8 x 8 x 16. A-1 condition, selling for US$150. Underwood typewriter, 10", selling for US$30. Telephone 14292. -2235

FOR SALE, English bicycle, three speed gear, excellent condition. $220. Box 1169. NCDN. -2153

FOR SALE. Fiat saloon £50. 11 piece modern dining suite £10. Refrigerator £12, also carpets, sitting room suite, radio, children's furniture and toys. No Dealers. Telephone 22501. 12-2.

CHINESE typewriter, new type, for sale. Address Box 1114, NCDN. -2065

NICK'S secondhand furniture shop. Buying selling: furniture, carpets, refrigerators, etc. Telephone 73937, 146 Route des Soeurs. House 3. -887

ANY time you will find antiquities, rare porcelain figures, nice pictures and lovely objets d'art at Benesi's, 12 Rue du Consulat, Apartment 501. -2108

TELEFUNKEN, five tubes. Blaupunkt, 8 tubes, genuine silver tea-set, crystalware, porcelain. 497 Weihaiwei Road, 5 Yang Terrace. -2108

ONE week's clearance sale of our stock in paintings, porcelain figures, groups, dainty crystalware, wooden sculptures, carpets, etc. at drastic rebates. 1310 Avenue Joffre, European Arts. -2114

UNDERWOOD typewriters, factory-rebuilt, save 60 per cent. Late models 14 inch and 16 inch carriages. Business Machine Co., 9A Central Road, telephone 14292. -2139

Motor Cars and Cycles

FOR SALE, Austin 7, 1934 model, good condition, new type, telephone 15414. Mr. Peter Nee. -2244

ALBERT Motors. Best place to buy or sell used motor-cars and trucks. 67 Avenue du Roi Albert, telephone 71230. -2262

FOR SALE: Vauxhall 1933 sedan, recently reduced, engine in very good condition, mileage 40,000. Price US$210. Address Box 1213, NCDN. -2251

FOR SALE, 1940 Nash with radio and extras, not over 3,000 miles at US$1,320. Telephone 12871, Mr. Wong. 12 to 2.30 p.m. -2269

BUICK 1937, two-door, five passenger sedan, radio, heater, yellow lamp, etc. US$850, Mr. Shih, telephone 19289. -2249

FORD, five-ton truck, 1938 model in perfect condition, tyres like new, factory closed. US$460. No bargain. Box 1212, NCDN. -2245

AUSTIN Seven, 1934 coach; Baby Ford 1934 4-door sedan; Standard 1935 coach and many other cars in Al shape on sale. 12 North Szechuen Road, telephone 46321. -2259

FORD V8 1935 de luxe convertible cabriolet, owner-driven since new, leather upholstery, perfect motor. Telephone 84869, from 9-11 a.m. -2231

WANTED, secondhand small or medium-sized closed car. Good condition, reasonable price. State make, year and mileage. Box 1204, NCDN.

CITOREN, two-seater. Very economical, will be sold at $1,450. Telephone 73740. -2208

1932 Ford V8 saloon. Excellent running condition, fitted new type manifold and carburetor. Good tyres. Officer leaving. $3,500. Box 1203, NCDN. -2221

IMMEDIATE sale: Morris 1932 sedan, four-door, leather upholstery, economical, perfect condition, $2,000. No dealers. Telephone 62897. 10715

BRAND-NEW, 1940 Buick Super 51. Never used. Heater. Seat covers. Sacrifice: US$1,550. No offers. No dealers. Telephone 78883 p.m. -2002

1932 Ford V8 two-door sedan, US$260. Telephone 33072. -2147

WHIPPET mechanically excellent, serviced Frasers, Shell lubritorium, five good tyres. Insured January 1941. Officer leaving. US$80. Box 1172. NCDN. -2155

FOR SALE, 1939 Studebaker Champion US$925 or nearest offer, used three months. Inquire Mr. Wong, telephone 84499. -2008

FORD coupe four-cylinder, good mechanical condition, economical. Owner leaving. 802 Rue Ratard, entrance King Terrace. Mealtimes. -2015

IF you wish to buy, sell, exchange or service motor cars you cannot possibly lose by obtaining a proposition from Bills Motors, authorized Ford, Mercury and Lincoln-Zephyr Dealers. Thousands have been satisfied. Telephone 74400. 10538

FOR SALE, 1932 Hudson sedan, 1932 Morris sedan, 1932 Citroen Victoria, 1934 Terraplane sedan. Pacific Motors, 863 Avenue Foch, telephone 74500. -2198

LINCOLN Zephyr 1936 model 4-door sedan, in excellent condition, good paint, tyres, upholstery, motor. Price including radio US$800. Please reply Box 1084, NCDN. 10664

UNUSUAL bargain, Packard 1933 club sedan, 127 wheelbase, in perfect condition, run actually only 10,600 miles (car has been in storage). Price US$450. No brokers. Reply Box 1083, NCDN. 10664

Radios

SPECIAL offer. Superb RCA 6-tube 1940 allwave radio with RCA record player. US$47.50 Radio Corporation of Asia, 361 Avenue Foch -2226

DEPENDABLE radio service. All makes radios. RCA equipped. Foreign engineers. Radio Corporation of Asia. Telephone 87777. -2227

HIRE, sale and reliable repairs, every kind of radio. Universal Radio Co., 232 Nanking Road, Telephone 19223-74646. 10535

RECORD Super models 1940: Six American tubes, American loudspeaker, US$12.50. Flawless reception of Europe guaranteed. Demonstration without obligation. Repairs by European expert. Radio Record, 8 Chusan Road. Telephone 51262; 1916 Avenue Joffre. Telephone 73109. -1998

TELEPHONE 71276 for radio sales, service, European workmanship. Brunswick Show Room, 1222 Avenue Joffre. -1574

Wanted to Purchase

GOLF clubs: complete set Michael Bingham irons and /or woods. Telephone 62655, 1-4. -2209

ADVERTISER buys men's, ladies', children's used garments, shoes, underwear, wallets, trunks, bedding, napery, household implements of every description, carpets, everything of any use, even in damaged condition. Box 418, NCDN. -1972

Wanted to Rent

WANTED, three or four-roomed furnished apartment in Settlement or Concession, preferably latter. Reply to Box 1210, NCDN. -2241

WANTED to Rent: Furnished room in foreign home, British or American preferred, by foreign educated Chinese having excellent knowledge of English. Reply, stating price, to Box 1189, NCDN. 10723

BUSINESS-woman wants room with board in English or American home. Terms reasonable. Box 1191, NCDN. -2198

FURNISHED house or flat required immediately by responsible British couple, one child, for four or six months. Address Box 1216, NCDN. 10719

WANTED by British couple: 5/6 roomed house, small garden, garage, for immediate occupation. Furnished or unfurnished. Reply to Box 1202, NCDN. -2219

WANTED, three or four-roomed apartment, preferably unfurnished, for immediate occupation, Settlement. British family. Address Box 1176, NCDN. -2172

HOUSE with courtyard suitable for living and small factory wanted immediately. Box 1180, NCDN. -2178

WANTED about September first, by American couple, four-room apartment, furnished/unfurnished, Settlement/Concession. Reply Arnold 70395. -2065

FURNISHED room, full board, required by foreign lady with child of 8. Telephone 71074 morning before 10. 10704

WANTED, by quiet, married couple, two-roomed flat with modern conveniences. Apply with full particulars to Box 1188, NCDN. 10703

WANTED, one-roomed apartment, Settlement or Concession. Furnished or unfurnished, for immediate occupation. Reply Box 1168, NCDN. -2152

EDUCATED, Christian Chinese lady, desires fully-furnished room (linen, etc.) with private bath. Vicinity Petain/Ghisi. Apply Box 1183, NCDN. -2164

WANTED 4-6 room house or flat with garden if possible. Concession or Settlement. Rent for one year will be paid in advance. Box 1119, NCDN. -2070

Chinese Servants

WANTED, an experienced cook-boy. Must be a good cook and be well-recommended. Apply personally. 435 Avenue Haig, Apartment 4G. -2261

EXPERIENCED cook-boy, wife as amah. Best recommended. Apply 293 Hart Road. -2197

GOOD cook and house-boy, brothers, recommended by British family. Address Box 1196, NCDN -2211

72782, 46048. General Employment Agency. Reliable cooks, boys, amahs, chauffeurs, office boys, clerks 1272 Avenue Joffre. -2232

WANTED after September 1, baby amah, British or American recommendation. Telephone 30859. 10726

ENGLISH family require good cook with references. Box 1200, NCDN. -2217

EXCELLENT cook-boy, hardworking and honest, recommended by English/American families. Box 1215, NCDN. -2255

WANTED immediately, No. 1 boy, cook and coolie. Must be able to furnish references. Box 1179, NCDN. -2177

WANTED hardworking coolie, clean, honest, speaking English. Telephone 73784 from 9 to 12 noon only. 10679

HONEST, hardworking cook-boy, wife wash-amah, both excellent servants. Telephone 72240. -2157

EXCELLENT cook-boy seeks position, highly recommended, speaks good English. Clean and honest. Address Box 1150, NCDN. -2120

YOUNG cook-boy, good experience, for bachelor only. Box 1164